"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Probably showers Thursday; Friday, fair; light to moderate variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,941. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUGUST 29, 1912.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

BOOTH'S FUNERAL ATTENDED BY 34,000

Representatives of King and Many Public Bodies at Service in Olympia, London.

A HIGH PITCH OF EMOTION

Dozens of Penitents Force Way to "Mercy Seat"—General's Body to be Buried at Abney Park To-day.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—It is estimated that 34,000 persons gathered in Olympia to-night to take part in the memorial services for the late Gen. Booth.

The scenes in the vast building were emotional to an extraordinary degree. It was probably the greatest funeral service the world has known.

It was not a service of sorrow. There was no black, no sombre color. The playing of the dead march in "Saul" and the coffin, escorted by the oldest soldiers of the Army which Gen. Booth founded, were the only indications of death.

The chief impression conveyed by the proceedings was that of triumphant though solemn rejoicing for the life of a great religious leader.

Throughout the passage of the funeral procession, which occupied twenty minutes in passing up the arena, massed bands played and replayed the dead march. Then followed a long, emotional service, after which every Salvationist was invited to make a fresh consecration of his life, and penitents were exhorted to come to the Mercy Seat.

Finally a hymn of triumph, with bands blaring and tens of thousands of voices singing, closed the ceremony, which, though inartistic in details, was yet deeply impressive in its vast and strange appeal.

Body in a Plain Pine Coffin.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—At the funeral service over the body of the founder of the Salvation Army, Gen. William Booth, held in Olympia to-night, nearly half of the thousands who took part wore blue coats and red jerseys or bonnets with red ribbon so familiar in the streets of cities throughout the world.

The body of the General, in a plain pine coffin, rested high upon a white catafalque in front of the big platform across the end of the hall, where all the chief officers of the organization were seated, and where forty bands were massed. The crimson flag of the army "of fire and blood," which the late General unfurled on Mount Calvary, was above the coffin. A bank of flowers, composed of tributes sent by royalties and many societies, was behind it. Flags of various nations in which the Commander in Chief had waged campaigns, and the standards of the older divisions of the army, were arryed in front of the platform.

These and more Salvation Army flags in the galleries, each tipped with white ribbon, and twenty portraits of the great evangelist, surmounted with green laurel wreaths, with broad orange ribbons connecting them, were the only decorative effects.

While the front rows of chairs before the coffin were filled with representatives of various bodies—an equerry from the King, several Mayors in their robes and chains of office, a delegation from the Stock Exchange, ministers and clergymen of all the Protestant churches, and Jewish rabbis—and, while many notable personages were seated in the hall, the rank and file of the great gathering were composed of the plain people for whom the army works and by whom it is composed.

The service itself was not only a memorial, but a mammoth meeting of prayer and praise. No other congregation comparable with it was ever seen in London, if in the world, save at the funeral of the General's wife, held in the same hall twenty-two years ago.

Procession Escorts the Coffin.

The most solemn moments of the long ceremony were when the coffin was borne along the middle of the hall to the music of the Dead March in "Saul." A small procession, representing many branches of the army's activity, made up of men and women, and a detachment of officers from the foreign branches carrying the flags of their respective countries, preceded it. Immediately before the body a brigadier bore aloft the crimson flag which the General raised at Jerusalem, and under which he died at Hadley Wood. Following it marched officers from Sweden, Germany, the United States, Switzerland, Canada, France, Denmark, Norway, India, and Australia.

Then came the new General, Bramwell Booth, with his wife, each wearing the uniform of a commissioner; Mrs. Booth-Helberg, and the grandchildren of the late General—Adjutant Catherine Booth, Capt. Mary Booth, Capt. Miriam Booth, Cadent Sergt. Bernard Booth, and Cadet M. Booth-Tucker.

The coffin was covered with a flag, and on it rested the General's Bible and cap. The slow progress along the middle aisle occupied more than ten minutes, during which time the immense audience remained standing, and all the Salvation Army soldiers were at the salute.

The vastness of Olympia made it impossible to conduct the service by word of mouth. More than half of its thirty-three numbers, however, were familiar Salvation Army songs, which the many thousand voiced chorus sang with a mighty volume of sound and with militant earnestness.

Every seat on the floor and in the galleries was occupied. Several thousand persons were banked around the outskirts of the hall, half of whom could not see over the shoulders of those in front, but could hear and take part in the service.

The bands began with the well known revival hymn, "The Better World." Then the ocean of voices took up the strains of "There is a better world, they say, oh, so bright," and sang three stanzas of the hymn, with nothing of the accompaniment heard save the booming of the big drums.

When the echoes of the last bars had died away a placard bearing the figure "3" was elevated, and all bowed their heads in silent prayer.

Then the band played the "Dead March," and all the thousands rose and turned toward the far entrance, where appeared a cluster of white-tipped flags. Amid reverent silence the white catafalque was wheeled along the aisle to a position in front of the platform, where its escort broke to the right and left and mounted the steps. Bramwell Booth, immediately after he reached his chair, dropped to his knees and buried his face in his hands. The assembly then sang, to the tune of "Belmont," "Dear Saviour, I Can Ne'er Repay the Debt of Love I Owe."

Service of Prayer and Song.

Commissioner Lawley, the late General's right-hand man, who accompanied him on all his travels for twenty-two years, offered a brief extemporaneous prayer.

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NOT A HISTORIC FIND.

"Marie Antoinette's Execution Order" from America Not Genuine.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The publication in this morning's Excelsior of a photographic reproduction of the supposed original order for Marie Antoinette's execution, which is in the possession of an American, has led to the discovery that the document is not authentic.

The document, which is apparently signed by Fouquier-Tinville, is in excellent condition, and bears the stamp and docket number of the French national archives. It was found in Washington by a tailor in a trunk which belonged to his brother-in-law, Armand Laag, a native of Villefranche, who emigrated to America in 1873. This document is said to have been handed to Laag by a son of Henri Samson, the executioner in the Reign of Terror, who on Oct. 16, 1793, guillotined the "widow Capet."

This evening, however, the Temps states that no later than this morning one of its representatives saw the original execution order reposing in a glass case in the Paris archives beside the letter from Charlotte Corday to her father asking his forgiveness for the assassination of Marat.

The Temps suggests that the Washington document is a copy of the original or, perhaps, a photograph.

SPRINGS AND WIFE SEPARATE

Cotton Operator Gives Notice Limiting His Responsibility for Debts.

The continued absence of Richard Austin Springs, one of the largest cotton operators in the East, from his apartments in the Hotel Seville, led to reports about the hotel that he and Mrs. Springs had separated. It was said last night at the hotel desk that Mr. Springs had not been about the hotel for more than a fortnight. When Mr. Springs was called on the telephone from outside, the girl on the telephone switchboard answered:

"Mr. Springs isn't here any more, but Mrs. Springs is."

Mr. Springs has law offices at 41 Park Row and is head of the cotton brokerage firm of Springs & Co., at 36 Cotton Exchange. He was recently elected a member of the Chicago Cotton Exchange.

Mr. and Mrs. Springs have no children. Mrs. Springs, who is about 35 years old, is noticeably her husband's junior. They have been married about seven years.

The law firm of O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall sent to THE NEW YORK TIMES last night this advertisement:

Notice is hereby given that I am not responsible for any debts which have been or which may hereafter be contracted by any one other than myself.

RICHARD AUSTIN SPRINGS.

This notice, which did not mention Mrs. Springs, was read to her last night over the telephone. She replied:

"I have nothing to say at this time."

Mrs. Springs declined to reveal her husband's whereabouts or to state whether or not she had retained an attorney.

A representative of the management of the hotel said that Mr. Springs had rented his apartment by the year and that bills had been mailed to his office monthly and had been met promptly by check. His lease of the apartment has some time to run, the hotel representative said last night.

GIRL GOT BURGLAR'S SHOE.

And Police Got Him Later Because He Fled Without It.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Aug. 28.—Constance Wilson, the sixteen-year-old daughter of William Wilson of Harrison Street, awoke at 3 o'clock yesterday morning from a restless sleep to find herself choking. The room seemed filled with chloroform. She wondered vaguely where it came from. A man seemed to be bending over her and holding a drenched handkerchief to her nose. She wondered vaguely who it was. Then her head cleared suddenly, and with a shriek that echoed through the house she was on her feet and pursuing the man around the foot of the bed. As he made a dart for the door, she gave one jump, caught one of his feet in her hands and held on for dear life. The burglar wriggled, wrenched, and was gone, but Constance had never let go of his shoe.

During the next few hours the detective force of New Rochelle scoured highways and byways for a man with a missing shoe. Finally they found one in the person of Louis Klein, a youth employed by a local newsdealer. He confessed to the police that he had been in the Wilson home and in the home of John C. Moore of Davis Avenue.

About an hour before Constance's shriek aroused the Wilson household Mr. Moore was awakened by a noise in his dining room, which he investigated in time to frighten the visitor into a flying leap, screen and all, through the window.

HOLD WOMAN FOR FORGERY.

Cora Pelham Accused by Capt. Metcalfe, Who Employed Her as Secretary

Cora A. Pelham was just entering her home at 109 West Ninetieth Street last evening, when Detective Barron tapped her on the shoulder, told her she was under arrest, and took her to the East Fifty-first Street Station. The charge against Miss Pelham, who is 38 years old, was forgery, and was made by Capt. Henry Metcalfe, a retired army officer of Cold Spring, N. Y., who has a real estate office at 147 Fourth Avenue, and who formerly employed the woman as his private secretary.

Capt. Metcalfe's story goes back to the evening of Dec. 10 last, when he dropped into the Century Club just in time to find the clerk about to send $25 to the Grand Union Hotel by a messenger boy, who had brought a note asking for that sum and signed with the Captain's name. The Captain pronounced it a forgery, and was sure he knew the handwriting. Detectives went to the hotel, but the sender of the note had disappeared. Months passed, and Capt. Metcalfe finally complained to Police Headquarters, and the arrest was made.

The Captain has been surprised several times in the last six months by bills from department stores for goods bought in his name without his knowledge.

FOR THAT TIRED FEELING due to Summer heat, mental overwork, or insomnia, take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. A refreshing, invigorating tonic.—Adv.

PRESIDENT RECALLS MOVE ON NICARAGUA

Decides on Train Not to Send Tenth Infantry, Now Stationed in Panama.

THINKS THE MARINES WILL DO

Will Have Sufficient Force in Managua by Next Week, He Says, to Protect Americans.

ON BOARD PRESIDENT TAFT'S TRAIN, ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 28.—President Taft to-night rescinded his twelve-hour-old order directing the immediate dispatch from Panama to Nicaragua of the Tenth Infantry.

From his private car in the Rochester yards the President wired to the Acting Secretary of War instructions to recall the order. A sufficient force of marines, the President said to-night, would be in Managua, the Nicaraguan capital, and Corinto, its principal seaport, early next week to insure the safety of American lives and property.

The President's action came at the close of a day spent largely in considering telegrams from State, War, and Navy Department heads in Washington. The President expressed to-night to friends on his car the belief that there would be more than 2,000 United States marines on Nicaraguan soil by Tuesday. A long telegram to-night from the Commander of the United States gunboat Denver, now in Nicaraguan waters, said that the insurgent leaders had given assurances that they would open the lines of communication from Corinto to Managua. The Nicaraguan Government itself asked for assistance from the United States, and it stands ready to aid in opening the railway line to the coast from the capital.

The message to the President said that the rebels possessed five locomotives and the Government five. All ten of these may be put at the disposal of the United States if necessary. The recall of the order for the dispatch of the Tenth Infantry followed the receipt of this telegram from the Denver.

The President did not conceal his anxiety to-night over conditions in the Central American Republic. In Managua, Corinto, and other towns the situation is not now specially dangerous to Americans, but in other parts of the country pillaging of all sorts has been going on.

The people of Nicaragua, the President has been informed, are suffering untold horrors, and Americans are suffering in many instances with them.

To friends to-night Mr. Taft declared that if the Senate had agreed to the proposed treaty with Nicaragua, which he advocated on his long trip last Autumn, the misery existing to-day would never have arisen. Under that treaty the United States, he said, would have administered the customs of Nicaragua, and since the customs are almost the only source of national revenue, there would have been little to attract a revolutionist, who would not care to tackle the United States.

In the course of the day the President received several long telegrams from Acting Secretary of State Huntington Wilson in Washington. His order to the Tenth Infantry to advance on Nacaragua was issued in Beverly just before he started for Columbus, Ohio, where he will speak to-morrow. Messages from Mr. Wilson were received at Albany and at other points east of Rochester, and telegrams from the Navy Department also kept coming to Mr. Taft's private car.

Neither the State nor the Navy Department wished to see United States troops sent into Nicaragua. The custom in similar cases has been to land marines. The President said to-day that, while the sending of a regiment of infantry would not be an act of war, he would prefer to use marines if an available force could be found quickly. His telegrams to Washington evidently were fruitful, for he was of the opinion to-night that the navy had found enough marines to look after every American in Nicaragua and all American property that might be endangered. If he finds the situation critical later, he will not hesitate to use the army, but he is hopeful that the insurgent and Government leaders will see the futility of trying to make it uncomfortable for American citizens.

MARINES PATROL CORINTO.

Defy Rebels and Force Their Way Into the Interior.

CORINTO, Nicaragua, Tuesday, Aug. 27.—Commander Werren J. Terhune and a force of two hundred American sailors and marines from the gunboat Annapolis and the collier Justin, now lying in Corinto Harbor, to-day succeeded in forcing their way through territory controlled by the revolutionaries to Leon, the town midway between the Pacific Coast and Lake Managua, where the Liberals rose in arms Aug. 19, and at night massacred the sleeping soldiers of the garrison.

The American force found the Liberals hostile to their advance, and it became necessary for Commander Terhune to threaten to attack Leon before the insurgents would allow the train bearing the American detachment to enter the town. Rioting had subsided, and the Americans found the city resuming its normal appearance.

After conferring with the Liberal leaders, Commander Terhune withdrew his force from the city, 100 marines proceeding to Managua, the capital, and the remainder of the detachment returning to Corinto.

Corinto has been designated as a place of refuge for the foreigners residing in the surrounding country. An armed force, landed from the gunboat Annapolis, is constantly patrolling the streets, and a number of six-pound guns have been taken from the warship and mounted on flat cars for the defense of the city.

The United States gunboat Denver, with reinforcements of marines and blue-jackets, numbering about 350, has arrived here. The cruiser California, with a further detachment of marines, is expected to reach this port to-morrow.

The revolutionaries control Chinandega, a city with a population of about 12,000, and the capital of a department of the same name, and it is one of the chief desires of the rebels to capture Corinto, which is Chinandega's port and with which it is connected by rail.

All attempts of the insurgents to capture this seaport so far have been prevented by the armed force from the Annapolis, the officers of which are determined to protect the lives of the women residents.

Managua is the only large city in the northern department with the exception of Corinto, to remain under the control of the Government forces. Advices reaching here from the capital say that all is quiet there.

AMERICANS CRY FOR HELP.

Appeal Contains News of the Killing of a German.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Grave concern over the situation in Nicaragua was expressed at the State Department to-day following the ordering of the Tenth In-

Continued on Page 3.

SENSATIONS IN THE NEWEST GOWNS SHOWN IN PARIS

Anne Rittenhouse, who is now in Paris to tell Times readers the edicts of the great creators in dress for the coming season, will have an interesting article in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

CHUMS GOING WEST TO WED SAME GIRL

Neither Knew That the Other Was Wooing Her Till Both Were Engaged.

HER NAME ON AN EGGSHELL

Each Confident of Holding Her to Her Word—Loser to be Best Man.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Aug. 28.—Theodore Sidore, 24 years old, of Baldwin Street, Fairview, and George Zile, 25 years old, of 512 Smith Street, Union Hill, who are chums, are making preparations to go West to marry the same girl. Each has proposed by mail and each has been accepted. Neither one believes the other will be successful. They have conducted a courtship by mail for six months without knowing that the young woman stood in danger of becoming a bigamist. They have been inseparable comrades for years, and even now are on the best of terms. It was agreed that they would start for the girl's home together and put it up to her as to which is which. She lives in Topeka, Kan., but her name they refuse to disclose. Each suitor has a photograph, kept and treasured above all things.

This romance began several months ago when Zile was eating eggs for breakfast one morning. The shell of one had a name and address upon it, and he copied it before breaking it open. He said nothing to his chum at the time, believing that such matters should be kept private. Not more than a couple of weeks later Sidore was eating the same sort of breakfast food and there was an address upon one of the shells. Like his chum's it had been written with an indelible ink, and, although nearly washed off, it was easily decipherable. Sidore wrote a letter and said nothing to Zile.

By means of the mails the two courtships progressed until the girl suggested exchanging photographs. Both Sidore and Zile agreed and their photographs went West without delay. In fact, from the notes that they have recently compared it is probable that the likenesses reached the young lady on the same day. She immediately sent her picture to both young men.

Both were charmed with it. It was a case of "you for me and me for you" with both of them. In fact, both were so badly smitten that their friends began to notice a change. Finally two proposals were sent westward, and these two proposals brought forth letters of acceptance.

One evening while the two were together Zile chanced to ask his friend what was troubling him.

"Seems as though you might be lovesick," he ventured, "from the manner in which you have been acting for the past few months."

"Don't think I've got anything on you," retorted Sidore. "In fact, you've been going around like a sick pig so long that it's changed your face."

"I think I'll take a trip out West as soon as I can get off," said Zile. "I just don't feel right, that's all."

"West!" almost shouted Sidore. "Why, I've been thinking about that myself. Now, on the level, there's a girl out there, isn't there?"

"Yep," asserted the other. "Found her address on an egg. Got her picture, too. She lives in Topeka, Kan."

"What!" yelled Sidore. "Topeka, the address on an egg. Why, the same thing happened to me. I've got a photograph from her, too."

"None the same one," confidently assured Zile. "Couldn't be. This one has already said 'Yes' to me."

Sidore went after his photograph. He showed it to Zile and the latter almost fainted. The picture he had produced was the same as his. The name and address of the original were identical, too.

Then the chums talked things over. They are too good friends to quarrel and realized that one or the other must lose. They agreed to wait until both can get off for a leave of absence and put the whole matter in the hands of the girl. The loser is going to be the best man, it is so decided. The only thing feared is that the lady may have a few more mail fiancés on hand and that one of them will get there first.

EATS 9 POUNDS OF STEAK.

Alderman Dotzler Also Consumes 19 Rolls and 11 Coffees in Contest.

Alderman Frank J. Dotzler won a beefsteak-eating contest at Witzel's Grove, College Point, yesterday, by devouring nine and a quarter pounds of steak and nineteen rolls, washed down with eleven cups of coffee, according to spectators who said they saw the feat.

The occasion was an outing of Sam S. Koenig's Sixth Assembly District Republican organization to the grove. The organization, which is known as the Federal Club, because its members either hold Federal appointments or hope to get them, embarked on the steamer Isabel, 1,700 strong. According to the "wireless" correspondent, the beefsteak-eating contest, in which sixteen men were entered, was supervised by Coroners Winterbottom and Hellenstein and Coroner's Physician Timothy P. Lehane.

Only four men of the valiant sixteen remained to finish the contest. These were Jack Probst, the Alderman, 246 East Third Street, weight, 340 pounds, who ate 7¼ pounds of steak and 11 rolls, with 10 cups of coffee; Frank Dostal, Mayor of Avenue B, weight 280 pounds, who ate 5½ pounds of steak, 12 rolls, washed down with 10 coffees, and Frank Wilson, 290 pounds, with a record of 4½ pounds of steak, 14 rolls, and 7 coffees.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED.

S. S. France, at Havre, Aug. 28.

ROOSEVELT LIKENS PENROSE TO POLICE

On Senator's Own Testimony He Could "Have Him Thrown Out of Senate."

IS LOADING HIS BROADSIDE

It Will Be In a Letter to Senator Clapp and Will Be Fired Sunday—To "Beat Taft Worse Than Before."

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., Aug. 28.—Col. Roosevelt made another attack on Senator Penrose to-day, comparing his testimony before the Senate Committee with the conditions disclosed in the New York Police Department.

"On his own testimony I could have Senator Penrose thrown out of the Senate," said he, and this he had pointed out in a letter he was just sending to Senator Clapp, Chairman of the Senate Committee.

The Colonel read an extract of the testimony of Senator Penrose to the effect that the Pennsylvania Senator had advised John D. Archbold of the Standard Oil to make the second contribution of $130,000. This, he said, was to his mind an offer of immunity from the Government in return for a contribution, and that in many ways it was "like the sale of police protection in New York City."

Col. Roosevelt announced to-night that the letter to Senator Clapp in which he would tell his side of the controversy over Standard Oil Company contributions to the 1904 campaign would be made public on Sunday. In it he would go into some detail to show the relations of Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania with the Standard Oil and Archbold's effort to influence the Administration. Archbold and Penrose, he said, had endeavored to "put him out of the running," but had missed fire. He was sincerely grateful to them.

"I have always been reluctant to summon my private secretary into any controversy," said the Colonel, going back to Mr. Loeb's recent visit. "In the Harriman business, for instance, the published letters so completely prove the truth of my assertions that no honest or intelligent man can question them. But when it was announced in the papers that my opponents intended to summon Mr. Loeb to testify, evidently under the belief that he could get at something that was hidden, and when Mr. Loeb came out here to ask whether I were willing for him to testify, I decided that the time had come to have him tell everything he knew.

"In particular, as the Senate committee has heard hearsay statements from Mr. Odell and Mr. Archbold about the Harriman matter, I intend that they shall have the first-hand testimony of a man who was present and who heard the conversation.

"Mr. Loeb was not only my private secretary, but he was an intimate friend and adviser. He was cognizant of everything that went on during the 1904 campaign. He was present habitually at most of the interviews that I had with different men, though, of course, there were plenty at which he was not present.

"I may add that until on his own initiative Mr. Loeb came out to see me the other day, I had not seen him nor communicated with him for six months, for I knew he was for Mr. Taft, and expected him to be for Mr. Taft, as he was holding his commission.

"But when the attack was made upon me by Messrs. Archbold and Penrose, Mr. Loeb felt that it was his duty to come out and see me.

"By the way, the prime trouble with Messrs. Archbold, Penrose and their backers and allies is that they judge others by themselves. They can't help thinking that somehow or other they will find a joint in my armor. They won't because of the simple fact that it isn't there to find. There is nothing that they can find out to my discredit, for the excellent reason that there isn't anything discreditable to find out.

"I am delighted to have anything I have ever said or done in connection with any public matter given the widest publicity. And moreover, the things I have done in the past measure exactly what I shall do in the future."

The Colonel read a report to-day that his supporters on the Republican ticket in Pennsylvania as candidates for Electors would be withdrawn on condition that no State ticket be placed in the field by Senator Penrose. Statements of this kind were proof to him, he said, that the supporters of President Taft really did not think they had a chance to win.

"I know nothing about the State ticket matter in Pennsylvania," said he, "but it will be recalled that after the Progressive Convention at Chicago, I made public the statement that I had insisted in Pennsylvania under the peculiarities of the Pennsylvania election laws it was necessary that the Roosevelt Electors should go on a second ticket—the Washington ticket.

"We will beat Mr. Taft in Pennsylvania a good deal worse than we beat him in the primaries, and personally I am convinced that we shall carry Pennsylvania without difficulty for the Progressive ticket. There, as everywhere else, the fight is between Mr. Wilson and myself. The Taft supporters, as shown by the action of Messrs. Penrose and Archbold, have not the slightest ilea of electing Mr. Taft. Moreover, they care little about it. Their aim is to beat me, and beat the forces behind me, because they stand for privilege and against the people; and they care little whether they elect Mr. Wilson or Mr. Taft or any one else if only they can beat the Progressive Party and prevent the people from really taking charge of their own Government."

Col. Roosevelt is going to make a hard fight to put the Progressive ticket in the lead in Vermont. He left Sagamore Hill to-night, with three days of campaigning ahead of him.

"I know Vermont is a State which President Taft looks upon as safe ground," said the Colonel, "but the fight is by no means over, let me tell you that.

"I have heard that many of the Republicans are saying that they will support Wilson anyway, in order to beat me. How much truth there is in these reports I don't know, and I don't think any one does. I do not want to appear as a prophet, but I am going to make my fight as hard as I know how."

Col. Roosevelt expects that the campaign by Gov. Johnson of California, his running mate on the Progressive ticket, will also have a telling effect in Vermont.

BUSY ON FUND INQUIRY.

Senator Pomerene Receiving Much Data on Disputed Oil Contribution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—While on the surface there is less to arouse interest in the investigation of campaign funds involving questions of veracity between Theodore Roosevelt, Senator Penrose and John D. Archbold, a good deal is being

Continued on Page 5.

COLONEL AND CLAPP CONFER.

Discuss Roosevelt's Letter in Answer to Charges by Penrose and Archbold.

Before boarding the 12:25 train for Bennington, Vt., at the Grand Central Station this morning, Col. Roosevelt told reporters that he had been in consultation all evening with Senator Clapp of Minnesota, the Chairman of the Senatorial Committee which is investigating the sources of campaign contributions to Col. Roosevelt's fund in 1904.

The Colonel explained that he had reviewed with Senator Clapp the subject matter of a letter which he is preparing in answer to the charges made against him by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania, and John D. Archbold. The letter, which will be addressed to Senator Clapp, will be made public Sunday, Mr. Roosevelt explained.

The conference between the Minnesota Senator and the Bull Moose chieftain was held at the Harvard Club, where the Colonel remained throughout the evening, leaving in time to catch his train for Vermont.

PANAMA DEFIANT TO US.

President Refuses to Remove a Police Captain on Our Demand.

PANAMA, Aug. 28.—The American Minister, H. Percival Dodge, has requested the removal of Chief of Police Quijano and Police Capt. Dalaossa.

The Chief of Police has presented his resignation and is leaving the country under an assumed name.

President Arosemena refuses to remove Capt. Dalaossa, and Mr. Dodge has delayed his projected trip to the United States until his demand is complied with.

BIG MUTINY NEAR PEKING.

Eight Thousand Troops Seize Road to Capital and Loot Villages.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 29.—The Chinese Government is endeavoring to hush up the mutiny of 8,000 troops at Tung-Chow, twenty miles east of Peking, according to a dispatch from Peking to The Daily Telegraph, and the authorities have taken military precautions to protect all the roads leading to the capital.

The mutineers, the dispatch adds, have defied the imperial troops sent against them. They have seized the road leading from Tung-Chow to Peking and are looting the adjacent villages.

A telegram from Tien-Tsin says that Dr. Sun Yat-Sen proposed yesterday that China borrow nothing from the six-power group of bankers. The ex-Provisional President was present at a meeting of Chinese Ministers at Peking, which was also attended by President Yuan Shi-Kai. He declared it possible for China to obtain funds from other sources without vexatious conditions.

SUBWAY TEAMSTERS STRIKE.

Lexington Avenue Work May Be Held Up—1,000 Men Quit.

Work upon the section of the Lexington Avenue subway between Fifty-seventh and 125th Streets may have to be suspended as a result of a strike called yesterday by the International Brotherhood of Teamsters against the Frank Bradley Contracting Company. This firm has the contract for the construction of this section of the new underground railway and difficulty is expected by the superintendents in continuing operations in the face of the strike. Men cannot be kept at work excavating, it is explained, unless the soil, gravel and rock are promptly removed and the tunnel kept clear. This will be impossible without teamsters to cart away the debris.

The strike also affects a number of other contracting companies, including the Standard Sand Company, the Gresson Sand and Delivery Company, the Degnon Sand and Contracting Company, Canavan Brothers, the T. E. Crimmins Contracting Company, Cunningham & Kearns and Charles A. Smith.

In all, about one thousand drivers have quit work under the strike order. The teamsters demand a ten-hour day, no Sunday work, and a wage scale of $2.60 for two-horse trucks and $3 for three-horse trucks.

PREPARES TO WED AT 108.

Negro Married Same Woman Fifty-eight Years Ago.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Aug. 28.—Among those who applied to Charles S. Gall, Registrar of Vital Statistics, for a marriage license yesterday, was Timothy Griffin, a negro, who gave his age as 108 years. He is to marry Lucy Blackwell, with whom he was a slave on a plantation in Ashley County, Virginia, fifty-eight years ago. They married, according to a custom among slaves, by jumping over a broomstick and declaring they were man and wife. They raised nine children, and now intend to make their marriage legal.

Griffin was born in Ashley County, and his father took his name, Samuel Griffin, after the master of the estate. For twelve years they have lived in this city.

WAIT WORD ON SUNDAY MAIL.

No Deliveries Here Unless an Order Comes from Hitchcock.

Despite the statement of Postmaster General Hitchcock, published in yesterday's TIMES, that lockbox, hotel, and newspaper mail would be delivered on Sundays, under a liberal construction of the rule in the Mann rider to the appropriation bill against postal deliveries in first and second class offices on Sundays, no order for such deliveries was received at the New York Post Office yesterday.

Assistant Postmaster Murphy, in the absence of Postmaster Morgan, said that unless such instructions were received before Sunday from Washington the main and branch Post Offices in this city would deliver no mail except special-delivery matter. This would cut off lockbox mail and mail for newspapers and hotel guests. If such an order was to be sent, Mr. Murphy said, he might hear of it to-day or, at any rate, in time to notify branch offices through official channels by Sunday.

WILL BE RUN BY COMMISSION.

New Orleans Votes 10 to 1 to Adopt New Form of Government.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 28.—A commission form of government, including the right of initiative and referendum was adopted at the special election here to-day, 23,900 for and 2,119 against.

Both regulars and reformers voted for the new system of government.

POKER TABLES ROLL FROM RAIDED CLUB

Police Fall Upon "Social and Literary" House and Destroys Gambling Devices.

BECKER RAGES AT INFORMER

Scene in the Tombs Marks Progress of Murder and Graft Cases—Protests Over Waldo's List.

Six men, led by another with a bristling red mustache, walked quietly up the brownstone steps of the Lyceum Social and Literary Club, at 158 West Forty-fifth Street, about 10:30 o'clock last night, and stepped through the double swinging glass doors into the interior. Their entrance was not different from the entrance of any group of club members, but some one had glimpsed the red mustache, which in the few days that he has been in charge of the Fourth Inspection District has become known as identifying Inspector John F. Dwyer.

"It's a raid," was the word which was passed from man to man, and in less than a minute there gathered in front of the big four-story brownstone and high-stooped house a throng of nearly 3,000. From a café and restaurant next door came other persons, and apartment houses and hotels along the street contributed their share.

But from the Lyceum Club came no sounds which might indicate that raiders were at work inside. The place was as quiet as usual and there appeared on the drawn curtains the reflections of no figures hurrying from room to room.

"Ah, that's no raid. Who gave out that fake?" asked half a dozen persons, and the crowd was beginning to believe them and to prepare to depart when there came a thunder of sound from within. It increased in volume each instant and suddenly there was a crash as the swinging doors flew open with a shattering of glass and out from their wreckage bounded a great poker table rolling along on its side like a huge wheel.

It bounded down the stone steps with the speed of an express train, and there was a wild cry of alarm from the crowd, and men and women struggled to get out of the path of the juggernaut. The poker table crashed into pieces when it struck the pavement, and the crowd had just begun to gather close again when a second, then a third, and finally a fourth table crashed through the broken doors, flashed down the steps, and broke into splinters on the pavement.

The tables, it developed, had been found in the front room on the second floor, and so big were they that the policemen had a hard time when they tried to carry them downstairs. So they finally upended them and set them rolling on their sides.

The tables and many packs of cards and hundreds of poker chips composed about all the gambling paraphernalia that the police found. The basement was used as a tremendous kitchen and storeroom, and the first floor contained a reception room in front and a dining room behind. On the second floor was the poker room and a room with a buffet bar. The third and fourth floors were given over to bedrooms, except the hall-room on the third floor, which was fitted up as a barber shop. "John the Barber" is said to be a member of the club.

The dining table in the rear of the first floor was set for thirty-five, and a negro cook was busy in the kitchen preparing eight hams, ten chickens, and two whole sides of beef. There were only twelve men in the place, however, and among them Inspector Dwyer could not find the man for whom he held a warrant. It was not served, therefore, and the Inspector would not tell the name of the man he had wanted.

Before he was satisfied that the man was not about, however, the Inspector searched the house from cellar to garret, and then even climbed out on the roof to be sure his man was not sitting there waiting for him to go.

It was the second raid of the night for Inspector Dwyer, for a few minutes earlier he had raided a disorderly resort in Fifty-fourth Street.

BECKER RAGES IN THE TOMBS.

Assails Convicted Lawyer Who Reported His Talk to Whitman.

Lieut. Charles Becker, under indictment for the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler who "squealed," went out of his way yesterday morning to meet James D. Hallen, the lawyer sentenced to Sing Sing for passing worthless checks, who was reported in several newspapers to have notified District Attorney Whitman of a conversation he had overheard between Becker and his former aids, Charles Steinert and James White. The ex-detectives were said to have remarked to their former chief:

"Well, they've got us, Chief."

And Becker was reported as having replied:

"Keep your mouths shut. They'll be pinning medals on us yet for what we have done."

The accused Lieutenant evidently had been brooding over this report ever since he read the papers, for in the exercise hour in the Tombs yesterday he hustled out of his cell, 112, and asked a fellow-prisoner to point out Hallen. The lawyer was leaving cell 100, and as the other prisoner pointed him out Becker hurried toward him.

"My name is Becker—Charles Becker," began the Lieutenant without prelude. "Why did you make such a report about me to the District Attorney?"

Becker's tone was that of an angry man who meant to have the whole truth of the matter threshed out then and there. Evidently Hallen had no stomach for such a controversy, for he edged away from the Lieutenant and started back toward his cell.

"You know it was a lie," declared Becker, who followed his man. "You had a motive in doing what you did. What was it?"

Still Hallen did not reply, and Becker, in a rage now, shouted at him:

"I want to tell you that you are a dirty cur. A man who deliberately seeks to curry favor by lying about another man

who is in trouble is too despicable to speak about."

Becker waited as though expecting a reply, and when none came he went on: "It is bad enough that there are a lot of legitimate stool pigeons in this place trying to save themselves by getting information about others. What have you got to gain by lying about me? You know you lied when you talked to the District Attorney."

Hallen Feared Attack.

Hallen by this time had retreated to his cell and he hustled into it and slammed the door, apparently thinking that the next development would be a blow from Becker. The Lieutenant was not to be stopped, however, by the fact that Hallen was out of reach. The lawyer was still within earshot, and Becker, rasping out his words, angrily shouted:

"There are five stool pigeons on this tier who make life miserable for us by listening or trying to listen to any conversation we may have. Why they are doing it I don't know. Even ministers of the Gospel have lowered themselves by engaging in such work. It is time to call a halt. The Police Department never was so rank with stool pigeons as this particular tier is now."

Becker evidently had exhausted the greater part of his wrath by this outbreak, and after a turn about the corridor he returned to his cell. Hallen hadn't uttered a word throughout Becker's tirade and he didn't offer any explanation afterward.

Becker's ex-aids, who, more fortunate than their chief, were liberated on bail after one night in the Tombs, were arraigned before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday, while their counsel, Robert M. Moore and Joseph Sicklen, applied to the Judge for an order permitting them to examine the minutes of the Grand Jury which indicted the men jointly for perjury. The charge against them was made by "Big Jack" Zelig, the gunman and gang leader, who accused them of having "planted" a revolver in his pocket when they arrested him in a Second Avenue cafe on the night of May 12 last. The significance of such an act, if the detectives performed it, has been explained as an effort on the part of Becker so to impress Zelig with his power that the gangster would lend himself to the killing of Rosenthal. The gunmen who are accused of killing the gambler were members of Zelig's gang.

Judge Mulqueen ordered that the request be put in affidavit form, and he gave the lawyers until this morning to prepare the motion.

This morning will also see the reconvening of the Grand Jury which indicted Becker, the four gunmen, William Shapiro and Jacob Reich, as well as Becker's former aids. It was rumored yesterday that William J. Flynn, one time Second Deputy Police Commissioner, would be called as a witness to-day. Mr. Flynn declared last night, however, that he had not been subpoenaed, and had no idea that he was wanted. So far as he knew, he said, he would not be a witness.

There is little doubt, however, that Mr. Flynn will appear before a Grand Jury, but it is highly likely that it will not be the Grand Jury now sitting. It is understood that it is part of Mr. Whitman's plan to have Mr. Flynn appear at the John Doe inquiry to be conducted by Supreme Court Justice Goff, and it is probable that Mr. Flynn will be asked then to testify before the Extraordinary Grand Jury which will assist Justice Goff.

Flynn May Make Disclosures.

It will be recalled that when Mr. Flynn was a Deputy Police Commissioner two years ago he was called before a Grand Jury in the expectation that he would make disclosures which would prove startling in the light they were expected to throw on grafting in the Police Department. Instead of making any such revelations, Mr. Flynn contented himself with an exceptionally mild description of police affairs despite the fact that he was understood to be thoroughly familiar with all that was going on in the department.

It is understood now that Mr. Whitman is quite sure this time of obtaining the disclosures which he expected two years ago, and it is almost equally certain that Mr. Flynn will be asked to make them, not before the present Grand Jury, but before that body which is to sit next week in connection with the John Doe inquiry.

It is considered significant by those who have followed Mr. Whitman's conduct of his inquiry so far that, though he has come into possession of a vast amount of information touching on police graft, not a man who could add to this information or who could corroborate such data as Mr. Whitman already has, has been called before the Grand Jury. The District Attorney has declared over and over again that his first concern in the whole affair growing out of the murder of Rosenthal was to convict and punish the slayers of the gambler.

This might explain Mr. Whitman's apparent indifference to graft disclosures, at least in so far as presenting them to the Grand Jury is concerned, but no such explanation is accepted by those who profess to be more or less in Mr. Whitman's confidence. It is understood, instead that Mr. Whitman has been purposely holding back any development of the graft inquiry until it could be conducted under some form of investigation which should carry with it no pledge of immunity to such persons as gave testimony in the matter.

Goff's First Witnesses.

District Attorney Whitman visited Justice Goff at his Summer home in Millbrook, N. Y., yesterday afternoon, and it is known that they held a long and earnest conference over the work which Justice Goff will undertake next Tuesday when he convenes the extraordinary term of the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court. As a result, it is understood that among the first witnesses to be summoned before the Justice will be, if not the men themselves, at least such witnesses as can throw light on the charges against the four police officials and the civilian official whose names have been mentioned frequently in information which has reached Mr. Whitman.

To have investigated their cases before the present Grand Jury would have been too much like seeking for information in the dark, for it would have been only after his appearance before the Grand Jury that Mr. Whitman could have learned what any witness had to tell, and then the witness already would have gained immunity by his very testimony. There is nothing to hinder a thorough investigation of these cases as well as all other graft charges which have reached Mr. Whitman in the course of the John Doe inquiry.

Mr. Whitman carried with him to the home of Justice Goff a copy of the information which Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford is to lay before Justice Goff on Tuesday. It is by this formality that Justice Goff may call into existence the John Doe inquiry, and although it is known that Justice Goff is prepared now to do this, nevertheless it is said that Mr. De Ford's information is as detailed as though the calling of the inquiry depended on the facts Mr. De Ford set forth.

It was believed that this information, which is in the form of an affidavit based on information and belief that the conditions in this city, especially as concern the police, gambling, organized vice, and the inter-relations of these demand an investigation, would contain the names of persons, who, in the opinion of the District Attorney, could throw light on these conditions. It is known now, however, that no names of proposed witnesses are mentioned in the document. These will be suggested by the District Attorney after Justice Goff has consented to hold such an inquiry, and it is understood that the list already prepared by Mr. Whitman's office contains upward of 100 names.

By no means all of the gamblers whose names were mentioned on the list of suspected gambling places issued by Police Commissioner Waldo on Tuesday night will be summoned, nor will all the policemen whose names have been handed about since the present investigation started be asked to appear before Justice Goff. The list, of course, will contain the names of some gamblers and some policemen, as well as many persons believed to have knowledge of the relations of the police to gambling and organized vice, but it is not believed that it contains the name of a single person noted in Mr. Waldo's list as being the owner of property used for illegal purposes.

So far as these persons are concerned, it is known that Mr. Whitman believes the list to be valueless. It is not the property owners, the gamblers, nor even those who traffic in organized vice, at whom Mr. Whitman's investigation is aimed, nor is it at these persons whom the John Doe inquiry will hit. Ideal as Mr. Whitman and Justice Goff concedes it would be to have all vice and gambling completely destroyed, it is not to bring about such a state of affairs that they are directing their energies.

It is to sever once and forever all connection between the Police Department and all forms of illegal activity and to punish those members of the department who have aided in the establishing of a close relation between the department and gambling and vice that Justice Goff and Mr. Whitman are striving to accomplish. In the information which Mr. Whitman carried to Justice Goff it is understood that there are many pages devoted to the methods of the police in collecting graft and especially or the methods said to have been employed by Lieut. Becker to force other officials to give him an interest in the "easy money" which was to be picked up for the asking in the old and the new Tenderloin. It is said that the information calls particular attention to several specific instances as indicative of methods employed in other cases, and that among these is the history of a gambling house in Thirty-eighth Street, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue, which is said to have enjoyed uninterrupted protection for fourteen years until an Inspector raided it some months ago.

Raid to Increase Graft.

This house was owned by a former well-known racing man, who has been in Europe for the last six months, and it is said that throughout his successful conduct of this establishment he paid 25 per cent. of his profits to an Inspector who no longer is in charge of an inspection district and consequently no longer has an opportunity to participate in such graft as may still be passed about.

It is understood that the information tells of this house and calls attention to a "fake" raid which was engineered by an outside Inspector at the instigation, it is said, of a high civilian official of the Police Department. However it may have been occasioned, it is said that the raid resulted in an increase in the graft of 15 per cent., so that after it the house paid 40 per cent. for the privilege of remaining open. This 40 per cent., it is understood, was split equally among the first Inspector and the civilian official and the Inspector who made the raid.

WALDO'S OWN INQUIRY.

Investigating Police with Outside Help—Studying Inspector's Funds.

It became known yesterday that Police Commissioner Waldo is inquiring into certain branches of the department subjected to an attack by District Attorney Whitman, and has extended to the employment of quite a force of outside detectives. The Commissioner is conducting the investigation on his own account and at his own expense. He is not using any part of the appropriation made for the department or any of the men connected with it. He has gone outside for help, and has employed, it is said, the most accurate and sagacious assistance possible to obtain.

The Commissioner has frequently said of late that he trusts no man. But his friends say he trusted many when he first became the police head. They also say that he now believes some of the men in the department upon whom he relied for the most loyal and confidential help have fallen under suspicion, and that he is striving to find out for himself whether the rumors concerning them have any foundation in fact. How many men the Commissioner has employed to help him in the task of discovering the true situation among his subordinates could not be learned, but it was said that he had two separate forces working along different lines, responsible only to him, and that they send him frequent reports.

Among the things the Commissioner was eager to learn, it was said, was the financial standing of some of the Inspectors. He wants to know how much money they have laid by, how much real estate they own, and how long it has taken them to acquire any wealth they possess. It was said that the Commissioner had already received lists of the property holdings of some of the big members of the department, and it was because of this that he was asked yesterday if he knew that an Inspector had recently bought a tract of land at Bayside, L. I., for $70,000. The story was carried to District Attorney Whitman, it was said, by a stenographer in the office of the agent who put through the deal. The Commissioner replied that he had not heard of the transaction.

He said that in reply to a question one Inspector told him of the purchase of a lot near Bayside for $187. The commissioner smiled. He seemed to think that this was the transaction referred to.

The Commissioner would not admit that he was making a private investigation into any branch of the department. But he made it plain that he believed that the exposure and punishment of one big police official would do more to stop grafting than anything else could possibly do. The constant reference to a civilian employe of the department supposed to have close official relations with the Commissioner was mentioned, and Mr. Waldo let it be known that he had never lost confidence in this employe. The Commissioner said that this man had shown him his two bank accounts, and that during the entire time he had been in the city's employ he never had more than $800. He had a safe deposit box in which he kept some personal papers of no value and some jewelry. This box costs $5 a year.

After he had expressed the utmost confidence in this employe, the Commissioner said that he was unwilling to trust any person further than he was obliged to. Concerning the two or three Inspectors mentioned as being under the suspicion of the District Attorney, the Commissioner said he knew nothing about this matter and that he probably would not discuss it if he did.

Some of the Commissioner's friends said that by the time he had finished the investigation he was making he would know more about the Police Department than any other civilian Commissioner ever had known.

STATE'S WITNESS MISSING.

Coupe, Who Caught Number of Murder Car, Has Left His Job.

No one could be found at the Elks' Club in West Forty-third street last night who would confirm the report which was current throughout the Tenderloin that Thomas Coupe, the chief night clerk at the club, had been compelled to flee from the city as the result of threats made against his life by friends of Lieut. Becker.

Coupe was one of the most important witnesses for the State in the approaching murder trials. His testimony was first obtained as the result of a personal investigation undertaken by District Attorney Whitman on the night following the murder. Coupe was one of a few men who gave the correct number of the automobile used by the murderers, and later identified "Dago Frank" as one of the men he had seen riding in the machine when it sped by the club coming from the Metropole after the murder. He also saw two of the other occupants, whom he believes to be have been "Lefty Louie" and Harry Vallon.

Some time after the murder, it is reported, Coupe received threats in various letters and communicated that fact to District Attorney Whitman.

At the Elks' Club last night it was admitted that he was no longer in the employ of the club, but information was refused as to whether he had been discharged or had voluntarily resigned. His successor stated that it was not known whether or not he had left the city.

ALDERMEN ORGANIZE.

Elect Curran Chairman, Fix Salaries, and Appoint Assistants.

The Aldermanic Committee that is to investigate the Police Department met yesterday and organized by selecting Alderman Henry H. Curran as its Chairman. It was also decided to employ William J. Flynn for five months if Secretary MacVeagh will grant him a leave of absence. The salary of Chief Counsel Buckner was fixed at $1,000 a month and that of Mr. Flynn at $800 a month. As assistant counsel were named Nathan A. Smith at $500 a month and Charles S. Guthrie, William A. Moore, and Louis Lande at $350 a month each. All of these assistant counsels have had considerable experience in practice, although they are all young men.

Chief Counsel Buckner sent a letter to the committee in which he pointed out that two other inquiries, one by the District Attorney and one by John Doe proceedings, were to go on, and that it would be necessary to consider prosecution by the District Attorney and also his general inquiry.

The committee, he said, would have nothing to do with the prosecutions of the men charged with killing Herman Rosenthal, and that the committee would have to direct its investigation along other lines. He advocated departments of investigation into the commonly reported fields of police graft and inefficiency, and into the internal machinery of the Police Department. He said that much time and money would be wasted if an attempt was made to make a case against certain men, and that individual trails should only be followed far enough to study general conditions.

Chairman Curran said he did not know when the committee would be able to begin the work of examining witnesses, but other members of the committee were sure that the first meeting of the committee to take testimony would not be held until the latter part of next month.

Mr. Flynn said that if he accepted the appointment of the committee it would be for the distinct purpose of studying the machinery and organization of the Police Department and not to meddle in any scandal.

"I have been interested for many years," he said, "in seeing the department put on an efficient basis."

GAYNOR WRITES TO ROBINSON.

Doesn't Believe Citizens' Committee Will Help Him Improve Police.

Allan Robinson, Chairman of the Citizens' Committee appointed at the big mass meeting to protest against police conditions, sent a letter to Mayor Gaynor shortly after the meeting, tendering him the assistance of the committee for the bettering of civic conditions. The Mayor was not invited to participate in the mass meeting, an omission that was commented upon at the time. The Mayor took his time about replying to Mr. Robinson's letter. Yesterday the reply was made public. It reads:

Office of the Mayor,
City of New York.
Aug. 24, 1912.

Dear Sir: I am very glad indeed to receive your letter. Up to the present time I have received no assistance, but rather opposition and embarrassment, in the reorganization of the Police Department, which has been gradually going on ever since I became Mayor. I suppose your committee knows that the way to stop graft in the Police Department with gamblers and the like is to reduce contact with the sources of graft down to the least possible—to one contact if possible. If you allow the Inspector and Captain all along the line to deal with matter you cannot possibly avoid graft. I trust you will get a list of the Captains and Inspectors and study their personalities carefully. I shall always be glad to have your assistance. Of course, I notice that the Mayor was not invited to the public meeting, and from the tone of it I felt that it was not organized to assist the Mayor. I trust that it will turn out that I was mistaken. Everyone in this city knows how hard I have worked since I have been Mayor, to eliminate graft from all the departments. I hope I shall now be supported from all quarters. Sincerely yours,

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

The letter seems to have been mailed after the Mayor left for his vacation at Warwick.

PROPERTY OWNERS PROTEST.

Many Tell Waldo of Mistakes in His List of Gambling Houses.

There were many bitter complaints yesterday from owners and agents of the buildings mentioned by Police Commissioner Waldo as having harbored gamblers. Some of the buildings mentioned in the list had changed owners since the raids and parts of others had been sublet, and some were supposed to hold only respectable tenants.

In the list of lessees or owners of buildings in Commissioner Waldo's list appeared the firm of Sperry & Hutchinson as responsible for the premises at 228 West Forty-third Street, where raids were made on Sept. 6 and Nov. 17, 1911. No disposition of the cases was given in the Commissioner's list. A representative of the firm said yesterday that in September and November of last year they received two letters from Capt. William F. Day of the Twenty-sixth Precinct complaining of the tenants in the building. The firm replied that it would not permit any portion of a building under its control to be used for illegal purposes, and then the letter said:

"Will you be good enough to let us know immediately if the aforesaid raid resulted in sufficient evidence for us to dispossess the present tenants?"

No evidence of gambling was found, and the legal representative of the firm said yesterday that the tenants were still in possession, and that, so far as he knew, they were decent people. He said the lease could not be canceled on rumor or hearsay.

In Commissioner Waldo's list appeared the record of more than 300 raids. In 149 cases the prisoners were discharged, and this number is the basis of the Judges' complaints that the police do not get proper evidence. There were no arrests in sixty-five cases, and there were only about twenty convictions. In the other cases premises were vacated and liability notices served. About forty cases are pending. Lawyers said yesterday that if a landlord evicted a tenant because his place was raided by the police, and the courts discharged the prisoner, the landlord would be liable for heavy damages.

Felix Isman called on Commissioner Waldo yesterday to protest against the use of his name. He said that the building referred to at 170 West 147th Street was torn down about eight months ago and that a theatre was being built on the site. Mr. Isman also denied that he was the owner of 588 Seventh Avenue. This property was formerly owned by Jefferson M. Levy, who sold it to C. William Funk, for whom Mr. Isman is acting as agent.

When the building came into Mr. Funk's possession, Mr. Isman said, he found Paul Kelly in charge under a verbal agreement that would not expire until May 1 next. A compromise was made with Kelly on a sixty-day lease and it was during this sixty-day period that Police Capt. Reidy sent him a notice that the house was under suspicion. Mr. Isman replied that if the Captain would send him evidence that the house was used for gambling he would dispossess the tenant.

Counsel for Sol Bloom sent the Commissioner a letter saying that the premises at 87 Cortlandt Street, which appeared on the gambling list, did not belong to Mr. Bloom and demanded a correction. The Commissioner made the correction and also made a correction about Mr. Isman's building in West Forty-seventh Street.

J. Perry Milliken sent a letter to Commissioner Waldo, in which he said that his father, James Milliken, never owned the premises at 135 Canal Street. Mr. Milliken said that the owner was Elizabeth M. Fisher, and that he was the agent. At the time of the raid March 16, 1912, Mr. Milliken said, the lessees were Messrs. Ginsberg and Duberstein, who had subleased it.

There were many other complaints about the list. One of these came from W. B. Day, representative of Stephen Clark, stepson of the late Bishop Potter. Mr. Clark owns the building at 3 West Twenty-second Street, but it is not used for illegal purposes, Mr. Day said.

S. B. Goodale of the realty firm of Goodale & Perry, said he had an interest in the property at 100 West Twenty-fourth Street. Once the firm acted as agents for it, but that connection ended some years ago. Lawrence Drake said he never heard that his building at 42 Monroe Street was used for gambling purposes. He did not know that the police raided the place.

Alexander Wilson said he did not know that any gambling was carried on by Mock Duck, the lessee of his building at 21 Pell Street. J. Edgar Leayroft was asked about his property at 113 Third Avenue, that appeared in the gambling list. He replied that the entire building was leased to a single tenant whom he knew to be entirely respectable. He explained that tenants might carelessly sublet parts of a building to irresponsible persons.

There were many more denials of any knowledge from owners and agents of property appearing in the list, and they were all of the same tenor. Commissioner Waldo, when he gave out the list, was asked if any of the places named in it were still occupied by gamblers. He replied that he did not think so.

Wants Owner's Name on Houses.

The Tenants' Union, organized in 1908 for the purpose of keeping rents down, met last night at 1,164 Broadway and adopted resolutions requesting Mayor Gaynor and the Board of Aldermen to pass the ordinance compelling owners of houses to place their names and addresses on them. The ordinance was recommended by the Rev. Father Curry of St. James's parish. The resolutions and a petition favoring the ordinance will be sent to the Mayor.

Waldo Transfers Capt. Reidy.

Commissioner Waldo yesterday transferred Capt. Michael J. Reidy from the West Thirty-seventh Street Station to Westchester, Capt. John Evers from the Morrisania Station to West Thirty-seventh Street, and Capt. Edward S. Waling from Westchester to Morrisania. The only reason given for the transfers was "for the good of the service." Capt. Reidy's name appeared in some of the correspondence relating to the raids on gambling houses during the last six months.

ACCUSES CUSTOMS MAN.

Woman Says He Kicked and Stabbed Her—He Remembers Nothing.

John Casey, a Custom House Inspector, of 227 East Twenty-eighth Street, was locked up in the East Thirty-Fifth Street Station early this morning on a charge of assault preferred by Kate Murphy of 301 East Twenty-fifth Street, who told the police after she was removed to Bellevue Hospital that Casey, as she was passing his house, had struck her in the face, knocked her down, kicked her in the abdomen and stabbed her three times. She had had an argument with his housekeeper two days before and attributed the attack to that.

Casey said that he was standing at his door when two men attacked him, that he had [illegible] knife in self-defence and that he did not know he had assaulted the woman.

AUTO'S SOMERSAULT KILLS WOMAN AT RYE

Young Southerner's Two Companions Badly Injured, but Chauffeur Escapes Unhurt.

CAR LANDS ON BRIDGE WALL

Oiled Road Makes Machine Skid at Span Approach—Driver Charged with Homicide.

Miss Lillie Lette, a young woman who owns a millinery store at Newburn, N. C., was killed and her two companions were severely injured early yesterday morning when their automobile turned turtle on the approach to a concrete bridge leading from Pelham Road to Rye Beach.

Miss Lette came to this city on Sunday on the annual buying trip for her store. She stayed with a friend, Miss Ruth Dolling of 452 Fort Washington Avenue. Tuesday night they started on an automobile ride with Ralph McAuley, a clerk in one of the stores of Rogers, Peet & Co. After hiring a seven-passenger touring car at the stand of Harry J. Benjamin, 156 West Forty-third Street early in the evening they made a tour of the city and then started for Port Chester, where they stopped for dinner. Late in the evening they set out for Rye Beach.

The chauffeur, William Meaghan, had the machine making a high rate of speed in the Pelham Road as he climbed a hill leading to the bridge where the road branches to Rye Beach. As he turned sharply on nearing the bridge the wheels failed to take hold of the road, which was newly oiled and slippery. One of the skidding tires was torn off, and the car turned a somersault on the rim of the wheel. The machine landed with the back of the rear seat on the road, the hood of the engine resting on the stone wall of the bridge, and the wheel spinning in the air.

The chauffeur, who was thrown clear of the car, was the first to recover himself. He found the three passengers under the car. Miss Lette was lying under the rear seat with her skull split open, while the other two were unconscious on the ground beside her.

Meaghan immediately went for help. After walking to Rye Beach, only a short distance from the place where the accident occurred, he came back with two policemen in a machine which had been obtained from a garage in Rye. The injured persons were lifted out from under the machine and taken in the automobile to the United Hospital at Port Chester. Miss Lette was at once placed on the operating table, where she died while the surgeons were working over her.

Miss Dolling was found to be suffering from a fractured wrist and concussion of the brain. After she had been treated she insisted on being taken home. Meaghan sent a call to his garage in New York City for another machine and the young woman arrived at her residence at 4 o'clock yesterday morning.

McAuley, who was suffering from a wrenched back and several cuts on his head, remained under the care of the hospital surgeons till later in the morning when he was removed to his home. It was said last night that both McAuley and Miss Dolling would recover.

Meaghan was locked up at the Rye Station on a charge of homicide. He was arraigned in the Rye Police Court yesterday morning before Coroner Livingston. His examination will take place this afternoon.

Miss Lette's body was removed to the Rye morgue. Her mother, who lives at Chase City, Va., was notified and will arrive to-day to take charge of the body.

TRAIN HITS TRUCK, ONE DEAD.

Chauffeur Crushed Under Car Wheels, Helpers Hurled 20 Feet.

One man was killed and two were seriously injured yesterday afternoon when a train on the main line of the Putnam Division of the New York Central Railroad crashed into a three-ton repair truck of the New York Telephone Company on the Palmer Avenue crossing, near the Bryn Mawr station, on the outskirts of Yonkers.

The chauffeur of the truck, William Barton of Bleecker Street, Mount Vernon, was hurled from his seat by the collision and fell beneath the wheels of the train. Two wiremen, James Covney of 234 Jackson Street, the Bronx, and Joseph People of 139 Fifth Avenue, Mount Vernon, were hurled twenty feet by the force of the collision and suffered internal injuries. Both were removed to St. John's Hospital in Yonkers.

The truck, which was loaded with coils of wire and repair tools, was proceeding east on Palmer Avenue when the train bore down upon them. There is no gate at the crossing, and warning of the approach of a train is given by a bell. Covney declares that he heard no bell, and that a curve in the track prevented the train from being seen. James L. Green of 460 Bronx River Road, who was driving in a carriage and witnessed the accident, insisted that he had heard the bell in plenty of time to stop. The chauffeur on the truck, he said, paid no attention to the warning, and appeared to be trying to beat the train to the crossing.

BARS SENATE NOMINATIONS.

Lazansky Received Four for State Primaries Too Late.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 28.—Secretary of State Lazansky declined to-day to accept the designations of four candidates for Senatorial nominations to be voted for at the primaries next month. The papers were received in the mail this morning, and under the law should have been filed not later than midnight yesterday. A Supreme Court order will be necessary to file them.

The candidates are: George L. Thompson, Kings Park, Republican, Suffolk-Nassau District; Walter W. Price, Stapleton, S. I., Republican, Richmond-Rockland District; George L. Brown, Elizabethtown, Democrat, Warren-Essex-Clinton District, and Edward F. Rigney, Holcomb, Democrat, Ontario-Yates-Wayne District.

BULL MOOSE DESIGNATIONS.

Thomas Healy for Congress—Amos Pinchot a State Committeeman.

Thomas Healy, President of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen, was nominated for Congress by the Sixteenth Congressional District convention of the Progressive Party last night.

William C. Baldwin, a merchant, of 67 East Eighty-seventh Street, a former Democrat, was nominated for the Assembly by the Twenty-ninth Assembly District Progressive Party.

Amos R. E. Pinchot, brother of Gifford Pinchot, was elected State Committeeman from the same district.

BOOTH'S FUNERAL ATTENDED BY 34,000

Continued from Page 1.

and this was followed by the hymn "Pass Me Not, O Loving Saviour," which was sung with deep feeling. Commissioner Adelaide Cox offered prayer and with a great murmur of voices every one repeated the Lord's Prayer. A brigade of Salvation choristers sang "When the Roll is Called in Heaven, and the Hosts Shall Muster There," after which Commissioner Higgins led in responsive reading from Revelations, Chapters VII. to IX., which was followed by the singing of another hymn. The congregation then read silently from books several extracts of the late General's writings, the reading being interspersed by hymns, one sung by children and another by all the women in the hall.

Silent reading, alternating with hymns, continued for half an hour, after which a true Salvation Army revival service was conducted by Commissioner Howard, with invitations to sinners and backsliders to come to "The Mercy Seat." Benches had been reserved on both sides of the platform, surmounted by mammoth signs bearing the words "The Mercy Seat."

While thousands sang "Come, Sinner, Come!" dozens of persons forced their way through the crowded aisles to the mercy seats on either side of the platform, where they knelt beside the officers who had been selected to receive them.

Police Force Way for Penitents.

In some cases the police were required to force a way for the penitents. Most of the converts were of the type usually found at the Army meetings, but among them were several well-dressed persons. As the penitents went forward, the singing, shouts of encouragement, and "Amens" increased in volume until Olympia was turned into a colossal old-fashioned revival hall.

Striding back and forth on the platform, Gen. Bramwell Booth, swinging his arms above his head, led the singing, pausing frequently to remind sinners that the dead leader in the coffin below him had given his life to saving them. When the call for backsliders was made several in Salvation Army uniforms went forward.

The revival service was concluded with the singing of the refrain heard at every meeting which Gen. Booth conducted—"His Blood Can Make the Vilest Clean; His Blood Avails for Me."

The most impressive feature of the solemnities followed. All the soldiers of the army rose and recited the Covenant of Fidelity, pledging themselves to be faithful soldiers of the Lord.

The catafalque was then wheeled slowly down the aisle, while the great gathering sang, "When the Roll is Called Up Yonder I'll Be There." The coffin was placed in a hearse and conveyed to the Salvation Army Headquarters, where it will rest until it is taken to Abney Park Cemetery to-morrow.

As the doors closed behind the casket Commissioner McKie pronounced the Benediction, and immediately afterward Olympia became a babel, with the foreign delegates seeking London comrades with whom they are stopping. The police struggled to produce order from chaos as the great crowd mingled with the other contingent which had waited outside the hall, listening to the singing throughout the more than two hours during which the services lasted.

In honor of the late Gen. Booth, the machinery of the Salvation Army will cease at noon to-day, and for four hours Salvationists from ocean to ocean will engage in a solemn service of prayer.

During these hours the body of the venerable founder of the Salvation Army will be laid to rest in Abney Park Cemetery, England.

PRESIDENT RECALLS MOVE ON NICARAGUA

Continued from Page 1.

fantry to the unsettled Central American republic.

A single direct dispatch from Nicaragua told of a serious situation in Matagalpas. The dispatch was sent by 125 Americans, and told of the killing of a German named Neilson, and appealed to the State Department for immediate protection. Lack of further dispatches from Nicaragua was a source of anxiety to the department.

Prompted by the order sending infantry to Nicaragua, the revolutionary junta here to-day made an effort to open negotiations with the State Department with the object of ending hostilities. Angel Ugarte of the junta sought an interview with William T. S. Doyle, Chief of the Division of Latin-American Affairs in the department, to submit a proposal for the withdrawal of American troops and the submission of the issues of the revolution to an election. Mr. Doyle declined to receive Ugarte officially and advised him to submit any of his proposals through Señor Castrillo, the Nicaraguan Minister.

A general Central American outbreak as a result of the Nicaraguan situation entered into the fears of the department tonight. A belated dispatch from Minister Weitzel refers to an irruption of refugees of the late Zelayan régime from Honduras into Nicaragua. This was taken by the department to presage a widening of revolutionary operations, which might become general in Central America.

Allegations of conditions bordering on barbarism, and acts even worse than those which took the troops of the united powers into China to quell the boxer rebellion, have been received at the State Department within the last twenty-four hours. The deliberate murder of two Americans, Dodd and Phillips, after they had been wounded and were helpless, following the massacre at Leon on Aug. 19, focused attention on the previous reports of burning soldiers, starvation of political prisoners held in dungeons and other alleged acts of cruelty.

Gen. Francisco Altschul, the representative of the revolutionist junta in Washington, denies the charges of barbarity brought against troops fighting the Nicaraguan Government. He alleges that the burning of bodies of soldiers was necessary to proper sanitation, and that it applied alike to the dead of both sides. He contends also that the American interests would not have suffered if no attempt had been made by American forces to prevent the capture and operation by the revolutionists of the railway between Managua and Corinto.

The junta asserts that the railroad is a national institution and should not be classed as American property, except as it is being administered by Americans to obtain a loan by New York bankers.

Reports that women were shot are condemned emphatically by Gen. Altschul, who says that the barbarous methods were employed by the Government forces when women were sent to the lines as ammunition carriers.

Rebels firing upon flags of truce borne by loyal Nicaraguan troops as well as American marines is said to have been frequent within the last few days. New attacks upon women and children and other non-combatants are reported. In the rebel shelling of Managua during the first days of the revolution, American Minister Weitzel reported that the firing had been indiscriminate upon the section of the city occupied by the non-combatants, and that an American Collector of Customs, named Hamm, and several other Americans narrowly escaped injury by bursting shells.

It is said there are fully 100 Americans owning plantations in Nicaragua who must be protected from attack and looting of their properties. Many demands that this Government protect American interests there have been registered at the State Department. A large number of New Orleans merchants, having Central American interests, only a few days ago went so far as to protest to the department against the attitude of Senator Bacon. They declared American prestige in Central America would suffer immeasurably if this Government failed to protect its citizens and their property. They even predicted the spread of the unrest through other Central American States if the situation were not promptly taken in hand.

Senator Bacon virtually charged on the floor of the Senate that this Government's interference in Nicaragua had a connection with the failure of the loan convention by which Nicaragua was to have borrowed several millions from American bankers and under which treaty the Nicaraguan railroads, steamships, Custom Houses, and National monopolies were to be administered by representatives of the American financiers.

The Diaz Government, against which the present revolution is being directed, is said to have approved the attitude of the State Department in regard to the loan convention. Senator Bacon broadly intimated, in criticism of the State Department, that American forces were being used in aid of the political party which inclined to the department's views and against the party opposed to them.

Reports from other sources have said that Zelaya, the dictator exiled in Europe in 1909 after the murder of the two Americans, Cannon and Groce, was behind Gen. Mena, leader of the revolutionists. This, however, is denied by the prominent Liberals who support the revolution.

TENTH IS KEPT READY.

Can Embark for Nicaragua at an Hour's Notice.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Because of increasing alarm among Americans in Nicaragua, the Tenth United States Infantry was to-day ordered to sail to-morrow morning from Panama to Corinto on commercial steamers. Within a few hours after th orders were sent President Taft, from his train speeding westward on a tour of speechmaking, telegraphed to the War Department countermanding the order. Accordingly, orders were sent to the Tenth to remain at Panama, but to be in readiness to embark within an hour's notice.

The first orders for the Tenth to go to Nicaragua were made necessary from the continued reports of outrages and massacres occurred from day to day and the continued danger or attack by the forces under Mena on Managua, where the Americans have taken refuge. Delayed dispatches from Minister Weitzell to the State Department last night and this morning indicated that the worst had hardly been told of the horrible treatment shown non-combatants by the rebels.

At best the marines that have been ordered to Nicaragua will not reach there sooner than Sept. 5, and the Tenth Infantry, which is in camp in the canal zone, could be taken from Panama to Corinto on commercial steamers in four days.

The Tenth is one of the crack regiments of the army, and its commander, Col. Henry A. Greene, is regarded as one of the best officers in the service, with long experience in the Philippines and Cuba, and capable of dealing with such a situation as is reported to exist in Nicaragua in a manner to command the confidence of Americans there and to restore quiet and order in Managua, where those who need protection have gathered.

A reason for the sudden alarm for the safety of the Americans in Nicaragua was the prospect that several days must elapse before the marines and bluejackets ordered to Nicaragua would reach their destination. The Denver, going down from Magdalena Bay, reached Corinto yesterday with 300 marines. There are now in Nicaragua about 1,100 marines and bluejackets, but they have had constant service under hard conditions, and are beginning to need reinforcements.

The Colorado will reach Corinto Sept. 5 with 400 marines, and the Prairie will reach Colon Friday with 780 marines from League Island. They will have to go across the Isthmus on the Panama Railroad, and be four days in getting from Panama to Corinto. It is the estimate of the Navy Department that on Sept. 5 there will be in all, marines and bluejackets, 2,300 available for service to protect Americans and their property interests.

The dispatches from Lieut. Reed of the cruiser Denver at Corinto to-day, saying that for the present the force already on the ground was able to meet the demands and maintain order and protect Americans, were forwarded to President Taft and resulted in his action in countermanding the order to send the Tenth Infantry from Panama to Corinto. Major General Wood said to-night that his information was that by Sept. 15 there would be in all 3,000 marines and bluejackets available, either landed or on ships in the harbors of Corinto, San Juan del Sur, or Bluefields, and for the present it did not seem advisable to send the Tenth in there also.

Nevertheless, in order that there might be every safeguard for Americans who may be in danger, the Tenth had been ordered to pack and be in readiness to sail at an hour's notice.

SAILORS GUARD MINISTER.

Salvatorean Envoy to Nicaragua Is Rescued with His Daughter.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Tuesday, Aug. [illegible] (Delayed in Transmission)—One hundred American marines from Managua, under command of Major Smedley D. Butler, and fifty sailors, under Capt. Warren J. Terhune of the gunboat Annapolis, returned here from Leon to-day.

The American detachment brought with it the Salvadorean Minister to Nicaragua and his daughter, who had been marooned at Leon. The Minister describes the conditions at Leon during the week following the massacre by Liberals of the Government soldiers comprising the garrison as frightful.

Telegraphic communication with the northern departments still remain uncertain, and the only news reaching here is by couriers. Many rumors are afloat of insurgent victories, but they cannot be confirmed.

The Government dispatched a force of troops to attack Maraya, the headquarters of the insurgents to the south of the capital, on Saturday.

GEN. MENA CAUSE OF TROUBLE.

Dismissal by President Diaz Starts Revolution in Nicaragua.

The present Nicaraguan revolt was directly brought about by the dismissal of the Minister of War, Gen. Luis Mena, by President Adolfo Diaz. This action resulted in the shelling of the capital by Mena and the landing of American marines to protect the property and lives of foreigners.

The President is the nominal ruler of the republic, but Gen. Mena has been in control of the troops. His son and other relatives have commanded the garrison at Granada and the semi-military police force of the capital, Managua, and Gen. Mena himself has lived a stone's throw from the undefended palace of the President in the semi-fortress, where Zelaya, surrounded by bayonets and with machine guns at the angles of the high walls, sent forth his barbarous decrees of confiscation, torture, and death. It required a high degree of courage for President Diaz to send a summons to such a Minister to lay down his power. A former President tried it with Mena and had to leave the country.

For a long time Mena and President Diaz were boon companions. In the restricted social life of the capital they were often seen in the evening driving out together in quest of the same diversions, and sometimes dropping in informally into clubs. Diaz is in almost every particular the opposite of Mena, who has a large infusion of negro blood. He stands more than six feet high, is the idol of his soldiers, and possesses a breadth of view and a grace of manner rare in one whose educational advantages have been so limited.

Diaz is of white blood, moderate stature, with the polish acquired by a long career on the East Coast. He is the sort of man who lets others do most of the talking while he does the thinking. Knowing English well, he prefers to conduct an interview through an interpreter, his critics say, because it gives him time to consider his reply while the interpreter is translating. He took part in the war of liberation, but it was chiefly as financier and Commissioner General rather than as a fighter. He has made no attempt to tear the laurels of military success from the brow of Mena or Emiliano Chamorro, the two heroes of the war.

Diaz sits at his desk, thinking, planning, studying the most practicable solutions of his many hard problems. If he decided that he must dismiss Mena from the Ministry of War it was no hasty and immature decision, it is believed, but was turned over in his mind for many months and adopted finally because it was the only escape he saw from a situation growing daily more difficult.

The third chief actor in the drama, Gen. Emiliano Chamorro, now in command of the Government for

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ROOSEVELT LIKENS PENROSE TO POLICE

Continued from Page 1.

done in preparation for the actual work of taking testimony. Senator Clapp, Chairman of the sub-committee of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, left here this afternoon for Vermont, where he will make several speeches in the campaign for the Roosevelt ticket. It is now settled that the committee that will conduct the investigation will consist of Senators Clapp of Minnesota, Jones of Washington, Oliver of Pennsylvania, Pomerene of Ohio, and Paynter of Kentucky.

The question of selecting an attorney for the committee has been discussed. The name of Louis D. Brandeis, who represented the shippers before the Interstate Commerce Commission on the question of an advance of rates two years ago, has been talked of, but members of the committee do not feel that Mr. Brandeis would be eligible, as he had aligned himself openly with Woodrow Wilson, and his conduct of the inquiry might be partisan.

Senator Penrose suggested that Senator Pomerene take charge of the investigation, in which case the sub-committee would not need an attorney. Senator Pomerene has already begun work on the case.

Many letters and documents bearing on the disputed facts are being sent to the Ohio Senator daily. As the Standard Oil Company has been brought into the investigation conspicuously, it is expected that that corporation will be represented by a prominent attorney, and that his line of action will be in sympathy with Senator Penrose's avowed determination to get Roosevelt."

Information was furnished to-day by a prominent capitalist in New York which will probably require the calling as a witness of W. S. Wood, the head of the American Wool Company, that corporation being charged with making a large contribution to the Republican campaign fund in 1904 and in other campaign years.

Senator Penrose, who is at Atlantic City, has directed his secretaries to begin at once to brief all the data to be found in his personal files bearing on testimony to be brought out in the inquiry.

The committee expect to proceed with the investigation about Sept. 30.

FLINN HOLDS OFF THE DEAL.

Waiting to See What Penrose Will Do—Hilles Explains It.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Aug. 28.—William Flinn made this statement to-night relative to the electoral situation in Pennsylvania:

"Regardless of what Mr. Hilles or any of his associates think we do not intend to jeopardize the success of our ticket through any undue haste. It must be remembered that we have agreed to place a new ticket of Electors in the field and afford opportunity to have vacancies on the Republican ticket filled with Taft men.

"Mr. Hilles knows this as well as Chairman Wasson knows it, and so far as I can see there is absolutely no occasion for any of the Taft people to become excited over our determination to protect our own interests.

"There is no time set by law for the removal of the Roosevelt Electors from the Republican ticket and the substitution of the Taft men. When the proper time comes the names of all the Roosevelt Electors will be taken off the Republican ticket and the names of other men satisfactory to Chairman Wasson of the Republican State organization will be put on the ticket.

"Just what we will do then depends in a large measure on the plan of Boies Penrose to put an entirely new ticket in the field in opposition to the Washington ticket, and the one regularly nominated by the Republican State Convention.

"We do not feel that there would be any use in having the Roosevelt Electors resign from the Republican ticket, if any such thing is attempted by Penrose.

"Mr. Hilles may as well calm himself, because we have promised to be fair to everybody—including ourselves."

Chairman Charles D. Hilles of the Republican National Committee denied yesterday that any deal had been entered into with William Flinn whereby the Presidential Electors would be "traded" for the State ticket. Chairman Hilles did not deny that an agreement had been suggested.

STEPS TO KEYSTONE FUSION.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Aug. 28.—Republican Congressional nominees are to meet to decide upon what terms they accept the Progressive Party nominations, in the Bellevue-Stratford. They will be addressed by Henry G. Wasson, the Flinn State Chairman, who has already assured some Republicans, anxious for a place on the Washington ticket, that they are reasonably sure to be accepted by the Flinn leaders.

Mr. Wasson, after his talk with Chairman Hilles on the electoral problem in New York on Tuesday came to this city to-day and talked over the Congressional situation with Representatives J. Hampton Moore and D. F. Lafean. He was told that the Republican nominees could not be expected to give any promises, and was advised to appear before the meeting and explain his ideas as to fusion.

This meeting will show very conclusively what the attitude of a majority of the Republican Congressional nominees is upon accepting the third party nomination. It can be said that the Congressional nominees are determined to separate themselves from the factional fight between Senator Penrose and Mr. Flinn. They propose to get on the third ticket if possible, and will do nothing to help Senator Penrose or the Republican National ticket. That is the attitude of some who are in doubtful districts, where, they say, it is necessary for them to have the third party nomination.

This is the pledge the Washington party committee has decreed the Republican Congressional nominees shall accept if they are to be adopted by the third party:

"Candidates for Congress must pledge themselves in the event of the election of the President being thrown into the House that they will vote in accordance with the vote cast in their districts for President—that is, if Roosevelt should get a greater vote than Taft "they will vote for Roosevelt for President, and will during their terms support Progressive legislation and shall not take part in the Presidential contest against Roosevelt."

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GOV. WILSON AGREES WITH MR. BRANDEIS

Lunch at Sea Girt Together and Discuss Means of "Accomplishing Industrial Freedom."

NEW PARTY ON WRONG TRAIL

The Lawyer-Economist Finds the Bull Moose Policy for Monopoly —Wilson Receives Italians.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 28.—Louis D. Brandeis came to Sea Girt to-day to talk over with Gov. Wilson some of the things in the Democratic platform and in bills before Congress that are making, as he put it, "toward industrial freedom." He refused to call the new party the Third Party. His parting declaration was one of emphatic opposition to the fundamental ideas of the Bull Moosers.

"I found Gov. Wilson a man capable of broad, constructive statesmanship," he said, "and I found him to be entirely in accord with my own views of what we need to do to accomplish industrial freedom."

Mr. Brandeis came for luncheon and departed three hours later. He stood alongside Gov. Wilson while the Governor declared to a delegation of Italians from Essex County that the immigration conditions he criticised in his history of the American people had been remedied by restrictive legislation immediately after the book was written, so that his much exploited criticisms in no way applied to problems of to-day.

Gov. Wilson left here for Philadelphia at 5:25 o'clock. His plan was to stop in Philadelphia to-night and leave early to-morrow morning for Williams Grove, near Harrisburg, Penn., where he is to make a speech at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

This speech, which is to be made before a great gathering of farmers, is occasioning much comment among Gov. Wilson's friends, as it is his first speech of the campaign outside of his own State, and in it the Governor is to go specifically into current events.

Mr. Brandeis was obviously impressed by Gov. Wilson, and he did not hesitate to say so when he was catching a train back to New York.

"Why did I leave Taft to go to La Follette and then join with the Wilson movement?" he repeated.

"Well, I prefer to express the situation in the terms of parties rather than persons. One would like naturally to be with the party that promises the most progress in the direction of industrial freedom."

"And what did you discuss with Gov. Wilson?"

"Oh, a number of bills. They all had to do with our industries. I am for Wilson because I found him in complete sympathy with my fundamental convictions, which are opposed to the convictions of Mr. Perkins and others of the new party."

"And did you get down to the tariff?"

"No, we had no time to reach that."

"And the Bull Moosers?"

"The new party," said he, "must fail in all of the important things which it seeks to accomplish because it rests upon a fundamental basis of regulated monopoly. Our whole people have revolted at the idea of monopoly and have made monopoly illegal, yet the third party proposes to make legal what is illegal. The important thing to-day, so far as the preservation of our liberty goes, is the industrial relation of man to man. The third party stands out and says that that relation shall be one of absolutism. The party is trying to make evil good, and that is a thing that cannot be done. The only practicable thing is to eliminate the evil and introduce good as a substitute.

"We must undertake to regulate competition instead of monopoly, for our industrial freedom and our civic freedom go hand in hand and there is no such thing as civic freedom in a state of industrial absolutism. Thus the new party in its programme becomes a house divided against itself. There can be no progress for the workingman under an absolutism, and those who are working for the upbuilding of the common man regardless of creed or race or occupation have got to build on the solid foundation of liberty, on which all our Government rests.

"I am extremely sorry to see that so many good men who are seeking only the best things have been misled into following the new party when in Gov. Wilson's candidacy they are confronted with an opportunity such as they have never had before in this country. They can follow a candidate who is absolutely free, who stands for the things that mean industrial liberty, who has no obligations and has made no promise except the promise he has made all his life to do the best he can for the community. We have a wonderful opportunity before us to put Gov. Wilson in office and give him the opportunity of using his fine character and great attainments for the advantage of all."

"Would you favor jail sentences for our trust heads?" Mr. Brandeis was asked.

"Much more important," he answered, "would be some laws that would define what business can do and how it can go ahead. The present laws suppress advance and throttle progress, and Gov. Wilson would go ahead in the right direction."

Mr. Brandeis said he hoped to visit Sea Girt several times more before election.

"Both of us," said Gov. Wilson, discussing his conference with Mr. Brandeis, "have as an object the prevention of monopoly. Monopoly is created by unregulated competition, by competition that overwhelms all other competitions, and the only way to enjoy industrial freedom is to destroy that condition."

With reference to the Sherman anti-trust law, the Governor was asked whether Mr. Brandeis had proposed means of strengthening that law.

"Not so much to strengthen it," replied the Governor, "as to supplement it. We want a law that will assist people in their business instead of tying them up."

The Governor declared that Mr. Brandeis more than any other man he knew had studied "corporate business from the efficiency to the political side."

"I drew him out for my own benefit," remarked Gov. Wilson.

The Italians from Essex County who visited Gov. Wilson came to commend his course of action as Governor of New Jersey. They were headed by Dominick A. Valentine and Dr. Frank R. Dimattee. Antonio Petrono, who acted as spokesman, explained how his people felt about attacks on Gov. Wilson's immigration views.

"Some newspapers," he said, "have seen fit to distort your views concerning immigration and have made a mountain out of a molehill. However, the intelligent Italians prefer to have their own opinion in the matter and are willing to allow the historian the latitude that the writing of impartial history requires."

"Your reference to my history," said Gov. Wilson in replying, "does credit to the intelligence as well as to the generosity of the delegation. America has never shown any hostile spirit to immigrants. The Democratic Party was born as a protest against the alien laws that made it hard for men to be naturalized and against the sedition laws, which made it a crime to criticise the Government. In my history I referred to conditions which did exist, but which were corrected immediately afterward by legislation. These abuses were brought about mainly by steamship companies, and I believe in legislation that will correct such abuses."

WILSON ON SPEAKING TOUR.

Goes to Philadelphia and Meets Committeeman Palmer.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—Gov. Wilson arrived in Philadelphia to-night en route to Williams Grove, Pennsylvania, where he is to speak to-morrow. He went to the Bellevue-Stratford Hotel to spend the night, and although he had expressed a desire to be permitted to enjoy a quiet evening in his room he was at once besieged by political callers.

National Committeeman A. Mitchell Palmer, who will accompany Gov. Wilson to Williams Grove, met him at the depot and was in conference with him for an hour at the hotel. Commenting on the visit to Sea Girt during the afternoon of Louis Brandeis of Boston, Wilson said that Mr. Brandeis had studied corporate business more than any other man in the country the problems of business.

"We talked about these problems, and I simply drew Mr. Brandeis out for my own benefit," said Gov. Wilson. "I tried to be a good listener to what he had to say. I entirely agree with him that the way to obtain industrial freedom is through regulated competition and not monopoly. The idea of preventing the formation of monopolies through unregulated competition is what Mr. Brandeis is driving at in his phrase 'regulating competition,' a very good phrase, by the way."

Representative Carter of Oklahoma called to see Gov. Wilson just as he was leaving Sea Girt and rode with him to Trenton. He asked the Governor if he would call an extra session of Congress in the event of his election to carry out the pledges of the Democratic platform.

"You are looking rather far ahead, aren't you?" was the Governor's comment. He said he preferred to await his election before committing himself on the question.

WILSON ON IMMIGRATION.

Democratic Party Almost Founded, He Says, on Defence of Open Door.

Gov. Woodrow Wilson, in a letter written to Louis E. Miller, editor of Wahrheit, a Jewish daily published on the east side, discusses his views on immigration. Gov. Wilson writes that the Democratic Party may also be said to have originated in a defense of the open door for immigrants, and says that he personally holds liberal views with regard to immigration, and believes that such views are not inconsistent with proper regulation of the traffic. Here is his letter:

Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 28.

My Dear Mr. Miller: Confirming our conversation of the other day, I want you to know very definitely what my views are with regard to immigration.

The Democratic Party may almost be said to have originated in a defense of the "open door" to immigrants, for one of the things which brought it into life was opposition to the alien and sedition laws, forced through Congress by the Federalists in the first years of the Government and the last years of Federalist power. By the alien laws they sought so to restrict naturalization as almost to forbid it. I, like other Democrats, have always held liberal views with regard to immigration. I feel that it would be inconsistent with our historical character as a Nation if we did not offer a very hearty welcome to every honest man and woman who comes to this country to seek a permanent home and a new opportunity.

At times this privilege of settlement and naturalization has been abused. The steamship companies have taken advantage of it of various kinds for their own profit, and men have been brought over who did not come of their own initiative. Conditions arose which made it necessary for Congress to pass laws regulating the matter somewhat strictly, and I think that every American, whether born in this country or not, must feel that there may arise from time to time conditions with regard to labor in this country and with regard to the safeguarding of the various interests, both temporary and permanent, when regulation of one kind or another may become necessary. But these things are not inconsistent with the general policy of liberal welcome with which I myself heartily sympathize.

The attitude of the party and the strength of public opinion in this matter was shown in the most interesting way in the matter of the recent abrogation of our treaty with Russia—the whole country resenting any action on the part of a foreign Government which would discriminate against any American on any ground. Cordially and sincerely yours, WOODROW WILSON.

The letter was printed in the Wahrheit yesterday afternoon with this comment from the editor:

"I have had the opportunity of discussing the immigration question with three Presidents, the present President, Mr. Taft, and Mr. Roosevelt, and the future President, Mr. Wilson. None of them has made his position more clear than the future President."

MRS. HARRIMAN ON SUFFRAGE.

Urges Co-operation with Parties and No Holding Out for Franchise.

Mrs. Borden Harriman answered yesterday questions as to how she stood on woman suffrage. She gave out a statement in which she said:

I have taken the position in the present campaign that the end in view is more important than the means employed. I believe that more good will result from women's co-operation with practical men in politics than by their antagonism of these men—antagonism engendered by the mere desire of the franchise. I believe that a system by which the women co-operate with the men is a solution of the suffrage problem. The intelligent co-operation of big, broad-minded, far-seeing, sympathetic women will do more to demonstrate to broad-minded and far-seeing men women's capacity to assist in a government of human beings than any other thing that woman may do.

In conclusion Mrs. Harriman says that she hopes every woman will select a candidate in whom she has confidence and work for him.

Won't Serve with Murphy Man.

Jacob S. Dreyer, editor of The Port Jefferson Times, Port Jefferson, L. I., has declined the nomination of alternate to the Democratic State Convention, saying that he does not propose to go to a convention "with delegates who represent Murphy in Suffolk County." He says that he intends to run independently in opposition to the Murphy element.

To End Colorado Progressive Split.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 28.—Senator J. M. Dixon, Roosevelt campaign manager, will meet Gov. Hiram Johnson, candidate for Vice President on the Progressive ticket, in Denver next Saturday, and they will attempt, it is said, for the last time, a reconciliation between the Phil Stewart State faction of the Republican Party and the Progressive Party leaders in this State. Judge Ben B. Lindsay will participate in the conference.

RECEIVER FOR MISSING MAN.

Creditors Take Over Business of Atlanta Contractor Who Vanished.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 28.—The disappearance of Morse De Leon, a contractor, who vanished in Chicago two weeks ago, is still unexplained. The Chicago police and private detectives employed by the De Leon family have failed to find a clue to the missing man

De Leon left Atlanta for Chicago, telling his wife that he intended to go to the Michigan woods and get a rest from business cares. He had with him $3,000 in money and jewelry valued at $3,000. He reached Chicago, and there all trace of him was lost.

When De Leon left here he had contracts for buildings aggregating several hundred thousands. One of his chief contracts was for work on the new Court House Atlanta is erecting. His business has been thrown into the hands of receivers to protect creditors. The receivers, however, say the business appears to be solvent. Creditors are now checking the books.

De Leon and wife are prominent socially. Mrs. De Leon thinks her husband disappeared while temporarily deranged from overwork, and that he will return. De Leon came here a few years ago from Charlestown, S. C., and has been successful in business. The family is prominent in South Carolina. He has a nephew in New York.

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HOW SHERMAN MIGHT WIN THE PRESIDENCY

Fight Between Taft, Roosevelt, and Wilson Might Send Him to the White House.

COL. HARVEY FIGURES IT OUT

Throwing the Election Into Congress Under Existing Political Affiliations Could Have an Odd Result.

The possibility, set forth in THE TIMES when the third party was formed in Chicago, that the three-cornered fight might end in landing neither Taft, Wilson, nor Roosevelt in the White House, but instead might result in making Vice President Sherman the next President of the United States, is dealt with at length by Col. George Harvey in a leading article printed in the current issue of the North American Review. Col. Harvey arrives at the same conclusion as was suggested in THE TIMES. He says:

"The nominal candidates for President of the United States are Woodrow Wilson, William H. Taft, and Theodore Roosevelt; the real candidates are Woodrow Wilson and James S. Sherman, with a remote possibility of Philander C. Knox becoming Acting President pending a new election in 1913."

Col. Harvey finds that the National contest has already narrowed down to Wilson against the field. Gov. Wilson, he declares, is virtually assured of a plurality. The vexing question is whether his defeat is to be accomplished by withholding from him an actual majority over all in the Electoral College, thus throwing the election into the House of Representatives. Col. Harvey takes it for granted, after an analysis of the situation, that neither Taft nor Roosevelt can win. Then he deals with the situation that would arise if Congress became the arbiter of the Presidential election. He says:

In case Wilson should not obtain a majority over both Taft and Roosevelt, the House of Representatives would be called upon to elect a President on the second Wednesday of February. Each State would have one vote, and the result would be: For Wilson, 22; opposition, 22; divided, 4—Maine, Nebraska, New Mexico, and Rhode Island. Necessary to choice, 25. Only Taft, Roosevelt, and Wilson could be voted for. Obviously neither Taft nor Roosevelt would have a chance. Wilson would have to win over three non-Democratic States—a virtual impossibility. The House of Representatives, therefore, would be unable to elect a President.

The editor continues:

Meanwhile, the Senate, acting under the same provision of the Constitution, would be engaged in choosing a Vice President, since Marshall necessarily would have failed to have obtained a majority in the Electoral College, in common with Wilson. Choice would be restricted to the two persons who had received the largest number of Electoral votes—Marshall surely and Sherman probably—and the Senators would vote individually instead of by States, as in the House of Representatives. Forty-nine votes would be required to elect. The Senate is now classified practically as follows: Republican, 50; Democratic, 44; vacancies, 2. The vacancies will be filled presumably by the Legislatures of Colorado and Illinois in January. Apparently, therefore, the Republicans would have surely one and possibly three more than the forty-nine required for the election of a Vice President, who would become President on the 4th of March. This seems to mean that, in the event of Wilson failing to obtain 266 Electoral votes, Sherman would succeed Taft.

But here enters another factor. The Republican majority in the Senate is not only scant, but also nominal rather than actual. Promising that both Illinois and Colorado return Republicans, the total Republican vote would be 52. If for any reason four of these Senators should abstain from voting, the Senate would be unable to elect a Vice President. Now, it is quite conceivable that Roosevelt might consider it advisable to prevent the election of Sherman. If so, it would be most surprising if four out of the so-called Insurgent Senators—Dixon, Clapp, Bourne, Works, Borah, Poindexter, and the two new Senators from Colorado and Illinois—should refuse to act in conformity with his wishes, especially in view of the position which Sherman holds in their estimation as a pronounced reactionary. Precedent for their refraining from voting is found in the abstention of the Vermont and Maryland Federalist members of the House, whose refusal to vote gave the Presidency to Jefferson in 1800.

Failure on the part of the United States Senate to elect Mr. Sherman would make Secretary of State Philander C. Knox Acting President of the United States until such time as Congress could convene and issue a call for a new Presidential election. Col. Harvey assumes that the date of such an extraordinary election would be not later than November, 1913. He finds, also, that it might well be worth the while of Col. Roosevelt and his Progressives to create such a situation. It would give them a second opportunity to win the Presidency within a twelvemonth. Should Roosevelt and Johnson run second, the Senate would be restricted in its vote to Marshall and Johnson. Col. Harvey says that what Roosevelt's attitude would be in that improbable circumstance can only be imagined, but he holds out the assurance that four Republican Senators, acting jointly to refrain from voting, could swing the balance in favor of Secretary Knox.

In weighing the possibility of Wilson and Marshall being short of a majority in the Electoral College, Col. Harvey arrives at the conclusion that New York and Illinois will be pivotal States. In these States, Col. Harvey declares, voting by segregated groups is more pronounced than anywhere else, and he finds that Wilson's broad appeal to the whole people, with no heed to segregated interests or prejudices, contains an element of weakness for all its logical strength. Contrary to the general belief, the candidacy of Col. Roosevelt is pronounced by Col. Harvey as harmful rather than helpful to Wilson, chiefly because he will get the Far Western States which otherwise would have gone to Wilson. Col. Harvey continues:

There remain the great bodies of workingmen in both New York and Illinois who comprise a large percentage of the Democratic Party. To whom will they turn? Mr. Taft offers them the Constitution. Mr. Wilson points to his record of official achievement as evidence of his effective friendship. Neither, it must be told in truth, said in his speech of acceptance one convincing word of sympathy with the toiling masses. Roosevelt not only professes, but promises everything. He will work to raise their wages; he will reduce their hours of toil; he will pension them in old age; he will insure their lives; he will lift the burdens and lighten the homes of their women; he will protect and safeguard their children.

Do these millions of men believe he can or will do all of these things? Probably not. But he says that he will try. Does any one else? Where else have they to go? And why believe that he could not and would not? If Lloyd George can and does, why cannot and why will not Roosevelt? Grant that he may be a demagogue, a hypocrite, and a false friend, what of it? He is at least a concrete image; he speaks their language; he shakes their hands; he is neither a theory of government for which they do not care nor an abstraction which they do not wish to comprehend; he is one of themselves—a live, human, imperfect being whom they can understand. Such is the Roosevelt appeal.

"Wilson will probably be elected," says Col. Harvey in conclusion. "If he carries New York he cannot be beaten. Neither Taft nor Roosevelt can win. A vote for Taft is a vote for Sherman. A vote for Roosevelt is a vote for Sherman. A vote for Wilson is a vote for Wilson."

Roosevelt's Former Chairman Back.

Alexander H. Revell, Chairman of the Roosevelt National Committee before the Chicago Convention and a prominent business man of Chicago, returned yesterday from his vacation in Europe on the White Star liner Oceanic full of enthusiasm for the third-term candidate. He said that he was strongly for Col. Roosevelt in the Penrose-Archbold controversy. He thought stringent laws should be passed making it compulsory to give publicity to campaign contributions.

Henry George, Jr., on Regular Ticket.

By inadvertence THE TIMES yesterday reported that Henry George, Jr., had been turned down for a Congress designation by the Democratic organization. Mr. George was named for Congress from the Twenty-first District last week. The fact was printed in THE TIMES at that time.

BULL MOOSE CASH $9,268.

This Contributed for State Campaign —Mr. and Mrs. Hooker Give $5,000.

A complete statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Bull Moose organization in this State since its inception on July 8 was made public yesterday by August Heckscher, the newly chosen Treasurer. According to this report, the total receipts up to date are $9,268, and the total expenditures $7,086.

The largest contributors are Elon H. Hooker, Treasurer of the National Bull Moose Party, and his wife, Mrs. Blanche Perry Hooker, who gave $2,500 each; W. Emlen Roosevelt, Col. Roosevelt's uncle, who gave $3,000, and a second woman contributor, Susan Fiske Rumsey, who gave $500. Here is the list of contributors:

Elon H. Hooker	$2,500	Henry Reubold	$5
W. R. Baldwin	1	Currency, (anonymous)	3
W. A. E. Cumings	5	E. D. Brinckerhoff	5
Blanche F. Hooker	2,500	Wm. R. Spears	25
M. Meyrowitz	50	Arthur L. Mayer	10
A. N. Johnson	5	Alice Carpenter	100
W. E. Roosevelt	3,000	Georgiana Roberts	10
Dr. W. W. Skinner	10	Mary E. Dreier	20
Susan F. Rumsey	500	T. H. Watkins	100
B. Periman	10	W. A. W.	10
W. R. Johnston	1	Lee J. Wolf	10
J. B. Burnham	100	Mrs. C. A. Dunham	50
H. B. Davenport	50	Ella C. Strobell	50
John H. Drake	50	C. M. Bellak	5
Currency, (anonymous)	25	To sale of buttons, &c.	20
Jennie Hallet	1	Total receipts	$9,268
H. S. Holland	5		
Stephen Wilcox	10		
H. T. Pulsifer	20		

Provisional State Chairman William H. Hotchkiss said he looked upon the achievement of the National Progressive Party in organizing the entire State of New York for a trifle over $7,000 as a record in political finance.

BLEASE WINS BY 1,100.

Has Clear Majority in Race for Governor of South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 28.—Practically complete returns from the Democratic primary which was held yesterday indicate that Gov. Cole L. Blease has a majority of more than 1,100 votes in the race for Governor.

The returns received indicate that Senator Tillman has been renominated over his two opponents. In the Sixth District the race between Congressman Ellerbe and J. W. Ragsdale is very close.

BULL MOOSE SEEMS WEAK.

Michigan Primary Vote Reveals Surprising Lack of Strength.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 28.—Analysis of the vote in yesterday's primary election indicates that the Bull Moose strength in the State is not much greater than that of the Prohibitionist Party. Figures taken from counties in all parts of the State show the same results. The Progressive candidates polled only about 7 per cent. of the vote obtained by the Republican candidates. As the Democratic vote ran normally near the figure of total enrollment, it is apparent that most of the Bull Moose vote came from the G. O. P. ranks, and as the falling off in the Republican vote, in comparison to the total enrollment, is in itself almost ten times the total Progressive vote, it is assumed that the bulk of the enrolled Republicans who did vote stuck to their old colors.

The returns are far from complete tonight, but unless Fred C. Martindale of Detroit, Republican candidate for Governor, gets a much bigger majority in the upper peninsula than the returns indicate for him, his Grand Rapids rival, Amos Musselman, has landed the Republican nomination.

ANTI-TAMMANY COMMITTEE.

Empire State Democracy Names a Member from Each District, 30 in All.

The Temporary Executive Committee of the Empire State Democracy in the Borough of Manhatan met yesterday afternoon in the office of Julius Henry Cohen, Chairman of the committee, and selected thirty members as State Committeemen from the thirty Assembly Districts in the borough. Those selected, it was explained, would serve also as members of a Provisional County Committee and as delegates to the State Convention scheduled for Oct. 4. Here are the State Committeemen:

J. Hampden Dougherty, George Haven Putnam, A. L. Gutman, Francis D. Pollak, Robert J. Noble, Isaac H. Klein, Julius Henry Cohen, Lawrence B. Dunham, Alfred Frank, Bert Hansen, Paul Fuller, Joseph M. Price, Benjamin Tuska, E. R. L. Gould, John N. Lyle, John H. Peters, John Frankenheimer, Henry George, Jr., John Brooks Leavitt, Albert Plaut, Robert Louis Hoguet William Scott, Julian B. Beatty, Thomas L. Reynolds, Frederick W. Jansson, Brinton Buckwalter, Henry S. Schimmell, Robert Mackay, Hugo Bankert, and Edward J. Plunkett.

It was announced that the committee would be called to meet next Wednesday afternoon at 505 Fifth Avenue for the purpose of effecting an organization and adopting plans for the anti-Tammany fight.

CASSIDY NAMES A TICKET.

Designations by Petition Against Regular Democratic Candidates.

Summoning a committee headed by District Attorney Matthew J. Smith of Queens to his clubhouse in Court Square, Long Island City, yesterday ex-Boss Joseph Cassidy of Queens, with the help of the committee, prepared a primary ticket in opposition to the Democratic organization ticket. His selection of candidates were:

For County Clerk—FREDERICK W. DUNTON of Jamaica.

For Sheriff—ANDREW GOETZ of Ridgewood.

For State Senator—DENNIS J. HARTE.

For Congressman—Dr. JOHNSTON MACLEOD of Flushing.

For Assemblymen—First District, ANDREW HORN; Second District, JOHN P. GEHRING; Third District, CHARLES SCHROEDER; Fourth District, JOHN DOLLARD.

Workers had been sent hustling over the borough for signatures to blank petitions, and when the nominations were agreed upon the petitions of nomination were immediately filled out and messengers sent with them to the Bureau of Elections.

Designated for the Assembly.

In the Twenty-seventh Assembly District Convention held on Tuesday night Raymond B. Carver was designated by the Democrats as their candidate for the Assembly from that district. Joseph W. Spencer was designated by the Republicans for Assemblyman from the Twelfth District.

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All $20 Suits are $14.50
All 25 Suits are 16.50
All 30 Suits are 19.50
All $35 and $40 Suits are $23.50

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PERKINS ATTACKS MARSHALL'S POLICY

Financier Says Governor's Plan to Forfeit Corporation Charters Would Destroy Business.

CRITICISES AUGUSTA SPEECH

Declares Roosevelt or Johnson Would Be Denounced as Anarchists if They Were as Radical.

George W. Perkins, executive head of Col. Roosevelt's National Progressive Party, took up a statement yesterday made by Gov. Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, Vice Presidential candidate on the Democratic ticket, in a speech he delivered at Augusta, Me., on Tuesday night. In the speech Gov. Marshall said:

How can we reach the (corporation) question? Forfeit the charter of every corporation which marries another or by a "gentleman's agreement" lives openly with another. Can this be done? Why not? A corporation is only a creature of the State, organized to do definite things.

Mr. Perkins believes that between the solution urged by Mr. Marshall and the dissolution policy practiced by the Taft Administration and likely to be continued should President Taft be re-elected, big business is between the devil and the deep sea just now. The Progressive programme, according to the financier, holds the true solution.

"We stand for the elimination of the evils and the preservation of the good wherever they exist, whether in business or in politics," said Mr. Perkins.

"The Democratic Party is at this moment posing before the country as a progressive party and yet in one of the first utterances that the Vice Presidential candidate makes (and, mind you, this is the candidate who would preside over the United States Senate if elected,) is to smash all large business enterprises to smithereens. Their tariff plank says that they are going to adjust the tariff, but do it in such a way as not to disturb business. Mr. Marshall's utterance of yesterday shows how they are going to handle the corporation question without disturbing business.

"It is the first official utterance we have from the Democrats as to just what they are going to do with big business. It is clear and to the point. There is no misunderstanding it. They propose to revoke charters and in this way absolutely wipe the corporations out of existence. I suppose they will do this without disturbing business. They won't throw any laboring men out of employment; they won't disturb our foreign export business, or in any way effect prosperity.

"The Progressive platform is explicit on how it proposes to handle large business. It is a progressive, constructive way of doing it and not a retrogressive and destructive way of doing it.

"The Progressive movement recognizes that the corporation is an essential part of modern business, that the concentration of modern business in some degree is both inevitable and necessary for National and international efficiency, but that the concentration of vast wealth and power under the corporate system unguarded and uncontrolled by the Nation has placed in the hands of a few men enormous, secretive, irresponsible power over the daily life of the citizen—a power insufferable in a free government and certain of abuse.

"We do not fear commercial power, but we insist that it shall be exercised openly, under publicity, under supervision and regulation of the most efficient sort, which will preserve the good while eradicating and preventing evils, exactly as is now done with our large National banks and with our great railroad systems.

"All the people of this country need to do now is to take the pains to read the Progressive platform, to read what the Republicans are saying in their platform and on the stump, and what the Democrats have said in their platform and are now saying on the stump, and then decide which one of the three programmes they want."

Mr. Perkins said that Gov. Marshall's policy, as outlined in his Augusta speech, was pretty radical.

"If either Roosevelt or Johnson should say anything half as radical as what Gov. Marshall said they would be denounced as Anarchists," said Mr. Perkins. "But they won't. Our platform is explicit on the question of corporation control and we mean to stick to it.

"There was a great deal of truth in what Gov. Wilson said in his speech at Sea Girt the other day when he declared that the force behind this new party was discontent with the regular parties and a feeling that 'men have gone into blind alleys and come out often enough, and that they propose to find on open road for themselves.'

"The open road, gentlemen," said Mr. Perkins, "leads through the programme of the Progressive Party."

ROOSEVELT SPEAKERS NAMED.

List Includes Beveridge, Clapp, Poindexter, and Bourke Cockran.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—Senator Dixon, director of the Progressive campaign, today made known an incomplete list of speakers who, with Col. Roosevelt and Gov. Johnson of California, will carry the new party's propaganda through the country. The names of speakers announced were:

Former United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge of Indiana, United States Senator Moses E. Clapp of Minnesota, United States Senator Miles Poindexter of Washington, United States Senator Coe I. Crawford of South Dakota, United States Senator Joseph L. Bristow of Kansas, Congressman George W. Norris of Nebraska, Hamlin Garland, the writer, and William Allen White, Kansas, editor.

Among former Democrats who will take the stump for the Progressive cause are Bourke Cockran of New York and former Gov. Garvin of Rhode Island.

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a special offering of travel requisites at extremely low prices today.

¶ Labor Day, the cordial which follows the banquet of Summer, is at hand, and everybody who can is planning to enjoy the last vacation of the season. For these we have assembled a special collection of bags and suit cases at a big concession on usual prices. And for those wiseacres who intend to slip away Friday evening and get a full three days' recreation we have bought 75 odd trunks from a manufacturer who closed them out to us at a big bargain. You won't find better values this side Labor Day, nor the other side. Basement floor.

Cowhide Bags ..... regularly 6.00 ..... at 4.50
Cowhide Suit Cases ..... regularly 6.00 ..... at 4.50
Cowhide Bags ..... regularly 7.00 ..... at 5.75
Cowhide Suit Cases ..... regularly 7.50 ..... at 5.95
Black Enameled Cases ..... regularly 8.50 ..... at 5.95
London Model Suit Cases ..... regularly 12.50 ..... at 8.50

Above bags and cases may be had in russet or brown. The bags are 14 to 18 inches; the suit cases are 24 & 26 inches

75 Steamer, Dress & Men's Trunks regularly 16.50, 20.00 & 25.

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ENGLAND RENEWS HER CANAL PROTEST

Notifies Us That She Will Submit Questions at Issue to The Hague.

TREATY INVALID, WE CONTEND

Our Attitude Will Be That the Concessions Accorded Britain by Hay Violated the Constitution.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Great Britain for the second time has protested against the step taken by the United States in allowing free passage through the Panama Canal to American vessels. Mitchell Innes, British Chargé d'Affaires, in the absence of Ambassador Bryce, called at the State Department to-day to present a note declaring the unalterable view of Great Britain as to the obligations imposed on the United States by the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and to suggest that the unavoidable course of his Government will be to submit to The Hague tribunal the questions at issue between the two countries.

No new phase of the difference between the United States and Great Britain was apparent in the incident. The State Department did not give out the text of the note, nor any statement as to its effect on the diplomatic aspect of the recent action of Congress in providing for the free use of the canal by American shipping. There was some surprise at the simple brevity of the note, inasmuch as several weeks ago Mr. Innes advised Secretary Knox that his Government had decided to forward to this Government a supplementary note, in which would be set forth at length the argument by Great Britain as to the rights believed to be conveyed by the Hay-Pauncefote treaty, and that document had been awaited with no small concern in the State Department. It was at first supposed to-day that the extended note would be presented, but such was not the case.

The attitude of Great Britain is still friendly to negotiation, and the request to submit all questions arising out of the application of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty to our use and control of the Panama Canal is noticeably conditioned on the failure of the two Governments to arrive at an agreement before the alternative of a trial at The Hague be resorted to by Great Britain. There is interest in the presentation of the note by Mr. Innes from the fact that he has taken part in numerous conferences with Secretary Knox and Mr Anderson, the counsellor of the State Department, in which the position of each country has been discussed fully. Here it should be said that Great Britain has been placed in possession, through Mr. Innes, of the argument of the United States as to the bearing of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty on the control of the canal by Congress. The position taken by this Government thus far in the informal conferences has been that the concessions made by Mr. Hay in the Hay-Pauncefote treaty were directly in violation of the constitution and therefore void from the beginning.

The constitution declares that "this constitution and the laws of Congress which shall be made in pursuance thereof and all treaties made or which shall be made under the authority of the United States shall be the supreme law of the land."

In Article IV., Section 3, it is provided that Congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States. The Canal Zone having been granted to the United States by the treaty with Panama, and the canal being the property of the United States, it is held that Congress alone can determine what rules shall be made for the control of the canal. This construction of the case, it is true, would seem to brush aside summarily much that has been retained in all the discussions of the rights of the two countries in the canal, but it must be remembered that the conditions at that time when the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was negotiated were practically swept away with the Panama revolution and the subsequent treaty with the United States granting the Canal Zone.

With the submission of this view of the matter this Government will let the whole question lie until Great Britain takes the further step to put the controversy before The Hague Court.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Aug. 28.—Speaking on the Panama Canal at a dinner to visiting British financiers and legislators here last night, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said he believed British Canadian and American diplomacy would bring about an agreement satisfactory to all.

Pointing to the fact that for more than 100 years differences between Canada and the United States had been settled without resort to arms, Sir Wilfrid declared that poor arbitration was better than the most successful war.

ENGLISH DIG AT TAFT.

London Times Reprints His Speech at Peace Dinner in 1910.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Aug. 29.—The presentation yesterday of the British note relative to the Panama Canal tolls is regarded by the morning papers, most of which have editorials on the subject, as opening a new chapter in the Panama Canal difficulty.

The next move in the great game, says The Standard, is up to Washington.

The Daily Mail remarks that it is one of the tragi-comedies of public life that President Taft, who a year ago seemed destined to become the universal peacemaker, should now be known, even in his own country, as a treaty breaker.

Most of the papers dwell on the fact that no journals in Great Britain denounced Mr. Taft's breach of international faith half so strongly as nearly all the leading papers on the other side of the Atlantic.

There is little expectation that the suggested arbitration at The Hague will meet with immediate acceptance by the Washington Government. The Times, however, thinks it "almost inconceivable that Mr. Taft should not eagerly welcome the proposal for the practical application between the two great English-speaking nations of the principle with which his own name is so closely and honorably associated."

The Times reprints the conclusion of Mr. Taft's speech at the dinner of the American Society for the Judicial Settlement of International Disputes on Dec. 17, 1910.

HOMECOMERS CROWD ATLANTIC LINERS

Rush This Year Is So Great That Hundreds Are Booking on the Canadian Steamers.

RECORD NUMBER ON OLYMPIC

Eleven Hundred First Cabin Passengers on That Liner and the Celtic, Which Sail for New York To-day.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Some 1,100 first cabin passengers will sail for New York to-morrow on two White Star liners, the Olympic and Celtic. Nearly 800 of them will be in the Olympic, constituting a record for that liner.

So great is the rush homeward that it is almost impossible to obtain accommodation on any vessel for the next week or two in first, second, or third cabin. The steamship offices are crowded all day by Americans anxious to obtain immediate passage, only to meet disappointment. Hundreds are booking via Canada, but even the Canadian lines have little spare room owing to the great increase in the number of persons from the Dominion visiting Europe this year.

Among the passengers booked on the Olympic are George Ade, Mr. and Mrs. George K. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Beale, A. C. Benedict, Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Bergstrom, Mr. and Mrs. James Bicknell and family, Mr. and Mrs. Charles C. Bovey and family, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas R. Brown, F. H. Bugher and family, and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Butler.

Mrs. H. W. Cannon, Mr. and Mrs. Gardner Cassatt, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Chilberg, Mr. and Mrs. George Christian, Dr. and Mrs. F. W. Craig, Norman Craig, M. P.; James Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Robert W. de Forest, Mr. and Mrs. F. O. Dodge, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Eden, Mrs. Chapman Fisk, Mrs. I. N. Ford and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Morgan H. Grace and family.

Mr. and Mrs. James Hanley, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Haviland, C. O'Donnell Iselin, Walter Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Kilgannon, Mr. and Mrs. Carl Laemmle, Edgar M. Leventritt, Mr. and Mrs. William A. McVitie, Mr. and Mrs. George O. May and family, Mrs. Ogden L. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Myers, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Newman, the Rev. and Mrs. Beach Olmstead and family, and Mr. and Mrs. Warren Olney.

James A. Patten, Mr. and Mrs. Harold Peirce and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Phipps and family, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Phipps and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Raymond Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar F. Price and family, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Rowe, Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth B. Schley, Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sherrerd and family, Hiram W. Sibley, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. E. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur H. Spiegel, and Mr. and Mrs. Sigmund Stern.

Mr. and Mrs. James B. Taylor and family, Mr. and Mrs. William B. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Totten, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Tunnell, W. P. Van Alen. Justice and Mrs. von Moschzisker, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. B. Walcot, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Whalen and family, Mr. and Mrs. Williams Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. Workman, Mr. and Mrs. Sydney Young, and Mrs. Nordica Young.

Those booked on the Celtic include Mr. and Mrs. Dean Alvord, Prof. Andrew Byrne, Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Dunham, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Gilmore, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Higginson, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald A. Kiralfy, Julius Kayser, Mrs. Robert Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Claude M. Nankivel, Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Sloan, Mrs. Alvah K. Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Perry A. Weinberg, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Yost, and Martin Zimmerman.

Hopes to Fly 121 Miles an Hour.

PARIS, Aug. 28. — Jules Vedrines, the French aviator, expects his machine to accomplish a speed of 195 kilometers (about 121 miles) an hour in the race for the International Aviation Cup at Chicago in September. He is credited with this statement in an interview given before his departure for America.

GERALDINE FARRAR ILL.

Will Not Be Able to Come to America for Concert Tour in Autumn.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—Geraldine Farrar is ill at Munich from a recurrence of the attack of ptomaine poisoning which she suffered last year. She has been obliged to abandon her plan for an extensive concert tour in the United States in October and November, and will remain in the care of a specialist for at least eight weeks.

Miss Farrar arrived in Munich for treatment a week ago. Her physician says she has a stomach complaint which requires thorough and patient treatment. Mrs. Farrar, who is nursing her daughter, explains that the present attack, besides being an aftermath of the prima donna's illness in 1911, is aggravated by overwork and nervousness.

The case is pronounced not at all dangerous, and the patient is permitted to go out daily.

FEWER ENGLISH FAILURES.

Number of Bankruptcies in 1911 the Smallest Since 1884.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The annual report of the Board of Trade shows that the number of failures under the Bankruptcy acts in England and Wales in 1911 was the smallest since 1884.

There were also substantial decreases in the estimated liabilities and assets and losses to creditors.

BORDEN SNUBS SUFFRAGISTS.

Says Their Threats of Trouble in Canada Will Not Influence Him.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Canadian Premier, Robert L. Borden, when he faced the suffragettes for the first time to-day took a firm stand. He told them very emphatically that he had no power to introduce a general measure of suffrage for women in Canada and that no threats of the employment of militant methods would have any influence on him.

GREAT HAVOC BY FLOODS.

Damage in England Incalculable—Situation in Norwich Improves.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—With the renewal of communications come reports of incalculable damage caused by floods in all the Eastern English counties, though nowhere is the situation so serious as at Norwich, where a considerable portion of the city will have to be rebuilt.

In Norfolk eighty bridges were washed down and scores of villages are cut off from the outside world. Peterborough became an island city. The Ipswich, King's Lynn, Nottingham, Spalding, Leicester, and Stamford districts were all badly affected.

Fortunately, although many animals were drowned, very few human lives were lost.

To-night's weather forecast indicates a renewal of the rain which ceased over most of England to-day, and consequently the outlook is still serious.

NORWICH, England, Aug. 28.—The day passed with almost no rain falling, and the floods are slowly subsiding. The eastern dam, which, it was feared, would collapse, is still intact.

Conditions are improving, but the city is without light. The railway to London by way of Cambridge has been reopened and the mails are being distributed. The Cromer line will resume its service to-morrow. The other railroads are still blocked and the street car service is not working.

The public have been warned to use the drinking water sparingly because of the stoppage of the waterworks.

A NEW AMERICAN CARDINAL?

About to be Created, and Is to Reside in Rome, Paris Report Says.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—The Pope is about to create a new American Cardinal who is to reside in Rome, according to a special dispatch received here.

The American Cardinal will, it is said, occupy a similar position to that of the prelates representing France and Spain in Rome.

It is also stated that the Pope will later create a Cardinal in Central America, probably Mexico.

MRS. GOELET BETTER.

Sails on Her Yacht from Havre for a Point on the Seine.

HAVRE, Aug. 28.—The health of Mrs. Robert Goelet, who is reported to be suffering from cancer on board her yacht Nahma, appears to be improved.

The yacht, which had been detained here by the stormy weather, sailed to-day for Duclair, a town on the Seine.

FRENCH FEAR MOORS KILLED HOSTAGES

Great Anxiety Over Fate of Prisoners at Marakesh—Attempt at Ransom Fails.

INDIGNATION TOWARD SPAIN

Report That She Has Been Supplying Arms to the Moorish Pretender—France Making an Inquiry.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—Public anxiety is intensified over the fate of the French officers held as hostages by the Moors at Marakesh. Emissaries have been dispatched to Marakesh by the French Commander, but have obtained no information.

Gen. Lyautey, the French President-Governor, reported to the Foreign office to-day that the volunteers who had undertaken the dangerous duty had returned from El Hiba's headquarters. They in vain tried to effect a ransom and could not ascertain the fate of the prisoners.

The French column, commanded by Col. Mangin, has full liberty of action to proceed to the succor of the hostages if such a step should be thought advisable. The French troops, however, are too occupied to do anything of that kind, as they have their hands full in blocking the progress of the Moorish Pretender's forces toward Fez and Mazagan.

Profound indignation has been aroused throughout France by the report that the Spaniards gave assistance to El Hiba, whom, it is alleged, they supplied with arms. The French Government has demanded official reports on the subject from its representatives in Morocco, and if the allegations should be confirmed, an energetic protest will be made and a demand for the cessation of the traffic will be lodged at Madrid.

RECORD FOR LINER FRANCE.

Voyage from Here to Havre Is Made by Her in 5 Days 16 Hours.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Aug. 28.—Favored by fine weather the French liner France, which arrived at Havre this morning, broke the record from New York to a French port.

The voyage was accomplished in 5 days 16 hours, at an average speed of 23.52 knots. The previous record was 6 days 3 hours 45 minutes.

The aviator, Glenn Curtiss, was on board. He said he believed that France would win the Aviation Cup at Chicago next month, as she had experience, machines, and men. He said the American Army was "going slow" on aviation.

To Meet Gerard Down the Bay.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard and Mrs. Gerard will return from Europe on the George Washington on Sunday, and a large number of the Justice's friends who believe that he should be the Democratic candidate for Governor will go down the bay to meet them. The party will include ten Tammany district leaders.

GERMAN PAPER FLAYS US.

Speaks of Our "Impudence" in Raising Tariff on Flour and Peas.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Aug. 28.—The Deutsche Tages-Zeitung, in a first-page article bitterly attacking America and Americans because of the recent increase in the tariff on rye flour, wheat flour, and split peas, introduces the attack by reprinting a paragraph from the Cologne Gazette, which declared that the matter was unimportant, since the value of Germany's exports of these three articles did not exceed $250 annually.

The Tages-Zeitung declares it makes no difference how small these exports are, as the smaller they are the less excuse there is for America's action. The article continues:

"The proposed increase is a breach of the existing covenants between America and Germany. The German Government must not put up with this breach, even if only one mark's worth of flour is exported to America. The impudence of Messieurs, the Americans, must no longer be tolerated."

ITALO-TURKISH PEACE NEAR.

Semi-Official Negotiators in Switzerland Reach Agreement.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Thursday, Aug. 29. — Signor Tittoni, the Italian Ambassador to France, had a long conversation with Premier Poincaré yesterday relative to the Italo-Turkish peace negotiations.

The Echo de Paris this morning announces, "on the authority of a well-informed diplomatic personage," that peace is imminent. It is stated that the negotiators, who have been meeting in Switzerland, have arrived at an agreement on several delicate problems.

Italy will not insist on including an annexation decree in the peace treaty, and Turkey will renounce her claim to suzerainty in Tripoli, Italy in addition paying a large indemnity to Turkey for the Tripoli territory.

Italy will evacuate the islands that she has occupied in the Aegean Sea.

KOREANS ALLEGE TORTURE.

Prisoners Accused of Plot Say They Were Forced to Confess.

SEOUL, Aug 28.—Further pleadings were heard to-day in defense of the 123 Koreans charged with conspiring against aGov. Gen. Terauchi.

M. Takahashi, counsel for the prisoners, ridiculed the mention in connection with the conspiracy of the name of Bishop Merriman C. Harris of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

Four of the prisoners were called to the stand by the Judge this afternoon. They testified that they had confessed, but after they had been beaten and threatened. One of them said: "I confessed though I had not been beaten, but I received little food and was burned."

Purchases made from now until the end of the month will be charged on September bills rendered October 1st.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN, MISSES and JUNIORS — MILLINERY — FURS

ANNOUNCE AN ADVANCE SHOWING OF

New Tailor-made Suits for Fall at $35, $45, $55, $65 and upwards

In these beautiful new models the woman or miss of discriminating taste will recognize the highest character of style and tailoring—

These Suits strike the advance note of Paris fashions for Fall—they embody *exclusive* features not yet shown in any other store in America, all of which are brought to the highest point of perfection by the skilled custom-workmanship which is put into every Gidding garment. The materials embrace the newest weaves of the world's best looms—fine broadcloths, velour cloths, serges and novelty fabrics.

In short, these are Tailor-made Suits *de luxe*—yet are marked at the *sensible* prices which have made this finely-appointed establishment unique among New York's high-class specialty stores.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

"I don't see how they make them wear so well—and they're so light and stylish, too."

That's the remark of many men and women who wear

Holeproof Hosiery

The Hosiery choice of men and women of every station, for themselves and for their children. They buy them, not only because they wear so long, but for their style and comfort, their light weight and good fit. Their splendid wearing qualities are merely an extra inducement—Buy them at a Brill store to-day.

6 Pairs Guaranteed to Wear 6 Months For Men, Women and Children

For Men, 6 pairs, $1.50; Mercerized, $2; Silk Lustre, $3
Men's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for three months, $2
For Women and Children, 6 pairs, $2; Silk Lisle for Women, $3
Women's Silk Holeproof, 3 pairs guaranteed for 3 months, $3

We are New York Agents. Mail and phone orders promptly filled.

Brill Brothers

BROADWAY, at 49th St. — 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. — 125th STREET, at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

"The Big Store"

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J.B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

IN NEW YORK'S SHOPPING CENTER

MAIN BUILDING

***Just Out!* Women's**

Fall Suits

An Advance Showing and Sale Today!

An interesting exhibit of the new styles and materials for Fall.

The early Fall suits show the distinct influence of the Directoire vogue, expressed in long coats with straight lines, contrasted waistcoats, long cutaway coat-skirts, standing collars that hug the neck, belted backs, the typical Directoire sleeve. Convertible Napoleon collars designed to be worn either standing or lying flat are one of the new touches.

Zibeline and a new type of zibeline cheviots—the handsome two-toned diagonals and wide-wales which show a gleam of contrasting color below their heavy cords—are some of the fabrics on which the tailors have expended their art.

The plain tailor-mades, ever popular, have not been neglected and are wonderfully smart this season.

Four of the prices for Fall suits are

$16.50, $19.50, $25 & $34.50

Come, look around—you will enjoy the showing.
(MAIN Building, First Floor.)

Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper and Co., Bankers, offer excellent banking facilities, and allow 4 per cent. per annum on time deposits and 2 per cent. per annum on accounts subject to check. Banking hours, 9 A. M. to 5. P M. We also make it easy for you to open a charge account.

Double AM Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Business Culture

You can't make a plant grow.

You can, however, place it in the right kind of soil, in the sunshine, give it sufficient moisture and—Nature will do the rest.

So it is with your business plant. The public is the soil. You must supply the nutrition of an advertising appropriation, the moisture of printers' ink, and the sunshine of attention-compelling booklets.

We will supply the sunshine and moisture and the nutrition may not be as much as you think

The Nation Press

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Telephone 83 Cortlandt — NEW YORK

Post Toasties nutritious are simply delicious;
They're flaky and crispy and brown;
Their exquisite flavor has surely won favor,
Just try them and banish that frown.

Written by D. WHEDON,
531 Millard Ave., Chicago, Ills.

One of the 50 Jingles for which the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich., paid $1000.00 in June.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas $2 & $2.50 School Shoes. Best in the world.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they look better, fit better and wear longer than any other make for the price.

CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 own stores and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they are within your reach. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct to factory for catalog showing how to order by mail. Shoes sent everywhere, delivery charges prepaid.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS OWN EXCLUSIVE STORES IN NEW YORK: 93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1465 Broadway (Times Square); 894 Third Ave.; 1483 Third Ave.; 2302 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St.—BROOKLYN 431 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 702-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.; 1779 Pitkin Avenue. NEWARK—831 Broad Street. PATERSON—199 Market St., cor. Clark St.

WHAT IS 1/12 OF YOUR TIME WORTH?

You know the answer, fill it in—and credit the amount to profit and loss every time you go to Philadelphia and use the one hour and fifty minute fliers of the

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

Another saving—you don't have to hunt time tables. Your watch is your time table, as trains leave Liberty Street every hour on the hour. Ten minutes of the hour from West 23d Street.

7 A. M. TO 10 P. M. AND AT MIDNIGHT WITH SLEEPERS.

Splendid Service—Hard Coal—No Smoke

MORAL USE NEW JERSEY CENTRAL

NEGRO LAWYER OUT OF BAR ASSOCIATION

William Morris Resigns After Committee Reverses Ruling Which Unseats Him.

LEWIS OF BOSTON STAYS IN

Recall of Judges Formally Denounced by National Gathering of Attorneys as a Fallacy.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 28.—The race question again came up before the American Bar Association to-day. William R. Morris of Minneapolis, one of the negro lawyers who had been unseated by the Executive Committee, which ruling was reversed by the association, sent a telegram announcing his resignation, saying it was based on "an entirely unselfish consideration of the best interests of the association."

On motion of Joseph Morrill of Thomasville, Ga., the resignation was accepted.

"I am opposed to the admission of negroes to this organization," said Mr. Morrill, "but I want to express our appreciation of his dignified attitude in resigning."

Two other negro members of the association were unseated by the Executive Committee because of their race. One of them was William H. Lewis of Boston, an Assistant United States Attorney General, who still retains his membership.

The recall of Judges was formally denounced by the association as a "fallacy," and as "tending to deprive the public of Judges of ability and high character." It was announced that the adoption of the report of the committee, headed by Frank B. Kellogg of St. Paul, denouncing the judicial recall movement, expressed the sentiment of the association's 5,200 members and the attitude of attorneys generally throughout the country.

Mr. Kellogg, in the course of his address to the association, said:

"The movement toward a higher education and more liberal democracy has undoubtedly been largely caused by a general public demand for legislation and control in our industrial life. This is a branch of new natonalism to which the public is now giving great attention. It is comparatively new in our country. It has been tried to a greater degree in the older civilizations. But all over the world the movement at the present time is toward more paternal legislation, greater control of the forces of industry and wealth and legislation looking to the betterment of the conditions of the masses of the people.

"We cannot give free rein to human desires and passions, or to the powers of wealth, without endangering the people. Such legislation is therefore bound to come. Shall we nationalize it? Shall we make it uniform? Shall it be the movement of the whole people? Shall we guide it into wise channels? Or shall we blindly oppose it, throw obstacles in the way, let it be sectional and ineffectual?

"We are learning from year to year how best to regulate the transportation facilities of the country without injury to capital or labor, and, while some injury has been done, in the scale of human good and evil the good so far outweighs the evil as to encourage us to continue the regulation.

"Without any stretch of the constitutional power, it is my opinion that the time is coming when the regulation of these transportation lines will of necessity be exclusively in the hands of the Federal Government."

A motion to urge President Taft and Congress to increase the salaries of Federal Judges provoked heated debate, and resulted in tabling the question. "I don't know that lawyers who practice before Federal courts should want to go on record for an increase of salaries of Judges before whom they appear," said William A. Ketcham, Indianapolis. "The President and Congress are well able to decide on it without instructions from the Bar Association."

"If we expect to have good Judges we must pay them decent salaries!" shouted J. B. David, Chicago. "I don't know why we should hesitate when we all know the Judges are not paid enough."

A committee was appointed to ask Congress "to empower the United States Supreme Court to prepare and put into effect a complete correlated system of pleading and procedure for the common law side of the Federal courts, as is now being done for the equity side."

The purpose is to provide for a uniform system of pleading in the State and Federal courts.

KAISER IS NEARLY WELL.

To Visit Switzerland After All—Goes Walking and Takes Long Ride.

CASSEL, Aug. 28.—Emperor William went for a ride in an automobile this evening, accompanied by the Empress and their daughter, Princess Victoria Louise.

His Majesty plans to go horseback riding to-morrow morning. His condition to-night showed marked improvement, and he is believed to be on the road to rapid recovery. Only a slight hoarseness betrays his recent indisposition.

During a long walk in the grounds and along the promenade of Wilhelmshöhe Castle early in the day, the Emperor set his companions a lively pace, swinging his cane vigorously. He afterward ate a hearty luncheon, in which he was joined by some members of the imperial family and his suite. Then he attended to a quantity of state business that had accumulated during his illness, but in the afternoon he took a little relaxation on the advice of the Court physicians.

The change in the weather, which today was warm and sunny, seemed to be the principal medicine required by his Majesty, who is looking forward to his approaching visit to Switzerland with keen interest.

The programmes of the parade of the Berlin garrison next week and of the manoeuvres in Saxony have not undergone any material change.

The Emperor having heard that various plans were in preparation to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his reign by making him presents purchased by popular subscription, to-day authorized the publication of a statement that he could not accept such presents. Instead, he requests the intending donors to devote the money to charitable, public, or patriotic purposes, and in doing so to remember especially the needy classes.

BERNE, Aug. 28.—The German Emperor is to attend the Swiss army manoeuvres, according to an official intimation received by the Swiss Government to-day.

The programme, however, is to be modified, and the trip on the railroad up the Jungfrau has been definitely abandoned.

ENVOY'S ASSAILANT HELD.

Cuban who Assaulted Our Charge Rearrested After Being Freed.

HAVANA, Aug. 28.—Enrique Maza, the Cuban journalist who last night assaulted the American Charge d'Affaires, Hugh S. Gibson, and who later was released despite Mr. Gibson's protests, was rearrested this afternoon by Chief of Police Aguirre and arraigned in the Correctional Court on the charge of wanton assault on the representative of a foreign power. The prisoner was committed to jail without bail to await indictment.

The Cuban press generally minimizes the incident. Some frankly anti-American newspapers proclaim Maza an avenger of insults to Cuba and laud his "gallant conduct."

Maza was taken last night before the Magistrate sitting in the Night Court, where he admitted the assault, declaring that he was "overwhelmed with patriotic fury" in consequence of the insult heaped upon his country by Mr. Gibson's insistence on the payment of the claim of $557,000 by Hugh Reilly, the American contractor. He was then released.

On learning of the release this morning Mr. Gibson sent a sharp note to Senor Sanguily, the Secretary of State. Secretary of Justice Menocal later informed Mr. Gibson that he had consulted the President of the court and had also taken steps to have the charges against Maza laid before the Prosecuting Attorney.

It is remarked here that the case recalls the unprovoked assault by Alberto Yarini on Cornell Tarler when the latter was Charge d'Affaires of the American Legation in 1908. The man was arrested, but escaped without punishment.

AIRMAN BURNED TO DEATH.

French Officer Killed While Trying to Get Pilot's Certificate.

DOUAI, Aug. 28.—Lieut. Louis M. Chandenier of the Army Aviation Corps, was burned to death while flying in his aeroplane to-day.

He started from this city for Chalons on the test necessary for the acquisition of a pilot's certificate. When he reached Crecy-sur-Seine, about half the distance, his petrol tank burst into flames and the machine crashed to earth.

The young officer's body was completely consumed by the fire. He belonged to the Eighth Infantry Regiment and had been attached only a short time to the aviation section.

The death of Lieut. Chandenier brings the list of victims of the aeroplane to 174.

Four airmen had previously been killed this month. On Aug. 3 Charles Lindsay Campbell, an Australian aviator, was killed by a fall at Brooklands, England. H. C. Fenwick, a noted British airman, was killed when his machine turned turtle over Salisbury Plain on Aug. 13. One week later, on Aug. 20, George Thompson, a Denver aviator, was killed when his aeroplane turned turtle at the race track at Lamar, Col. On Aug. 26 Fung Bue, the only Chinese aviator, was killed by a fall of 250 feet at Canton.

SAYS ALASKA IS STIFLED.

W. C. Brown Declares the Government Policy is Unreasonable.

Special to The New York Times.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 28.—"I do not see much possibility for railroad construction in Alaska at the present time owing to the conservation policy of the United States Government there. The mining industry has a big future, however, and with better administration will turn out to be exceptionally profitable." This statement was made by W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central Railroad, who has just returned from Alaska.

"I was greatly impressed with the mines and fisheries and their possibilities, but until some change is made in the form of administration, there is little prospect of much activity anywhere," continued Mr. Brown.

"The Government's policy does not allow the development of mines and forests or utilization of water power except on terms so unreasonable that capital cannot undertake it.

"I saw valuable timber there lying four layers deep, and more is falling every year and going to waste. The Government won't save it, nor will it allow any one else to save it. They are dedicating the place to eternal solitude and stifling all industry."

Mr. Brown left last night by the Canadian Pacific Railroad for New York.

NOT AMERICAN BEEF.

Cheap Meat Selling in London Not Ours, Says Armour Manager.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 28.—Packers are much interested to-day in statements in THE NEW YORK TIMES that American beef is selling in London at a lower price than in the United States. Figures were quoted to show a marked difference in beef prices in New York City and London.

Arthur Meeker, General Manager of Armour & Co., said that no American beef was being shipped to London.

"It is all used at home," he said. "There has been little American beef sent to London for four years, and in the last two years the exports have been constantly dwindling, until now they amount to nothing. There is no American beef in London that would afford opportunity for comparison."

TURKEY DEFIES POWERS.

Porte Says It Won't Listen to Proposals as to Its Internal Policy.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 28.—With reference to the proposal of Count Berchtold, the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Minister, with a view to obtaining a gradual autonomy for the European Provinces of Turkey, the Ottoman Government has notified its representatives abroad that, if they are approached concerning the project, the Porte will not listen to proposals affecting Turkey's internal policy.

ACCUSED BY HUSBAND KILLS HER CHILDREN

Mrs. Sypher of Brooklyn Attempts to Die with Them Because of Family Quarrel.

FOUND IN GAS-FILLED ROOM

Note Opened by Coroner's Physician Contains Denial of Flirtation—Sypher, Worried, Returns Early.

Mrs. Sarah Sypher, 25 years old, of 1,315 Halsey Street, Brooklyn, killed her three children and attempted to die with them by turning on the gas in her home yesterday after a quarrel with her husband, who had accused her of being too friendly with an acquaintance of the family.

William Sypher found his son Edward, 8 years old, daughter Muriel, 6, and youngest son Harold, 4 years old, dead near their mother. His wife was dying in the gas-filled room, but he dragged her out in time to save her life. She was sent a prisoner to the Bushwick Hospital charged with homicide.

In the woman's pocketbook in a bureau drawer the Coroner's physician, Dr. Wuest, found a letter written by Mrs. Sypher explaining her reasons for the deed. It was addressed to her husband and read:

Dear Will: I have told you the truth. I have kept straight and I swear there was nothing wrong between me and M. C. D., not even a flirtation. But I cannot live if you leave me, so I may as well finish it now. I am sorry I have wronged you, but I am paying for it in full. I hope you will forgive me, but I know you can't, so good-bye.

YOUR HEART-BROKEN WIFE.

P. S.—Mamma lives at 1,234 Pacific Street. Good-bye.

The letter was shown to her after she reached the hospital. Mrs. Sypher readily identified it as her own and said it would explain her position. It was said she probably would recover. News of the death of her children was withheld from her.

Sypher is employed by the Vulcan Iron Company. He went to his work on Staten Island at 7 A. M. Half an hour later his wife made deliberate preparations to kill herself and children by placing carpets and rugs around the doors to the bedroom and then turning on two overhead gas jets. At 10 A. M. the son of the owner of the house discovered gas leaking through the hallway doors, and turned it off in the basement.

About 2 P. M. Sypher, worried by the remarks of his wife when he left home in the morning, stopped work and returned to the house. He was obliged to break open the kitchen door to gain access. His wife was lying on the floor, with the youngest child on a cot by her side. The two older children were on a bed. Sypher dragged the children to the front room and then got his wife to the kitchen window.

When Dr. W. V. Weed of 1,238 Halsey Street arrived he said the children had been dead for some time. He succeeded in reviving Mrs. Sypher. Until late last night the father sat in his darkened rooms with the three little bodies, waiting for permission to call an undertaker to remove them, while a policeman stood guard at the door.

Woman of 73 Wanders from Home.

Patrick A. Patterson of 31 Hopkins Avenue, Brooklyn, reported at Police Headquarters last night that his mother, Mrs. Allan A. Patterson, had been missing since Monday night. She is 73 years old. She was last seen on board a Nostrand Avenue street car bound for New York. Mrs. Patterson has sons in Boston and Newark, and it is believed she left home with the intention of visiting one of them. She wore a black skirt and silk jacket. She wore only one slipper.

BEST MILK AT HOTEL BAR.

Committee Reports That Used in Dining Room Was of Poor Grade.

The New York Milk Committee forwarded yesterday to Health Commissioner Lederle a report of its investigation of the milk sold at the better-class hotels, restaurants, lunchrooms, and soda fountains in the business and shopping districts of Manhattan and Brooklyn.

In this borough the investigators visited six hotels and found that four were serving an excellent quality of milk. In one of the hotels visited it was found that the milk served across the bar was of a quality equal to certified, while in the dining room the milk was of a quality one would purchase in a corner grocery on the lower east side.

The investigators visited 9 hotels, 77 restaurants, 125 lunchrooms, and 19 soda fountains, with a total estimated daily patronage of 230,000 persons, representing business men and women shoppers. If the supply of milk sold at the places investigated is rated according to the recommendation of the National Commission on Milk Standards, 37 samples would be rated at 100 per cent., 105 at 90 per cent., 132 at 75 per cent., and 628 at 50 per cent. or less. The average rating on the basis of bacteria for 905 samples taken was found to be 35.2 per cent. The National Commission in its report recommends that no milk be sold for drinking purposes that is below a 75 per cent. rating. From two to four samples were taken from each place on different days.

BARRED FROM NEW LIFE HERE

Irish Girl's Deportation Makes Her a Wanderer—Can't Return Home.

Mary Terrell, an attractive and intelligent Irish girl, 23 years old, was deported yesterday on the Lusitania by order of Commissioner Williams on the ground that she was immoral. Through a woman in Ireland the immigrations officials learned that three years ago the girl gave birth to a child in Queenstown. The father of the child was the man to whom she was engaged.

On Aug. 18 Mary Terrell boarded the Lusitania at Queenstown with her fare paid to San Francisco, where her married brother had written to say he would receive her. She handed over the baby to her parents to start life anew here. On her arrival in New York the girl was taken to Ellis Island on Saturday and ordered to be deported on the same ship. Her brother was 3,000 miles away and too poor to have any influence at Washington. The girl said before sailing:

"I have now no home and no country. I cannot go back to Ireland. All I can do is to land in Liverpool and try to get employment at dressmaking, which I was taught in Queenstown. I will do any kind of work to earn my living in a country that will receive me. What have I ever done that the American officials should treat me so cruelly?"

REBELS MENACE AMERICANS.

Campa Says They Must Quit Sonora for Their Lives.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Aug. 28.—The Mexican rebels have set Sept. 16 as the date for an outbreak against foreigners, especially American residents in the State of Sonora. Gen. Emilio Campa, who is at the head of the band of the Sonora rebels, made a speech to his men at the Santa Geronimo mines in Northeastern Sonora, telling them that the Americans would be driven from the country and their property confiscated after Sept. 16 if they did not leave the country in the meantime. Sept. 16 is a national holiday in Mexico, and has long been the time chosen for outbreaks.

Gen. Campa also sent word to the American Consul, Edward Dye, at Agua Prieta, Sonora, opposite Douglas, Ariz., to warn all Americans to leave the country before that date upon penalty of their lives.

Joshua Stevens, a Mormon resident of Pacheco, was killed on Monday.

ARREST A SELLER OF CITY-INSPECTED MEAT

Federal Authorities Catch a Peddler When His Trade Becomes Inter-State.

FROM A DIRTY CELLAR SHOP

Fosdick's Confidential Report to Mayor Tells Conditions Found There—Up-State Shipments Seized.

United States Marshal Henkel arrested yesterday Anton Seifert, a peddler, of 408 East Sixty-ninth Street, on a charge of taking from this city to New Jersey cases of sausage which had not undergone Federal inspection.

The sausage had been purchased in a shop on First Avenue, near Seventy-second Street, and this shop was subject only to city inspection. By crossing into New Jersey the peddler was engaging in inter-State commerce. Seifert had carefully concealed several cases of the sausages, which had escaped Federal inspection, under loaves of bread. He tried to pass the Federal Inspectors by saying he carried only bread for disposal in New Jersey.

The complaint was made by Dr. U. G. Houck, head of the New York Division of Federal Food Inspection, on evidence obtained by Special Agent Stock. Seifert was taken before Judge Hough and held under bail for trial on Oct. 1.

The shop where Seifert purchased the sausage is one which was severely condemned by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick in a report to Mayor Gaynor following an investigation of food inspection methods in 1911. The report says that at this shop a tub of spoiled beef weighing 100 pounds was admitted to be intended for use in bologna sausages. The cellar of the establishment, where meats are processed, was very unsanitary. The walls, floors, benches, and cooking utensils were reported to be very dirty. Filth and dirt, according to the report, lay in all the corners. The cellar was not divided off by a wall or partition, and was the ordinary tenement house cellar.

On a girder running through this cellar, the report further states, there was a meat rack on which were found several hind quarters of beef. In this part of the cellar were coal and wood bins, ash cans, and garbage cans. In one of the wood bins there were found eight tierces of pork trimmings and other cured porks not covered. In other parts of the cellar cans of chopped meats were found exposed to the dirt and filth of the cellar.

Dr. Houck's officers also seized yesterday a shipment of immature calves from Middletown, N. Y. A shipment of six calves was seized the day before. Indictments will be asked for against the shippers from the Federal Grand Jury here.

TAFT SPEEDING WEST.

He and Sherman in Utica at Same Time, but Don't Meet.

UTICA, N. Y., Aug. 28.—President Taft and Vice President Sherman were both in Utica about 6 o'clock to-night, although they did not meet. The President's train was greeted at the station by about 100 persons, one-third of them women. Coming from his seat in the dining car, the President carried on a haphazard conversation with the crowd, but appeared more interested in the railroad improvements near by than in politics.

Vice President Sherman returned to Utica from an automobile trip down the Hudson. He was not aware of Mr. Taft's coming.

The President, accompanied by his military aid, Major Rhoads, had left Boston in the morning to attend the centennial celebration at Columbus, Ohio. His private secretary, Carmi A. Thompson, will join him in Ohio.

Senator W. Murray Crane, who is in Dalton, greeted President Taft in Pittsfield when the President's train arrived there. In his address the President said he was sorry Senator Crane was leaving public life.

At Springfield, Mass., the President, in a speech from the rear platform of his private car, declared that he did not intend to take any further part in active politics.

"I am not here to make a political speech," he said. "I have given that up. I believe that there are some politics going, but I am not going to take part in them. So far as I am concerned, you will have to make up your minds without hearing me further. I am on a trip to my own State to celebrate a hundred years of political life, and I have something to say to the people of Ohio on that subject, but not on politics."

There was a large crowd at the station in Springfield to hear the President, and it gave him a round of cheers as his train pulled out.

DROWNED SEEKING A SHARK.

Fisher Thought One Tugged at His Line and Jumped Into Sound.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Aug. 28.—William McLaughlin, a resident of Darien, near here, was drowned to-day in Long Island Sound off Collanders Point after jumping from his rowboat to catch what he thought was a shark biting his fish line. His body has not yet been found.

McLaughlin, with Henry Sherer, also of Darien, left Collanders Point early today on a fishing trip. They had made several catches and were about to return when McLaughlin declared that he had a shark on his line. Sherer told him he could not hold it with his line and pole. McLaughlin was determined, however, and, taking off his coat, plunged into the water. Sherer vainly awaited his return in the boat. He says he did not see McLaughlin again after the latter disappeared under the water.

Music in the Parks.

There will be concerts in Central Park, Carl Schurz, and Hamilton Fish Parks at 8 o'clock this evening.

$300,000,000 OF GUARANTEED MORTGAGES ON New York City Real Estate

have been sold by three Mortgage Companies in New York. No investor has ever lost a dollar. Can this record be duplicated in any other class of investment?

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus - - $8,500,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan
184 Montague St., Brooklyn

HONOR LATE MIKADO HERE.

Japan Society and Mission Boards to Hold Memorial Meeting.

The Japan Society, with the co-operation of the Boards of Foreign Missions, will hold a memorial meeting in Carnegie Lyceum, Seventh Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, on the evening of Sept. 13, in honor of the late Emperor of Japan. The Right Rev. M. C. Harris, Bishop of Japan and Korea, will preside.

The committee having the affair in charge is headed by Lindsay Russell as Chairman, and Jacob H. Schiff as Vice Chairman. Others on the committee are the Rev. Arthur J. Brown, Henry Clews, William Bayard Hale, R. Ichinmiya, the Rev. George Heber Jones, the Right Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd, and Dr. J. Takamine.

KILLED BY ICY WATER.

New York Bookkeeper Falls Into Cold Pool in the Catskills.

Special to The New York Times.

CATSKILL, N. Y., Aug. 28.—While making the ascent of the ravine in the Palenville Clove this afternoon, Harold Blair a nineteen-year-old bookkeeper of Elizabeth, N. J., employed by the Windsor Trust Company of New York, lost his footing and fell into the pool at the foot of La Belle Falls and was drowned.

Blair was accompanied by Russell Hine, who made frantic efforts to save him, but the swiftly running water pulled Blair out of his hands, and after a struggle that almost exhausted him he was obliged to leave Blair to his fate.

Blair's body was recovered this afternoon. The doctors said that ten minutes in water as cold as the water in the Palenville Clove was sufficient to stop the action of the heart.

A Large Assemblage of Fine FURNITURE

Now at Just HALF PRICE

Winding up this August Sale we have taken drastic action with the various odd suites and odd pieces that we wish to close out before the month ends. There is a large and varied collection of desirable Furniture that will be admired by thousands of housekeepers and shared by those fortunate enough to find the right place for it.

The Gimbel guarantee protects you as to the quality of every piece you buy, as well as to the original valuation placed upon it. We ask the most careful inspection and comparison. Every piece and suite in these special offerings is worth exactly double the price you need pay during the present week.

We have previously told of the Bedroom and Dining-room Furniture, a large collection of which is still here to select from. Today's feature is Parlor and Library Furniture—all at Half Price.

Library Furniture At Half Price

$16 Mahogany Library Tables, $8
$18 Mahogany Library Tables, $9
$22 Mahogany Library Tables, $11
$32 Mahogany Library Tables, $16
$35 Mahog. Library Tables, $17.50
$60 Mahogany Library Tables, $30

All-over Upholstered Arm Chairs, covered in leather, spring seat, tufted back. Regularly $50, now $25.

Regularly $40, now $20.

$60 Leather Arm Chairs at $30
$55 Leather Arm Chairs at $27.50
$40 Leather Rockers at $20
$18 Leather Rockers at $9
$15 Leather Rockers at $7.50
$13.50 Leather Rockers at $6.75
$10 Leather Rockers at $5

Early English Settees in leather—
$17 Settees at $8.50
$35 Settees at $17.50
$36 Settees at $18

Mahogany Settees in leather—
$35.50 Settees at $17.75
$37 Settees at $18.50
$45 Settees at $22.50
$65 Settees at $32.50
$68 Settees at $34

Three- and Five-Piece Parlor Suites at Half Price

Five-piece carved gold frame Parlor Suite, consisting of settee and four arm chairs, covered in imported damask. Regular price, $725; August price, $362.50.

Five-piece Mahogany Frame Parlor Suite, consisting of settee, arm chair, arm rocker and two side chairs, seat and back covered in Panne velour. Regular price, $170; August price, $85.

Five-piece Parlor Suite, spring seat, tufted back, wood frame, upholstered in green Panne velour. Regular price, $85; August price, $42.50.

Three-piece handsomely carved Parlor Suite, consisting of settee and two arm chairs, spring seat, tufted back, covered in green Panne velour. Regular price, $220; August price, $110.

Three-piece Circassian Walnut Parlor Suite, with gold mountings, consisting of settee, arm chair and side chair, covered in figured tapestry. Regular price, $225; August price, $112.50.

Imported Gold Suite, five pieces, consisting of sofa and four arm chairs, handsomely carved, gold frame, upholstered seat and back covered in Aubusson tapestry. Regular price, $3,500; August price, $1,750.

Three-Piece Parlor Suites

$52 3-piece Parlor Suite at $26
$60 3-piece Parlor Suite at $30
$80 3-piece Parlor Suite at $40
$85 3-piece Parlor Suite at $42.50
$95 3-piece Parlor Suite at $47.50
$100 3-piece Parlor Suite at $50
$125 3-piece Parlor Suite at $62.50
$140 3-piece Parlor Suite at $70
$160 3-piece Parlor Suite at $80
$165 3-piece Parlor Suite at $82.50
$170 3-piece Parlor Suite at $85
$215 3-piece Parlor Suite at $107.50
$245 3-piece Parlor Suite at $122.50

Two-Piece Parlor Suites

Consisting of sofa and arm chair, mahogany frame—
$100 Parlor Suite at $50
$187 Parlor Suite at $68.50
$180 Parlor Suite at $90
$210 Parlor Suite at $105
$395 Parlor Suite at $197.50

Brass Beds at Half Price

2-in. continuous post Brass Beds, heavy filling rods in both the head and foot board. Regularly $28, now $14.

Colonial designs, panel effect, Brass Bed. Regularly $21, now $10.50.

2-in. continuous post, heavy filling rods in both the head and foot board. Regularly $32, now $16.

Sixth and Seventh Floors

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Store Closes at 12 Noon, on Saturday

Macy's

Herald Square Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Store Closed All Day Monday, Sept. 2—Labor Day

Washable Riding Habits for Women, Misses and Children, Reduced

The glorious season of Indian Summer now approaching is that most enjoyed by equestrians. Park riding is at its best, while country centres surfeit the eye with Nature's beauties, bringing the glow of perfect health. With a good two months ahead when washable Habits will be most comfortable, these reductions enable one to make a virtue of necessity, or to anticipate next year's needs at an appreciable saving. There is not a complete size-range at any price, but that is why the reductions were made.

$12.74 Habits, now $6.74
Children's sizes in linen crash box coat with breeches.

$12.74 Habits, now $8.74
Misses' sizes in linen crash long coat and breeches.

$14.74 Habits, now $8.74
Women's sizes in linen crash side and cross saddle Habits.

$16.74 Habits, now $10.74
Women's side and cross-saddle Habits of linen crash and khaki.
Also misses' side and cross-saddle Habits in the same materials.

Special Habits at $12.74
That were $15.74 to $20.74
Women's sizes in linen crash side, astride, and coat-and-breeches habits.
Cloth Habits Ready in Fall models, for women, young women and children. Prices invariably Lowest-in-the-City.

Second Floor, B'way, 35th St.

"Faille Princess" Silk, 79c Yard

The quality which sells generally at $1.00 a yard.

This is one of the popular silk-and-cotton fabrics at present for blouses, dresses and suits. The assortment of colorings is most attractive, numbering twenty-six. Included are

Black, White, Ivory, Cream, Pink, Ciel, Copenhagen, Cardinal, Taupe, Coronation, Navy

The width is 36 inches, making eight yards necessary for the average dress.

Main Floor, 35th St.

Boys' Percale and Chambray Blouses
Specially priced at 39c

The school season will soon be upon us, when the boys will need new blouses, shirts, etc. There are very special values in goods of regular "Macy" quality! They are shown in chambray, madras and percale in a wide choice of colorings, including white. Collars attached, with or without yoke. Sizes 6 to 16 years. Formerly priced at 48c.

Madras Negligee Coat-Shirts
For Boys and Youths, at 59c

They are made of woven madras and mercerized pongee in choice of four shades. Also in stripes. Collar attached; a few separate. With plain neckband. Sizes 12 to 14 neck. These are among the best values in shirts for boys and youths that we have ever offered.

Sailor or Russian Blouse Models, at 98c

Washable suits in great variety; colored and white, regularly priced at $1.49 and $1.98.

Second Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Key West Clear Havana Cigars
A Fresh Shipment of the Famous "El Cio" Brand

This is our finest clear Havana Cigar. It is made at Tampa by skilled Cuban Cigarmakers under the most favorable climatic conditions.

In this branch, as in others of our Tobacco business, we emphatically state that we supply the finest quality of goods at lower prices than are quoted by any Tobacco Store or combination of Stores in New York City.

Camelias	Box of 50 $3.39	Perfecto Royal	Box of 25 $2.49
Victorias	Box of 50 $3.96	Pefectos Superba	Box of 25 $3.49
Dainties	Box of 50 $4.49	Queens	Box of 50 $5.94
Reina Victoria	Box of 50 $4.96	Fancy Tales	Box of 25 $4.96
Ambassadores	Box of 50 $5.94		

English-made Pera Cigarettes

These have just arrived and are packed in tin in such a way as to preserve the exquisite aroma, besides making it possible to keep them in perfect condition after being opened. These are of unusually fine quality. In fact, if you will once test our claim that we sell the same qualities of tobacco as are obtainable elsewhere at considerably lower prices, we shall have your regular patronage.

English Pera Cigarettes are Priced as Follows:

Size C	Box of 100 $3.69	Size C Gold Tipped	Box of 10 39c
Size C	Box of 10 37c	Size A, Plain or Gold Tipped	Box of 100 $4.96
Size C Gold Tipped	Box of 100 $3.89		

Remember! *Macy's for smokers' supplies of the highest quality, from pipe-cleaners at 1c a dozen to a set of pipes at $11.49. Prices lowest-in-the-city.*

Fifth Floor, 35th St.

The Mid-Summer Furniture Sale

Is still in progress. But it will be at an end with the close of this week.

If you have any Furniture wants be sure to come tomorrow and make your selections. Delivery in September if desired.

Fourth Floor.

Domestic Rugs

Unusual values to ensure a quick clearance; we are making room for the new Autumn patterns.

This is a fine opportunity to profit by our need to make room for the new patterns coming in almost daily. Prices are very considerably reduced.

High Grade Wilton Rugs

These come in useful size and tasteful color combinations of brown, mahogany, red, green, rose and tan. Some medallion effects, but most all in all-over Persian colors.

Our Regular Price	Size		Special at
$59.75	10.6x15	ft.	$39.89
$54.50	10.6x13.6	ft.	$36.48
$49.48	10.6x12	ft.	$33.48
$36.89	9 x12	ft.	$29.48
$5.74	36 x63	in.	$4.24
$3.74	27 x54	in.	$1.98

Kalga Art Rugs

Serviceable and artistic, in two-tone and Oriental effects. Seamless and reversible.

Regular Price	Size		Special at
$4.59	6 x 9	ft.	$3.74
$5.69	7.6x 9	ft.	$4.74
$6.89	9 x 9	ft.	$5.74
$7.94	9 x10.6	ft.	$6.48
$9.24	9 x12	ft.	$7.48
$14.49	12 x15	ft.	$12.48

Tapestry Brussels Rugs

The kind that will stand up under hard wear. In floral and Oriental patterns.

Regular Price	Size		Special at
$11.74	8.3x10.6	ft.	$8.24
$14.24	9 x12	ft.	$9.74
$16.74	11.3x12	ft.	$10.74
$18.69	10.6x12	ft.	$12.74

Velvet Hall and Stair Carpet

A comprehensive line of serviceable Carpets, marked especially low. Choice of many patterns and color effects.
A yard 84c

Carpet Samples

These are marked down to one-third and one-half regular price by the yard. They come in lengths of one to two yards long and are serged at both ends.

VELVET CARPET LENGTHS.
One-yard length 66c
One and one-half and one and three-quarter yard lengths 98c

Tapestry Brussels Lengths

One yard 46c
One and one-half yard 69c

WILTON VELVET LENGTHS.
One and one-half yard $1.24

OIL CLOTH & LINOLEUM.
Tile, Parquetry and Matting effects. Unusual value and a great variety for choosing.

OIL CLOTHS.
A square yard, special 29c

FIGURED CORK LINOLEUM.
A square yard, special ..... 48c and 59c

INLAID LINOLEUM.
A square yard, special $1.19

Third Floor, Broadway.

ADMITS HE STOLE $50,000.

James Fischer, 14 Years After Theft, Confesses Identity and Guilt.

After eluding the police for fourteen years and living among the very persons who were desirous of causing his arrest, James Fischer, who was arrested on July 18 for the theft of $50,000, pleaded guilty before Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday and was sentenced to not less than two or more than five years in State Prison.

Fischer was indicted for grand larceny in the first degree on complaint of Goodman Brothers, 45 West Twentieth Street, where he had been employed as a cashier. This theft took place fourteen years ago, and detectives were at once placed on his trail. Instead of running away, however, Fischer remained in the city and often visited his old haunts, where he was approached by persons who greeted him as "Jim" Fischer. He always denied his identity, saying that he was Thomas Fischer, a brother to the guilty man, who had fled to South America.

While in the Tombs Fischer denied his identity until yesterday morning, when he summoned his lawyer, Louis Spiegel, and said he wanted to confess. Assistant District Attorney Wasservogel was called, and after listening to Fischer's confession announced that the prisoner desired to plead guilty.

Fischer's wife accompanied him when he was sentenced and pleaded with Judge Mulqueen to deal leniently with the prisoner.

It's almost a sacrifice, as Neckwear Bargains help along the Suit Sale to-day.

Men's suits at $15 are running strong—over 1000 were $25 suits, or better.

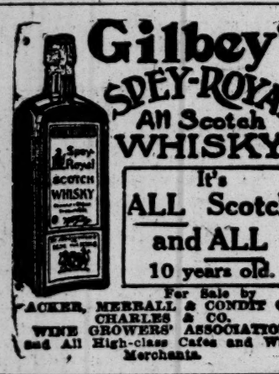
But we keep on lining out the hits—

12,196 scarfs.
10,346 are 50c values.
1,850 are $1.00 values.
25c.

3,561 bow ties.
All 50c bows.
25c.

1,570 neglige shirts.
$1.50 values.
65c.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY;
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.



Gilbey's SPEY-ROYAL An Scotch WHISKY
It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.
For Sale by
ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO.
CHARLES & CO.
WINE GROWERS' ASSOCIATION,
and All High-class Cafes and Wine Merchants.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
SPECIAL SERVICE
ATLANTIC CITY
LABOR DAY
Special Fast Express
Trains will leave Atlantic City for New York, Newark and Elizabeth at 5:30 and 7:30 P. M. Parlor cars on both Trains; Diner on 5:30 Train.
The Regular Schedule of Trains to Atlantic City follows: Leave New York, W. 23d St., week days, 9:50 A. M., 3:20 P. M.; Sats only, 12:50 P. M.; Sundays, 9:50 A. M., 2:20 P. M.
Leave New York, Liberty St., week days, 10 A. M., 3:30 P. M.; Sats. only, 1 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M.

"Don't miss it"
The Wireless Now
By Arthur Train
An Up-to-the-Minute Story
All Book Stores $1.20
THE CENTURY CO.

The favorite on land and sea
C. & C. Ginger Ale

OFFICE FURNITURE
Quality that DEFIES Comparison; prices that WELCOME it.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO.,
46 & 48 E. 26th St. (bet. B'way & 4th Av.)

Save Your Energy
BY USING THE TELEPHONE TO AVOID UNNECESSARY TRIPS, NEEDLESS WAITING AND WORRY.
New York Telephone Company

TELLS FACTS ABOUT CULEBRA SLIDES

Donald MacDonald, Canal Commission Geologist, Says They Never Imperiled Canal.

BUT DID GIVE MUCH TROUBLE

No Reason, He Says, Why the Vast Man-Made Valley Should Not Endure for Ages.

In an article contributed to The Engineering Record, Donald F. MacDonald, geologist to the Isthmian Canal Commission, says that the great slides which have occurred in the Culebra Cut have never for a moment caused the engineering staff to doubt the ultimate success of the great undertaking. He concludes that when the slopes shall have been reduced to the proper angle, which will of course vary with the strength of the rock from almost perpendicular in the case of strong lavas, to one in five in the case of the much-sheared clay rocks, the slide problem will be practically solved.

For a time the great masses of earth and rock which broke from the steep, high slopes of Culebra Cut and slid into the excavation were, to those who relied on the newspaper reports, a serious menace to the successful completion of the canal, says Mr. MacDonald. As a matter of fact, however, the slides, vast though they were and are, never really complicated the engineering problems of the work, never hindered the yardage output, and never threatened the success of the canal. It is true that the slides have added much to the necessary excavation, and therefore to the total cost, but it is a mistake to think that they have in the past, or will in the future, put in jeopardy the successful completion and operation of the canal.

The slides are due, in large part, to the geological conditions. The oldest rocks are exposed along the canal between Obispo and Empire. Faulting, shearing, and weathering have mixed this already complex mass so that it is difficult to analyze it. From Empire southward younger rocks are found in a formation estimated to be 250 feet thick. These grade upward into light gray lenses of sandstone from three inches to three feet thick, separated from each other by thin beds of shale. Both series of beds show remains of marine fauna which indicate that they were originally laid down as sediment in the bottom of shallow estuaries of the sea, and as the same fossil relations are found all across the Isthmus, it is evident that the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans were joined at that time.

Four Types of Slide.

There are four distinct types of slide, each clearly distinguishable from the others, yet each aiding and abetting the others, and all working together to pull down material from the high slopes into Culebra Cut, to squeeze material up in the bottom of the cut, or to do both.

These are structural breaks and deformations resulting in slides; normal or gravity slides; fault zone slides, and weathering and surface erosion. The first class is far by the most important and troublesome. Fortunately, they scarcely occur outside of the Culebra district. The first manifestation of these slides is the appearance of cracks or fissures parallel or somewhat oblique to the trend of the edge of the steep slope of Culebra Cut. They extend from a few yards to a hundred yards or more back from it and from each other.

They are usually traceable on the surface of the ground for several hundred yards, and gradually widen out to form perpendicular crevasses several inches wide. Locally, one or more of these cracks may appear, and they may develop into the second stage in a few weeks or in a year or two, depending on the surrounding conditions.

The second stage of this type of slide consists of a canalward tilting of these blocks, usually accompanied by a deformation or bulging up of the rocks in the bottom of the canal opposite them. There is a downward and a canalward movement of all the blocks which reaches a maximum of, say, five feet to ten feet, at the edge of the cut. There is also a tilting forward toward the cut, on its own axis, of each block.

These settling, tilting, and formative movements go on for from a few weeks to a year or more before the third and last stage of these slides is reached. The last stage consists in the dropping downward of one or more blocks, due to the failure and squashing out of its base. Then the whole block disintegrates and soon becomes a normal gravity earth-rock slide, piling up in the bottom of the cut.

This type of slide is due to the unstable geological condition of the rock formations through which the cut passes, attributable only to nature, and to the oversteepness and height of the slopes, blasting, and other work attributable only to man. Any excavation removes support from one side of the column of earth or rock which forms the slopes or walls of that excavation. In an excavation through granite the slopes or walls may be made perpendicular for depths of several thousand feet without their crushing in, but if such excavation were carried down for a depth of, say, three miles, perpendicular walls could not be maintained, even in granite, for the unbalanced pressure at the foot of such walls would exceed the crushing strength of the rock, and crushing in of the lower part of the excavation would result.

The weaker the rock the less deep need be the excavation and less steep the walls in order to cause crushing and deformation, and the critical depth and steepness, for the rocks involved, has locally been exceeded in the cut near Culebra. In the first estimate of excavation for Culebra Cut this weak rock factor was not sufficiently considered. The earth vibrations set up by deep, heavy blasting near slopes already under a great strain have had a considerable tendency to develop slides.

Only One Known Remedy.

For this type of slide there is only one remedy, and that is now being applied, namely, to make the slopes less steep by removing material from their upper portions, so that the unbalanced pressure toward the floor of the steep, high-cut banks shall be less than the crushing strength of the rocks involved. To do this several steam shovels have been put up on top of the banks on each side of the cut, and these are now terracing the upper part of the slopes, making them less steep and relieving somewhat their strained condition.

It has been asked, if the slopes have to be reduced any way, why not let the slides come down, and thus reduce blasting expenses and increase the output of yardage by shoveling them out from the bottom of the cut; in a word, let the cut make its own natural slopes? The reasons against this plan are that each slide of this type deforms, shears, and weakens the rocks to depths far below the limits of the material which actually gets into the cut at the time, and this weakened material will require a much flatter slope to withstand the tendency to slide than would have been necessary had it not been strained by deformation.

Also, each block as it crushes down generally leaves behind it not a gradual slope, but the nearly perpendicular face of another block, so that when the first slide is shoveled out the tendency for the next block to crush down is not removed, and in most cases is but little lessened. Another factor which enters into the cause of these large slides and deformations is, time. Some of these movements run their course in a few weeks or months, but others have shown cracks for many months, or even years, and have not yet slid.

These cracks and fissures are sources of weakness which sooner or later, especially after the cut shall have been deepened, will give trouble, unless remedied by reduction of slopes. These slides also involve the additional expense and trouble of keeping the cut drainage open, and of shifting and adjusting the railroad tracks in the cut so that the dirt trains may not be interrupted. It is therefore very desirable that they be remedied as soon as possible after they begin to manifest themselves.

It is fortunate that of the highest and steepest parts of Culebra Cut, namely, Gold Hill and Contractors' Hill, will not deform and crush into the cut. This is due to the fact that their foundations are relatively strong rocks of volcanic origin which extend down more than a thousand feet into the earth. Locally, especially in the upper portions, these masses in their formative stage had mushroomed out somewhat. Rock, loosened by jointing, by weathering, and by former heavy blasting, or by all three causes, will from time to time drop from these steep places, even to the extent of what might be called good-sized rock slides, but the hill masses themselves will stand immovable.

Another Large Erosion Problem.

Another large erosion problem is that which will result along the water's edge from the wash of steamers going through the canal. The wash from the many steamers that will pass through Culebra Cut will certainly be sufficient to very considerably erode the softer rocks along the water's edge unless they be protected.

The turning of the water into the canal will remedy the slides only in so far as it will provide cheaper methods of excavation and removal of them by dredging. The counter-balancing effect of the water against the slopes of the canal will be an almost negligible quantity, so far as the slides are concerned, for the following reasons: The maximum depth of water in Culebra Cut will be 45 feet, and the height of the slopes where sliding might occur is from 75 to 300 feet. The sliding material has an average specific gravity of almost 2½, hence 45 feet of water would balance only about 18 feet of slide if the pressure were evenly distributed.

Considering the more or less wedge-shaped fronts and the back pressures of many of the slides, it is estimated that the 45 feet of water would be equivalent to only about 10 feet of slide. Other considerations are that, though the water will protect the lower part of the canal from oxidation and weathering, thus removing a small source of weakness, it will cause water to permeate the cracks and interstices at the foot of the slope and thus be an added source of weakness—though not a serious one—to the slides. On the whole, the water in the canal will slightly increase the tendency to slide, but this will be more than offset by the cheaper methods of excavation and transportation which can then be used.

With the slopes reduced to the proper angle, the slide problem will be solved. With slope pressures thus finally adjusted and a protective mantle of vegetation minimizing erosion on the banks, Mr. McDonald says there is no reason why this new and mighty man-made valley shall not be as stable and as enduring as other great valleys wrought in the long ages by Nature's sculpturing hand.

FLAMES DRIVE OUT ARTISTS.

Gainsborough Studios' Windows Cracked by Heat from Stable Blaze.

The Gainsborough Studios at 222 Central Park South, one of the places visited by the Duke of Connaught last Spring, was scorched yesterday morning by a fierce $50,000 fire in the Colorado Boarding and Livery Stables of Jerome and Marcus J. Monheimer in Fifty-eighth Street.

An alley twelve feet wide separates the Gainsborough Studios from the Colorado Stables. The artist tenants of the studios were awakened by the crash of glass in their rear windows, due to the heat. Women hastily slipped on opera cloaks over their night dresses and hurried to the elevators.

The night watchman heard the crashing glass, and thinking it was the sound of pistol shots, hurried to the upper floors with a drawn revolver. He assisted the elevator men in getting the tenants to the ground floor in order. Taxicabs were called and the partly dressed women were taken to near-by hotels.

The fire in the stables burned so hotly that three alarms were sent in and lines of hose were run from Central Park South through the Gainsborough Studios. Firemen also worked from the roofs of adjoining buildings on Fifty-eighth Street. During the excitement Battalion Chief Reynolds was hit by a piece of falling timber and tumbled from a ladder. Dr. Fischer of Flower Hospital dressed his injuries, which were not serious.

Among the artists who have studios in the building are Colin Campbell Cooper, Montague Flagg, A. Fransen, Edward Potthast, Robert MacCameron, Albert L. Groll, Frederick Crane, and Content Johnson. All of them were out of the city, some of them in Europe, last night.

Thirty horses which were in the destroyed stables were taken to safety before the fire got great headway. The efficiency of the firemen confined the work of destruction to the stables. If it had spread to the various garages and auto houses in the neighborhood a serious fire would have menaced Broadway.

SMASHED DR. BECKER'S AUTO

Garage Employe Took Joy Ride with New $4,000 Machine.

Dr. D. B. Becker of 415 East 138th Street was told early yesterday morning by Patrolman William Dunn that a machine bearing his license number had been wrecked near the corner of 188th Street and Alexander Avenue. Upon hastening to the scene the physician found the remains of a car which he had just purchased for $4,000.

A washer employed in the garage where it was kept had taken the car out shortly before midnight for a joy ride. No trace of him has been found.

Sergt. John English was standing under the elevated structure in 138th Street, between Willis and Alexander Avenues, early yesterday morning, when an automobile containing five men passengers shot by at a speed of nearly forty miles an hour. English blew his whistle, and the signal was heard by Patrolman Dunn, who ran into the roadway, directly in the path of the automobile, and signaled to the driver to stop.

The man at the wheel swerved to one side to avoid running down the patrolman. The car shot around the corner into the avenue with such velocity that it turned completely about, banged into the curb, and a wheel was ripped off. It then shot forward a distance of ten feet and struck an electric light pole. A forward wheel was smashed and the machine came to a stop with the hood crushed in and the engine shattered. The five men in the machine jumped out and ran away before the policeman could intercept them.

RAILROAD'S DOG RECOVERS.

Roxy Back on Duty, His Doctor Bills Paid, and Money in the Bank.

There is rejoicing in the Long Island Railroad Y. M. C. A. in Long Island City, for Roxy is coming back from the sanitarium, thoroughly recovered from a severe attack of pneumonia and ready to resume his rides on the trains from the Pennsylvania Station in Seventh Avenue to the tip of the island. The good news reached Secretary Hicks yesterday in a letter which purported to have been dictated by Roxy himself, although there is some doubt about this, for after all Roxy is only a dog.

Roxy returns to his usual haunts in enviable shape, for all his doctor's bills are paid and he has money in the bank. He always had had a small fund in a Long Island City savings bank for his license tags, but this had dwindled so that when he was taken ill a month ago there was need of replenishment. Immediately every one on the road, from President Peters down, went down into his pocket and chipped in.

Roxy knows every man on the road, and will ride with any man who wears the company's uniform, but he has no earthly use for any man who does not wear that uniform.

Hygeia Distilled (Croton) Water has been the standard of the U. S. Pharmacopeia for thirty years. Call up Chelsea 101
351 W. 12th Street.
Drink Plenty

COST OF FARM SUPPLIES CAUSE OF DRIFT TO CITIES

Tariff Tax on Agricultural Implements, Lumber, Wagons, Leather, and Other Indispensable Articles Causes Fall in Farm Profits and Discourages Newcomers.

By JOHN JEROME ROONEY.

"The drift from the farm to the city" in the United States was shown in a former article to be a real phenomenon, not a mere general impression. It was shown from the figures of the last census that this loss of agricultural population amounted in the preceding decade to about 10 per cent.; that the farm was not holding its native population, and that the new immigration, with the exception of the Scandinavian peoples, was not seeking the land here to any noticeable extent. In fact, one of the chief problems of the various societies to protect and direct the friendless immigrant was the difficulty of inducing him to go to the farming sections of the country, not to speak of the greater difficulty of keeping him there when once located.

The chief cause of this was pointed out to be an economic one, not so much the difficulty of getting land as the increasing and heavy burden of obtaining proper equipment for farming on an ever-mounting supply price scale. Thus the net profits of agriculture, with the rise of the prices of supplies, has been steadily falling. Only recently, on a limited number of articles of production, has this tendency been in any great degree offset. Farmers not producing these special lines had no offset. Hence, abandoned farms very generally in the older States of smaller acreages to the farm, where, because of longer cultivation, the soil needs artificial enrichment and more constant cultivation — the "intensive-farming" process, which is doing so much good in spots.

This artificial price-level for supplies for the farmer and his family was traced directly to the restrictive and price-raising system of the tariff and the trade combinations created and fostered by the tariff and the Payne-Aldrich bill in particular.

The responsibility of the tariff and the closed supply market it has produced can be shown by a thousand concrete examples. For instance, here is an advance in the price of lumber and fencing, (posts and boards) during the last ten years of 100 per cent., and during the last year another advance of about 40 per cent. has taken place.

To say that lumber, boards, fencing, posts, shingles, are an essential supply to the farmer is almost a commonplace. While the range of tariff rates are not high compared with the textile schedules, yet on such an article as shingles there is a duty ranging from 23 to 27.28 per cent. That this rate is substantially prohibitory of importation and competition is shown by the fact that last year the total duties collected at all our Custom Houses on shingles was only $320,000. But, unquestionably, on the entire domestic supply this tariff rate advanced the price by at least 20 per cent.

A heavy article such as lumber, carrying heavy transportation charges, rail, &c., when tariff taxed only slightly, is heavily handicapped and largely excluded from importation. Here are sawed boards, planks, deals, taxed (Paragraph 201) 50 cents per 1,000 feet, board measurement, but, says the paragraph, fearful lest something might get by it:

> When lumber of any sort is planed or finished there shall be levied, in addition to the rates herein provided, the following: For one side so planed or finished, 50 cents per thousand feet, board measure; for planing or finishing one side and tonguing and grooving or for planing or finishing on two sides, 75 cents per thousand feet, board measure; for planing or finishing on three sides or planing and finishing on two sides and tonguing and grooving, $1.12½ per thousand feet, board measure; for planing and finishing on four sides, $1.50 per thousand feet, board measure, and in estimating board measure under this schedule no deduction shall be made on board measure on account of planing, tonguing, and grooving.

Yet, it is not the duty alone, in the case of lumber, that has enhanced the price but the control of the possible lumber lands and therefore the supply and the outlet to the consumer—the tariff holding back the immense available Canadian and New Brunswick resources. Ten or twelve years ago, cedar fence posts fit for corners, six inches, cost 12 cents each; four inch posts, 11 cents each; now they cost 25 and 19 cents each.

Between the years 1900 and 1910, binders rose from $100 to $130; mowers, from $45 to $50; two-horse wagons, from $60 to $75; wheat drills, from $110 to $118; harrows, from $28 to $34; farm harness, from $29 to $35. Small tools of every description, cutlery, tin plate and the hundred articles that go into farm production, not to speak of the supply of the farmer's family and the home, have advanced since 1896 not less than 60 per cent.

It may be interesting to note again the fact pointed out on Monday last, in these articles, in THE NEW YORK TIMES, that during this same period American manufactured farm implements, plows, binders, horse rakes, mowing machines, chaff cutters, were quoted in the Bradford, England, market, and so reported by our United States Consul there, Mr. Augustus E. Ingram, at a fall in prices of from 15 to 25 per cent., and at prices materially below the domestic (American) market price.

Run through the entire list of farmers' supplies and necessaries, with the exception of binder twine, which, note carefully, is on the free list of tariff, and this price-lifting process is observed. This applies, of course, to his farm engines, wheelbarrows, cider and wine presses, grinding mills, corn shellers, cultivators, seed drills, road scrapers, horse rakes, corn planters, nails and screws, horseshoes, wagon materials, leather, and a half a hundred more articles of indispensable necessity to the success of a well-equipped farm.

Here is a tax laid at the very root of production and passing along to the consumer. But, as an equally unescapable effect, the process of production is hampered and the natural economic profit injured. This, and not some fanciful "loneliness of the farm," "lack of social advantages," "lure of the city," &c., which defenders of the "protective" tax system advance as excuses, is the true cause of the drift away from the farm.

It is the economic cause above pointed out, diminishing the just and normal return of agriculture, that is at the source of the phenomenon.

The "drift" does not occur in districts whose unusual natural advantages, fertility of the soil, and large acreages and large production result in good economic return and offset to some extent the dead weight of the tariff tax.

A Tin of
Instant Postum
—sold by grocers at 30c

makes about 50 cups of a delicious beverage tasting much like the mild, rich, high-grade Javas of the Orient (so hard to buy at any price nowadays.)

This royal flavoured food-drink not only **saves money** in these days of the high cost of living, but is preferred by many former coffee drinkers because of its pleasing taste and freedom from the coffee drug, "caffeine."

Instant Postum Requires No Boiling.

It is regular Postum in concentrated form—nothing added.

It is made by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water and adding cream and sugar to taste. Housewives appreciate that because it saves time, work and fuss in the preparation of a meal.

Iced Postum—First dissolve in hot water; then pour into glass or pitcher containing ice. Add lemon and sugar as desired.

Instant Postum is sold in tins containing sufficient to make about 100 cups at 50 cts. Smaller tins making about 50 cups cost 30 cts.

Coffee Averages About Double That Cost.

Ask your grocer about it. If he doesn't have Instant Postum send his name and address and a 2-cent stamp to cover postage and we will send you a 5-cup free sample of this new food-drink.

"There's a Reason" for POSTUM

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

THREE SHOT IN STREET FIGHT

Two Youths Attacked by Another from Doorway—One Victim Dies.

Patrolman Coleman stood in Second Avenue at 114th Street, between 6 and 7 o'clock last evening, swinging his stick and wondering why all lower Harlem seemed so peaceful. Suddenly came a volley of pistol shots, and Coleman ran forward to see one youth lying senseless in the street, another creeping wounded along the pavement, and blazing away at a third youth who was backing swiftly up the avenue, firing as he went.

Darting past the one lying on the pavement, Coleman got his hands on the next man just as the last barrel was emptied. Dragging this prisoner with him he went in pursuit of the third, who had vanished in the doorway of the tenement house at the southeast corner of 116th Street, leaving a trail of blood behind him. Still collaring the youth he had Coleman made his way up the dark stairway, and at the top, writhing on the hallway floor, he came across the fugitive. Both men were badly wounded, but, face to face again, their hatred flared up and they sprang at each other's throats. It was some moments before they were forcibly parted and all three men were being trundled to Harlem Hospital in the same ambulance.

The man gathered up from the sidewalk had a bullet wound in his head. He died a few hours later. He was Paul Cassetta, 22 years old of 407 East 116th Street. He and Dominic Landi, 21 years old, of 332 East 114th Street, Coleman's first prisoner, were strolling along the avenue, when the twenty-year-old gunman, Enrico Esposito of 313 East 112th Street, began his attack from the shelter of a doorway. The police say Esposito has been in their toils before. Landi is charged with assault and of violating the anti-weapon law. Esposito is accused of homicide.

DROPS CHILDREN TO SAFETY.

Cut Off by Flames, Mrs. Radford Is Rescued by Firemen.

Mrs. Rose Radford was busy with her breakfast dishes yesterday morning in her rooms on the third floor of 515 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, when the cry of fire came up from the street, and she saw through the window the second-floor tenants out on the sidewalk across the way, signaling to her. Smoke was pouring out of the windows below.

She caught her little boy and girl in her arms and hurried to the stairs. Below everything was smoke, and she could see the flames dancing on the woodwork. There was no escape that way, and she stumbled back to the kitchen and the window facing the back yard. The first floor extension roof seemed very far below, but she took little Rose by the wrists, lowered her as far as she could reach, and let her drop the remaining ten feet. The girl landed safely and the boy followed. Then Mrs. Radford climbed from the window and dropped, and it was from that roof that the firemen carried all three to safety. Only Mrs. Radford was hurt, and she only slightly, when her foot struck a skylight.

The Real Candidates are WILSON and SHERMAN NOT Wilson, Taft and Roosevelt!

Read the remarkable suggestion and prophecy written by the Editor in the September number of

THE NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW

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Cole, 1911 fore-door touring car; Cole 1911 tor-pedo tonneau; both in excellent condition; fully equipped; just rebuilt and painted; backed by the same guaranteed adopted by the National Association of Automobile Manufacturers for new cars. Colt-Stratton Company, Broadway, at 68th St. Telephone 6000 Columbus.

We have just received a few high-grade used cars of different models, completely equipped and ready to demonstrate; extremely low prices for immediate sale; some recently overhauled, refinished, and guaranteed by the manufacturers. Thomas, 1,920 Broadway.

Limousine and landaulet bodies at bargain prices; touring and roadster bodies sacrificed. Green's, Broadway and 48th St.

Chalmers, 1912, Berline limousine, 36 horse power, like new, will sell for less than half of cost; run only four months. Travers, 2,156 Broadway. 'Phone 7800 Schuyler.

100 cars, bodies, delivery wagons, all makes; spot cash paid for cars or bodies. 20th Century Co., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th.

Garage.—Own your own ruby fireproof garage; all steel; portable; best and cheapest. Address Box 61, 352 6th Av.

A beautful 6-40 Thomas Limousine Car like new; investigate now; closed car season soon here. Thomas, 1,920 Broadway.

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AUTOMOBILES FOR RENT.

PACKARD CARS.
Up-to-date service only.
4 dollars per hour.
We are trying to please you.
Call up 5486 Bryant.

Up-to-date 7-passenger touring cars.
Hour, day, week, or month;
Coney Island and return, $12;
seven passengers.
TELEPHONE 100 MORNING.

For Hire—New cars; Packards, seven-passenger touring; special rates for monthly service during Summer; we send cars everywhere. Universal Taximeter Cab Co., 153 East 53d St. 'Phone Plaza 2100.

For Rent—Beautiful seven-passenger Renault; first-class service; low rate. 'Phone 723 Columbus.

Packard touring; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422.

For Hire—Packards, $3 to $6 per hour; excellent service; experienced drivers. 8267 Columbus.

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I own three new private dwellings in West Bronx, $4,000 equity each above small first mortgage; will trade all or part for one or two first class make automobiles. Owner, A 13 Times.

AUTOMOBILE WANTED.

Spot cash for your automobile, any make, or will accept same on sale at 5 per cent. commission. Green's Agency, Broadway and 48th.

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Now is the time to get Franklins that have been used awhile and traded towards later models.

We have several that can be bought at unusually attractive prices.

Also a Rambler 1911, with touring and handsome limousine bodies—will be sold for less than one-third original cost.

73d St. & Amsterdam Av. Col. 6311.

A Real Bargain in Limousine Cars

We have four of them; 40 H. P. seven-passenger, factory rebuilt, new upholstery and paint; guaranteed same as our new product at less than one-half the original cost. We also have a fine line of Touring Cars.
USED CAR DEPT., STODDARD MOTOR CO.,
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USED CARS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A five-passenger touring car, fully equipped, in perfect mechanical condition; 1910 model. Decided bargain to quick buyer.

A five-passenger touring car, equipped electric lights, demountable rims, speedometer, &c.; guaranteed six months. All new tires. Price, $650.00.

A fore-door Torpedo, repainted, overhauled; remarkably beautiful car. Biggest bargain in New York City. Guaranteed six months.
SELDEN MOTOR VEHICLE CO.,
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NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

Real bargains in high-grade used cars. We carry the largest line of slightly used cars in the city. Each car guaranteed, and at one-third less than other dealers are asking.
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WE GUARANTEE EVERY CAR.
EASY PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
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GREEN'S AGENCY,
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RENEWED Peerless CARS.
These cars have been rebuilt in our own shops, are factory guaranteed and represent the same comparative value as a new Peerless. They will give greater service than a new car at the same price.
Call or write for Booklet describing various models.
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MARION 1912 Bobcat; full equipment; slightly used for demonstrating purposes; guaranteed same as new car; will sacrifice. CHAS. E. RIESS & CO., 1896 Broadway, N. Y. C.

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KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4336 Col.

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AUTOCAR. Autocar Sales Co., 435 West 19th St. Tel. Chelsea 6968.

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WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A. Individual road work. Small Shop Classes. Day and evening. Send for Booklet. 305 W. 57th St. Phone 7320 Col.

AUTOMOBILE SUPPLIES.

GWILLIAM CO., BEARINGS, ALL TYPES 253 W. 58th St., cor. B'way. Col. 8358.

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Firestone, Diamond, U. S., and all other first-class makes.

They are the overproduction of the different factories. The names are buffed off, but they are perfect in every respect.

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28x3	$8.00	34x4	$22.00	40x4½	$33.00
30x3	9.00	35x4	23.00	42x4½	37.00
32x3	10.00	36x4	24.00	33x5	35.00
34x3	11.00	37x4	25.00	34x5	36.00
29x3½	12.00	38x4	26.00	35x5	37.00
30x3½	13.50	40x4	28.00	36x5	38.00
31x3½	14.00	42x4	29.00	37x5	39.00
32x3½	15.00	32x4½	28.00	38x5	41.00
34x3½	16.00	34x4½	28.50	39x5	42.00
36x3½	17.00	35x4½	29.00	43x5	44.00
30x4	18.00	36x4½	30.00	36x5½	45.00
31x4	19.00	37x4½	31.50	37x5½	46.00
32x4	20.00	38x4½	33.00	38x5½	47.00
33x4	21.00			39x5	47.00

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1864 Broadway. 3153 Columbus.

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The manufacturers of a high-grade and well-known make of motor trucks desire a capable selling representative for the New York territory. Address A 14 Times.

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Cleveland and New York Divide Honors in Double-Header—Scores 6 to 3 and 4 to 2.

THE SCORES.

Cleveland	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	2	**—6**
New York	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	**—3**

CLEVELAND.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
Hunter, lf	4	2	0	1	1	4	0	0
Birmingham, cf	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Jackson, rf	4	1	2	0	0	0	0	0
Lajoie, 2b	4	1	2	1	0	2	1	0
Johnston, 1b	5	1	2	0	0	12	1	0
Olson, 3b	2	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
Baker, 3b	1	0	1	1	0	0	3	0
O'Neil, c	5	0	2	0	2	5	2	0
Nash, ss	4	0	0	0	0	1	2	1
Gregg, p	4	0	1	0	0	1	6	0
Total	36	6	10	4	3	27	16	1

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	BB	SO	PO	A	E
McMillan, ss	4	0	0	0	0	1	5	1
Chase, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	14	0	0
Daniels, lf	3	1	2	1	1	1	0	1
Paddock, 3b	4	1	1	0	2	0	1	0
Lelivelt, cf	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Simmons, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	3	0	0
Hartzell, rf	4	0	1	0	0	2	0	0
Sweeney, c	2	0	0	0	0	3	2	1
Sterrett, c	2	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Caldwell, p	3	3	1	2	0	0	0	1
Total	33	3	8	2	4	27	17	4

Two-base hits—Lajoie, Jackson. Three-base hit—Johnston. Home run—Paddock. Sacrifice hits—Birmingham, Baker, Jackson. Stolen bases—Jackson, (2,) Lajoie, Daniels, (2.) First base on errors—Cleveland, 3. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 10; Struck out—By Caldwell, 3; by Gregg, 4. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 4; off Gregg, 2. Wild pitch—Caldwell. Umpires—Messrs. O'Brien and Dineen. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes.

SECOND GAME.

New York	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	**..—4**	
Cleveland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	**1—2**	

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
McMillan, ss	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	0
Chase, 1b	3	0	0	0	0	7	0	0
Daniels, lf	4	1	0	0	0	4	1	0
Paddock, 3b	2	1	1	1	0	1	1	0
Lelivelt, cf	4	0	2	0	1	1	0	0
Simmons, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	1	5	2
Hartzell, rf	2	2	2	1	0	2	0	0
Sterrett, c	3	0	2	0	0	6	1	0
Warhop, p	2	0	1	0	0	0	2	0
Total	26	4	9	4	3	27	10	0

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Hunter, lf	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Birm'gham, cf	3	2	1	1	0	2	1	0
Jackson, rf	3	0	1	1	0	2	1	0
Lajoie, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	4	2	0
Johnston, 1b	4	0	1	0	0	7	0	0
Baker, 3b	4	0	1	0	1	0	2	0
Carisch, c	4	0	2	0	0	5	5	0
Nash, ss	3	0	0	1	1	3	4	1
*Griggs, p	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Peckpaugh, ss	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Kaler, p	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
†Hanger	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Baskette, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	2	7	4	4	24	15	1

*Batted for Nash in eighth inning.
†Batted for Kaler in eighth inning.

Two-base hits—Birmingham, Jackson, Hartzell. Three-base hits—Paddock, Hartzell, Lelivelt, Sterrett. Sacrifice hit—Chase. Stolen base—Carisch. First base on errors—New York, 1. Left on bases—New York, 5; Cleveland, 3. Double plays—Nash, Lajoie, and Johnson; McMillan, Simmons, and Chase. Struck out—By Warhop, 4; by Kaler, 2; by Baskette, 1. Bases on balls—Off Warhop, 4; off Kaler, 4. Hit by pitchers—By Kaler, (Warhop;) by Baskette, (Paddock.) Hits—Off Kaler, 9 in 7 innings, (at bat 23;) off Baskette, none in 1 inning, (at bat 3.) Umpires—Messrs. Dineen and O'Brien. Time of game—One hour and forty-four minutes.

Sylvanus Gregg beat the Yankees in the first game on the Hilltop yesterday by a score of 6 to 3. The Nap southpaw sphere spinner was somewhat aided in his feat by Larry Lajoie, Joe Jackson, and Doc Johnston, who clouted Slim Caldwell hard, while Gregg had the Hilltop batsmen standing still. But all was not bitterness on the Palisades, for the Yanks with Jack Warhop pitching beat the Clevelands in the second game by a score of 4 to 2.

There seems to be plenty of double-header appetites among the fans of the fair city, because a crowd of more than 8,000 lent distinction, to say nothing of beauty, to the scene, and the rain which drizzled during the greater part of the second tilt didn't scare many of them away. Big Bill Edwards dropped in to see if Charley Sterrett was maintaining a Princeton standard as a ball player, and saw the former Tiger whale forth a three-bagger in the second game that made the Street Commissioner almost jump out of his box. Bill occupied the box all alone.

A number of women were present yesterday, wearing new Fall lids. This was quite fitting, because it was chilly, and it won't be very long now before the ice cream duds will be laid away among the mothballs.

Caldwell wore his fireman's shirt, but it didn't bring him much good luck. Gregg had no good luck spangles on him; he was on the hillock pitching all the time. In the first inning Larruping Lajoie got into the picture. After Joe Birmingham got on base with a walk, Larry slammed a two-bagger into left and thereby planted a run.

Slim's fireman's regalia brought luck for about six innings, but then the Clevelanders began to brandish the furniture recklessly and made victory for them a certainty. In the sixth inning the Yankees tied the score. Caldwell hit a Texas leaguer to left. Then, with two out, Daniels jammed a grounder to short and beat out the wild throw which Nash whizzed to first base, Caldwell scoring.

The Yankees cracked in the seventh run. Daniels lost Hunter's fly to left, the runner going to second. Caldwell tried to catch him napping, but he threw to centre field, and Hunter went to third base. Joe Jackson singled to short, scoring Hunter. Then Joe stole second, and went home on Caldwell's wild pitch. Johnston's single, Baker's sacrifice, and O'Neil's single scored another run in the eighth inning, and in the ninth a pass to Hunter, Birmingham's sacrifice, Lajoie's single, and Doc Johnston's triple scored two more runs.

Del Paddock got a lucky home run in the last of the ninth inning, which was the means of the Yankees getting two more runs. Daniels singled to centre, and Paddock hammered a hard drive to deep centre. Birmingham backed against the bleachers to get it, and the ball carromed off his hands into the seats.

For a while it looked as if there wasn't going to be a second game. The rain came down, and Umpire Dineen and Managers Wolverton and Davis put their heads together and had a learned discussion on the weather. Nobody seemed to be afraid of getting wet, so the conflict raged with the tempest. The only bad effect the rain had was on Umpire O'Brien, who officiated on the bases. The drops filled his eyes, and a lot of things went on he didn't see.

The Yankees got the jump in the second game. Warhop and Kaler were the moundmen. McMillan singled to centre, Chase sacrificed, and scored on Paddock's three-base drive to left. Hunter slipped in the wet grass, which accounted for the hit being more than a single. Two base smashes in succession by Birmingham and Lajoie gave the Naps a run and tied the score in the third. Hartzell opened the fifth inning with a solid three-base drive to centre, and scored on Sterrett's single.

With two down in the sixth, Paddock walked, and was sent home on Lelivelt's three-base drive to right. The ball came within a few inches of bounding over the right-field stockade. Lelivelt is making a great start with the Yankees, his hitting during the past two days being unusually heavy.

Kaler was hammered hard for extra-base hits toward the close of festivities. In the seventh Hartzell doubled, and scored on a three-base bang to centre by Sterrett. Charley tried to score after Chase filed to centre, but a high-class peg home by Birmingham brought about Sterrett's demise at the platter.

Cleveland jammed the sacks full in the ninth inning and threatened trouble, but Warhop pitched himself out of the difficulty nicely. With two gone and the bases full, Carisch hit a grounder to short. McMillan shot the ball to Simmons to force Baker, but Umpire O'Brien called the runner safe. Birmingham scored on the play. Simmons rose to a point of order on the decision, and he was sentenced to silence and darkness.

Boston Wins Two From Chicago

BOSTON, Aug. 28.—Boston lengthened its stride pennantward to-day, winning two games from Chicago, while its two rivals, Washington and Philadelphia, both lost. Wood won his fourteenth straight game, displacing Walter Johnson as a seeker after Marquard's pitching laurels, and made it twenty-nine victories for the season in the second game, which was a shutout, 3 to 0.

Boston won the first game 5 to 3, on Hooper's triple, which counted one run in the first inning, a pass and doubles by Speaker and Gardner, which added two in the third inning, and on two passes and two errors by Schalk which allowed two more in the fourth inning. Errors gave Chicago its first run, and Weaver's double following two singles counted the other two.

Boston gathered all three runs in the second game in the fourth inning on a pass, two singles and Gardner's double. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	3	1	1	1	0
Yerkes, 2b	4	0	0	1	1
Sp'ker, cf	3	1	1	2	1
Lewis, lf	3	0	1	0	0
G'dner, 3b	4	0	2	4	2
Engle, 1b	4	0	0	9	1
Wagner, ss	2	1	0	1	1
Carrigan, c	2	1	0	8	1
O'Brien, p	1	1	0	0	4
Total	26	5	4	27	11

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Rath, 2b	5	0	2	4	5
Mattick, cf	5	0	0	1	0
Lord, lf	3	0	0	3	0
Collins, 1b	4	0	1	7	2
Bodie, rf	4	1	2	0	0
Zeider, 3b	4	1	2	2	1
Weaver, ss	4	1	1	2	3
Schalk, c	3	0	0	5	3
Benz, p	3	0	0	0	1
*Easterly	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	3	8	24	15

*Batted for Benz in ninth inning.

Errors—Yerkes, Speaker, Wagner, O'Brien, Lord, Weaver, Schalk, (2.)

Boston	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	..	—5
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	—3

Three-base hit—Hooper. Two-base hits—Speaker, Gardner, Weaver, Collins. Sacrifice hits—Benz, O'Brien. Sacrifice fly—Speaker. Stolen base—Lord. Double plays—Wagner, Engle, and Carrigan; Schalk and Rath. Left on bases—Boston, 4; Chicago, 8. First base on balls—Off Benz, 5. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Chicago, 3. Hit by pitcher—Schalk. Struck out—By O'Brien, 6; by Benz, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Westervelt and O'Loughlin.

SECOND GAME.

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	3	0	1	0	0
Yerkes, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
Sp'ker, cf	3	1	1	1	0
Lewis, lf	3	1	1	1	0
G'dner, 3b	2	1	1	0	2
Engle, 1b	3	0	1	10	1
Wagner, ss	3	0	0	1	4
Cady, c	2	0	1	8	0
Wood, p	2	0	1	1	5
Total	24	3	7	27	10

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
J'nson, 2b	4	0	2	3	4
Mattick, cf	4	0	1	1	1
Lord, lf	4	0	1	3	0
Collins, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Bodie, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Zeider, 3b	3	0	0	1	4
Weaver, ss	3	0	2	3	3
Kuhn, c	3	0	0	2	3
Taylor, p	2	0	0	0	0
White, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Easterly	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	0	6	24	17

*Batted for Taylor in the eighth inning.

Boston	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	..	—3
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Gardner, Speaker, Cady, Wood. Hits—Off Taylor, 6 in seven innings; off White, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice hit—Hooper. Double play—Yerkes and Engle. Left on bases—Boston, 3; Chicago, 5. First base on balls—Off Taylor, 5. Struck out—By Wood, 7; by Taylor, 1. Time of game—One hour and twenty-eight minutes. Umpires — Messrs. O'Loughlin and Westervelt.

Walter Johnson Loses a Game.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—St. Louis made it three out of four in the series by beating Washington to-day, 3 to 2. Walter Johnson allowed only four hits, but he was wild and his support was poor. The defeat ended his chance to beat the record of Marquard of the New York Nationals of nineteen straight victories. Powell was effective in the pinches. Score:

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	3	0	2	2	0
Comp'n, lf	4	0	2	3	0
Willi's, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Pratt, 2b	4	0	0	2	0
Kutina, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Austin, 3b	3	0	0	1	2
Wallace, ss	4	0	1	5	3
Krich'l, c	3	2	0	3	3
Powell, p	2	1	0	0	0
Total	30	3	4	27	13

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moeller, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Foster, 3b	4	0	1	3	0
Milan, cf	4	0	2	4	0
Gandil, 1b	4	0	1	7	1
Morgan, 2b	4	1	0	0	2
Keny'r, lf	4	0	1	1	0
McBr'e, ss	4	0	0	1	3
Ainsm'h, c	3	0	1	13	2
Johnson, p	3	0	0	0	3
Total	34	2	7	27	13

Errors—Compton, Wallace, McBride, (2.)

St. Louis	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0—3
Washington	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0—2

Two-base hits—Foster, Moeller, Wallace, Ainsmith. Double play—Johnson, Ainsmith, and Gandil. Left on bases—St. Louis, 5; Washington, 5. First base on balls—Off Johnson, 4. First base on errors—St. Louis, 3; Washington, 2. Hit by pitcher—Powell, by Johnson. Struck out—By Powell, 3; by Johnson, 12. Passed balls—Ainsmith, 2. Wild pitch—Johnson. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Egan.

Cobb's Hit Wins for Tigers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 28.—Detroit won the final game of the series here to-day, 5 to 3. The visitors won in the fifth inning after two men were out, on a single by Jones, a wild pitch by Houck, a pass to Bush, and Cobb's single to left field, which was fumbled by Walsh. The score:

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jones, lf	4	1	1	1	0
Bush, ss	3	1	2	3	3
Cobb, cf	4	0	1	5	0
C'ford, rf	4	2	1	1	0
Cor'don, 2b	3	1	1	2	3
Mor'ty, 1b	3	0	3	12	2
Vitt, 3b	3	0	0	2	3
Stanage, c	4	0	1	3	1
Willett, p	4	0	1	1	6
Total	32	5	11	27	18

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Murphy, rf	4	0	2	2	1
Strunk, cf	3	1	1	2	0
Collins, 2b	3	1	2	1	3
Baker, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
McInnis, 1b	3	1	1	7	1
Walsh, lf	4	0	1	4	0
Barry, ss	4	0	1	3	0
Thomas, c	2	0	0	5	0
Bender, p	0	0	0	0	2
Houck, p	2	0	0	0	0
Lapp, c	2	0	0	2	0
*Maggert	1	0	0	0	0
†Oldring	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	8	27	13

*Batted by Houck in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Bender in the ninth inning.

Errors—Corridon, Stanage, McInnis, Walsh, (2).

Detroit	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	0—5
Philadelphia	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—3

Three-base hit—Strunk. Sacrifice flies—Vitt, Moriarty. Sacrifice hits—Strunk, Corridon. Stolen bases—Moriarty, Collins. Left on bases—Detroit, 7; Philadelphia, 6. First base on balls—Off Willett, 2; off Houck, 3; off Bender, 1. Wild pitches—Houck, 2. First base on error—Detroit, 1. Struck out—By Willett, 1; by Houck, 44; by Bender, 1. Pitchers' record—Off Houck, 9 hits and 26 times at bat in 7 innings; off Bender, 2 hits and 6 times at bat in 2 innings. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Hart.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Toronto.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	1	0—4	8	3
Toronto	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	4	..—8	13	0

Batteries—Vickers and Bergen; Drucke, Rudolph and Bemis.

SECOND GAME.

									R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	1	1	1	1	4	6	0			
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0			

Called in fifth inning to let players catch train.

Batteries—Smith and McAllister; Kent and Graham.

At Montreal.

										R.	H.	E.
Newark	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—5	11	0
Montreal	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	1	0—4	12	4

Batteries—Ensman and Higgins; Smith and Burns.

SECOND GAME.

Called end second, rain, with score 1 and 1.

At Buffalo.

First game not played, wet grounds.

SECOND GAME.

										R.	H.	E.
Providence	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	2—6	11	2
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1—5	9	2

Batteries—Lafitte and Street; Jameson and Schang.

At Rochester.

										R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	—3	7	0
Rochester	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	8	..	—7	10	1

Batteries—McHale and Wells; Hughes and Blair.

Southern League.

At Nashville—Nashville, 6; Atlanta, 0. Nashville, 1; Atlanta, 0.
At Memphis—Memphis, 8; Chattanooga, 1. Memphis, 3; Chattanooga, 0.
At Birmingham—Birmingham, 5; Mobile, 3.

American Association.

At Minneapolis—Louisville, 3; Minneapolis, 1.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 12; Indianapolis, 6.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 10; Toledo, 9. Milwaukee, 2; Toledo, 0.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 3. Kansas City, 5; Columbus, 2.

New England League.

At Lawrence—Lawrence, 9; Lynn, 4.
At Lowell—Lowell, 3; Worcester, 2.
At New Bedford—New Bedford, 5; Haverhill, 3.
At Brockton—Brockton, 10; Fall River, 6.

Connecticut League.

At Springfield—Springfield, 4; Hartford, 3. Springfield, 8; Hartford, 3.
At Holyoke—Holyoke, 3; Bridgeport, 0.
At Waterbury—Waterbury, 12; New Haven, 3.

New York State League.

At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 8; Albany, 4. Wilkesbarre, 9; Albany, 0. (Forfeited.)
At Elmira—Elmira, 10; Utica, 2.
At Binghamton—Syracuse, 4; Binghamton, 0. Binghamton, 5; Syracuse, 0.
Troy at Scranton—Rain, 0.

Tri-State League.

At Reading—Allentown, 12; Reading, 11, (13 innings.)
At York—Trenton, 9; York, 6.
At Chester—Atlantic City, 10; Chester, 4.
Wilmington at Harrisburg—Rain.

CUBS CLIMB A HALF GAME NEARER GIANTS

Defeat St. Louis While McGraw's Champions Are on Their Way Homeward.

CHICAGO, Aug. 28.—Chicago bunched hits off Sallee to-day in the first inning and defeated St. Louis in the opening game of the series here 5 to 4. The visitors started battting rallies in the last two innings, but could not overtake Chicago. Zimmerman made his fourteenth home run to-day. Chicago's victory puts the local club half a game closer to New York in the pennant race, the leaders being idle to-day. The distance between the two clubs now, is five games. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sh'kard, lf	3	1	1	0	0
Schulte, rf	4	1	1	0	0
Downs, ss	3	1	2	2	6
Z'm'm'n, 3b	3	1	1	0	0
Leach, cf	3	1	0	2	0
Saier, 1b	3	0	0	16	0
Evers, 2b	3	0	2	3	2
Archer, c	3	0	0	4	1
Lav'der, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	28	5	7	27	10

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
H'gins, 2b	4	2	1	1	3
Magee, lf	3	1	1	2	0
Smith, 3b	4	0	1	1	1
Hauser, ss	4	0	2	4	5
K'tchy, 1b	4	1	2	8	1
Evans, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Wingo, c	4	0	0	6	3
Sallee, p	2	0	0	1	1
Geyer, p	0	0	0	0	0
*Ellis	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	4	9	24	14

*Batted for Sallee in the eighth inning.

Errors—Downs, Huggins, Hauser, Sallee.

Chicago	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—5
St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	—4

Three-base hits—Downs, Magee. Home run—Zimmerman. Hits—Off Sallee, 6 in seven innings; off Geyer, 1 in one inning. Sacrifice fly—Downs. Sacrifice hit—Magee. Stolen base—Leach. Double plays—Huggins, Hauser, and Konetchy; Wingo and Hauser; Hauser, Huggins, and Konetchy; Downs and Saier. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; St. Louis, 4. Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Geyer, (Zimmerman.) Struck out—By Lavender, 4; by Sallee, 4; by Geyer, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

BUY PLAYERS' RELEASES.

Club Owners Warned to Observe Rule in Transferring Men.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 28.—The National Baseball Commission to-day gave out the list of players whose releases have been purchased by major league clubs from minor league clubs since Aug. 20, 1911, under agreements filed with and approved by the commission. The list does not include players recalled by major league clubs on Aug. 20, 1912, under optional agreements, which list was promulgated on Aug. 22. The players obtained by the two New York and Brooklyn clubs follow:

By New York Nationals—From Traverse City, Kirby; Mobile, Demeree; Dallas, Bader; Richmond, Perryman; Newark, Hanley; Traverse City, Smith; Decatur, Schupp; Indianapolis, Goulait.

By Brooklyn—From Oshkosh, Taylor; Toronto, Burch, Madden, Humphreys and Farrell; Newark, Kirkpatrick; Elmira, Callahan and Getz; Nashville, Williams.

By New York Americans—From Lawrence, Keating; Brockton, Barry and Dowd; Lawrence, Hoff; San Antonio, Middkiff; Dubuque, Paddock; Brockton, Thompson.

Accompanying the list was a warning to club owners that hereafter the commission would strictly enforce the rule which requires that the transfer of a player by or to a major league club for immediate or future delivery must be submitted to the commission within a reasonable time.

The commission also promulgated a finding imposing a fine of $200 on the Brockton club of the New England League for, in the commission asserted, "deliberately deceiving the commission by twice assuring its Chairman over the signature of the club's President that the claim of Player Bennie Kauff had been adjusted." Kauff's claim for $75 for salary and $12 for transportation was allowed. The commission further said that the reservation and other rights of the Brockton club under the National agreement will not be respected until the payment of the fine to the Secretary of the commission.

Zinn Refuses to Play for Rochester.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 28.—Outfielder Zinn, who was traded by the New York American League Club for Jack Lelivelt of the Rochester International League team, has refused to play on a minor league club. As a result Manager Wolverton of New York sent here Outfielder Smith, recently purchased by the Yankees from the Brockton Club of the New England League. Smith played against Jersey City to-day, making three hits, scoring two runs, and driving in three other runs. Zinn has been suspended by Rochester. Jersey City was defeated to-day, 7 to 3.

Tickets for Labor Day Games.

The Yankees will play two games at the Polo Grounds on Labor Day afternoon with the Boston Red Sox. The management is ready to handle a big crowd, for there is much interest to see the Boston Club, which is almost certain to win the American League flag, and will face the Giants in the world's series—in the event of New York winning in the National League, of course. The sale of seats for the double-header will begin this morning at the offices of the New York National League Club, Room 1,003, Fifth Avenue Building.

KEAN AND RICHARDS VICTORS.

Massachusetts and Ohio Guardsmen Win Three Events at Sea Girt.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 28.—Sergt. F. H. Kean of Massachusetts won first prize in the Hayes match and Capt. W. H. Richards of Ohio finished in the lead in the Swiss match and outdistanced all competitors in the Officers' and Inspectors' match here to-day. These matches comprised the amended programme for this, the fourth shooting day of the Sea Girt rifle tournament. All were individual competitions, the contestants including the leading riflemen, military and civilian, of the country. Shooting conditions were satisfactory throughout the day.

The Hayes match was open to everybody, each competitior firing ten shots at 600 yards. First prize was the Hayes medal. The other prizes were cash. The winner made a possible, or ten straight bull's-eyes, and continued firing, finishing with a string of 35 bull's-eyes. The leading winners of prizes and their scores follow:

First, Sergt. F. H. Kean, Massachusetts, 50; second, Corporal C. B. Long, Massachusetts, 49; third, G. W. Chesley, Connecticut, 49; fourth, Capt. H. E. Simon, Ohio, 49; fifth, Major W. S. Price, New Jersey, 48.

The Swiss match was open to everybody, the distance being 500 yards. Each competitor fired two sighting shots and continued to shoot as long as he remained in the bull's-eye. A competitor failing to hit the bull's-eye was out of the match. First prize was a unique Swiss watch. The other prizes were cash. The leading winners of prizes and the number of bull's-eyes each made follow:

First, Capt. Richards, Ohio 47 bull's-eyes; second, Sergt. J. Bahner, Marine Corps, 7; third, Lieut. J. E. Parker, Massachusetts, 6; fourth, Capt. W. H. Hyde, Tennessee, 6; fifth, Private T. I. Willis, Marine Corps, 6.

The Officers' and Inspectors' match was open to ordnance and small arms practice officers of the military service, and to officers who had shot on teams in the National match. The distances were 600 and 1,000 yards, ten shots at each distance. First prize was an Inspector's badge, the other prizes were cash. Leading winners of prizes and their scores follow:

First, Capt. E. M. Eddy, Ohio, 97; second, Capt. K. K. V. Casey, Pennsylvania, 97; third, Lieut. J. P. King, Iowa 96; fourth Capt. H. E. Simon Ohio, 96; fifth, Capt. G. N. Corwin, New York, 95.

Entries for Auto Race Meet.

Three local entries were officially made yesterday for the Labor Day automobile race meet at Brighton Beach race track. The entries are two Bergdolls and a Marion. The two former will be piloted by A. E. Schwartz and E. Heman, while M. F. Strauss will be seen at the wheel of the Marion car. The Benz and eight other cars to be used by the Moross combination arrived at Brighton Beach yesterday, and the drivers will begin daily practice to-morrow.

Germantown Cricketers Defeated.

MONTREAL, Aug. 28.—The visiting Germantown cricketers were defeated to-day by an All-Montreal eleven, the score being 161 to 86. The bowling of Tripp of the Philadelphia eleven was the feature. Only fifty-five of the locals' total runs were scored off him. Pearson was the top scorer for the visitors with 25.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 6; New York, 3.
New York, 4; Cleveland, 2.
Detroit, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
St. Louis, 3; Washington, 2.
Boston, 5; Chicago, 3.
Boston, 3; Chicago, 0.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 4.
Boston at Pittsburgh—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Rochester, 7; Jersey City, 3.
Newark, 5; Montreal, 4.
(Ten innings.)
Second game postponed; rain.
Toronto, 8; Baltimore, 4.
Baltimore, 4; Toronto, 0.
Providence, 6; Buffalo, 5.
(Ten innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.
Boston	82	37	32	.697
Washington	75	48	31	.610
Philadelphia	73	47	34	.609
Chicago	60	61	33	.496
Detroit	57	67	30	.460
Cleveland	53	69	32	.434
New York	44	76	34	.367
St. Louis	40	82	32	.328

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	To Play.	P.C.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y. Address all communications

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island..8 Richmond Ter., St. George
Long Island City.....47 Vernon Avenue
Hoboken.....94 Hudson Street
Newark.....810 Broad Street
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CHICAGO.....122 South Michigan Boulevard
LONDON.....2 Pall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS.....34 Rue du Sentier
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

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Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
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DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year..... 8.50
DAILY, per Week..... 0.12
DAILY, per Month..... 0.50
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To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.30 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 90c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, AUG. 29, 1912.

OVERWORKING THE COURTS.

London and Washington dispatches agree that the Panama tolls dispute will be litigated, either in the United States courts or in some international tribunal. There is no disposition toward an academic discussion leading nowhere and settling nothing. The present expectation is that a practical case will be awaited, as, for example, by our collecting tolls under the act, and by proceedings in some court to decide whether the toll rate is discriminating, and if so to grant damages and compel a revision. It will be a famous lawsuit, and like others in our history will turn upon efforts to make the simplest words mean something in statutes which they do not mean in the dictionary or in the speech of men.

In this respect the Panama tolls law is like the anti-trust law. It will be recalled that the Sherman law forbade absolutely "every" combination in restraint of trade. At intervals through twenty years it was argued before the Supreme Court that "every" meant "every unreasonable," and that it was incredible that Congress meant to forbid reasonable or beneficial restraints of trade. Thrice the court rejected all appeals to its discretion to amend the law in view of the shocking disorganization of trade if the law was meant to mean exactly what the words used mean in ordinary life. Repeatedly the court said that it could not consider arguments drawn from business distress, and that the remedy lay in appeal to the lawmakers. But at last the court yielded, or rather by a reasonable reading of the law it showed that it did not intend unreasonable prohibitions.

Now the question recurs in the Panama tolls law, Does "all" nations mean "all other" nations, and is the treaty obligation forbidding discrimination intended to bind only all other nations than the United States? It is argued that it is incredible that the United States intended to divest itself of sovereign rights when making the treaty limitations on the freedom of Congress to legislate, that it is unreasonable that the Nation cannot favor its National commerce through its own canal through its own territory, and that it is unthinkable that the United States bound itself to be neutral toward the commerce of the world in peace because it is equally unthinkable that the United States should be neutral toward its own enemy in war. It is not denied that the words mean those things, but it is argued that they ought to mean some other things, and so that they really mean what they ought to mean.

It is easy to multiply similar cases. At the present moment the pipe lines are pleading that they are not common carriers, although Congress enacted that they were. They plead that the meaning of the words "common carrier" has been settled precisely, and that they do not come within the definition merely because Congress enacted that they should perform the duties which they have steadily declined. At a previous session Congress enacted an "excise" tax against corporations, because that was the only way in which they could be made to pay an income tax. At the last session it was attempted to enlarge the precedent to cover an "excise" tax upon individuals, because an income tax of that sort was more flagrantly unconstitutional than the like tax against corporations. The list may be extended indefinitely, but this may suffice to illustrate the burdens thrown upon the courts, with the result that they are overworked in remedying the blunders of the Legislatures, and are made to seem unpopular by their opposition to the humane and uplifting efforts of the representatives of the people.

No one can think without a shudder of the sort of laws the Legislatures would make if their work was not edited by the courts. In the cases above the meaning is clear, and is clearly within the meaning of the prohibition against such laws. When Congress attempted to enact a forbidden tax by trick and device it was a debasement of our institutions. Congress paltered with the Nation's honor when, for reasons of sordid expediency for the profit of a class, and not of the people as a whole, it forced into a treaty a word and an idea not there. It enacted shackles and bankruptcy for corporate interests of inestimable importance to industrial life, and roared with rage when the courts made the statutes are merely the weird possibilities impossible law workable. Our courts are indispensable because of the incompetence or malignity of the Legislatures, and because of the impracticability of legislation by the people without Legislatures.

DOCTORS' BEDSIDE SERVICES.

That the healing of the sick, which is the essential part of medicine, has fallen in this country from its estate of a generation ago, and is not at all comparable with Europe's advance in medicine, is a lament sounded of late from the ranks of the best physicians. The letter which THE TIMES prints this morning from Dr. JANEWAY of the College of Physicians and Surgeons tells why the cults of Christian Science and mental healing have gained ground in the United States.

The doctors in the hospitals—there are some splendid exceptions in hospital practice—are not following closely the history of their bedside cases. Dr. NEUMANN, head of the Kaiser Franz Josef Hospital and of the Gremial Hospital of Austria, denounced in Monday's TIMES the American practice of dividing the treatment of a case between four or five physicians. Teachers of doctors, also, are too busy in their private practice to train thoroughly the men who shall succeed them, or to find out more effective methods in medicine. There is failure in diagnosis. The public is partly to blame for the lack of medical progress; it ignores the value of post-mortem examinations in ascertaining the nature of disease. In this respect Dr. JANEWAY asks for a change in the laws and in public sentiment.

THE FATES MIGHT PLAY THIS JOKE.

Mr. ROOSEVELT has reached the conclusion that the fight is between Gov. WILSON and himself. Not so, says Col. GEORGE HARVEY, the editor of The North American Review, who contributes to the September issue of that publication his demonstration of the theory that "the real candidates are "WOODROW WILSON and JAMES S. "SHERMAN, with the remote possibility "of PHILANDER C. KNOX becoming "Acting President, pending a new elec-"tion in 1913." Col. HARVEY reaches this conclusion by a process of juggling with the possibilities, as one who, under the great tent, should keep several balls in the air for the amusement of those who were yawning over the main show. The article is not a prediction, it is expository, showing how the highly interesting and comic result of the raising of Mr. SHERMAN to the Presidency might emerge from the present triangular contest.

The basis is, of course, the possibility that the election may be thrown into the House by the failure of any one of the candidates to secure 266 Electoral votes, which is a majority of the Electoral College. The House of Representatives, as THE TIMES pointed out on the night of Col. ROOSEVELT's bolt at Chicago, is, politically, evenly divided. Twenty-two States have a majority of Democrats in their House delegation, 22 a majority of Republicans, and 4, Maine, Nebraska, New Mexico, and Rhode Island, are evenly divided. In an election by the House the delegation from each State casts one vote. It would appear, therefore, that, should the people fail to elect, Mr. WILSON would receive in the House the votes of 22 States, Mr. TAFT and Mr. ROOSEVELT together the votes of 22, and the 4 States mentioned would cast no vote, their delegations being half Republican and half Democratic. It is conceivable that in the voting the party lines might be crossed, but Mr. WILSON would have to win over three States in order to get the requisite majority of 25, and that Mr. HARVEY regards as impossible.

Under the Constitutional provision, the House failing to make a choice, Vice President SHERMAN would act as President, precisely as in the case of the death or disability of the Chief Executive. But if no President was elected by the people, no Vice President would be elected. The Constitution provides in such a case that the Senate, each Senator voting individually, shall choose a Vice President, the choice being restricted to the two candidates having the highest number of Electoral votes. This would undoubtedly be MARSHALL and SHERMAN. A majority of the Senate is required to elect, but even if Illinois and Colorado should send Republican Senators to fill existing vacancies, the total Republican vote in the Senate would be but 52. Col. HARVEY reasons that in this situation Mr. ROOSEVELT might persuade four of the so-called insurgent Senators, DIXON, CLARK, BOURNE, WORKS, BORAH, and POINDEXTER, to refrain from voting, which would prevent an election.

Thereupon, the Secretary of State would, under the Law of Succession enacted by the Forty-ninth Congress, act as President "until a President is elected." Under the law, the Acting President would convene Congress, giving twenty days' notice. So Congress would meet on March 24 under the call of Acting President KNOX, and it seems to be the intent of the Constitution and the statute that Congress should order a new election. Manifestly, the election would be held in November, 1913, and then Mr. ROOSEVELT and his Progressive Party would have another chance. That would be the motive of his persuading his supporters in the Senate to prevent the election of SHERMAN as Vice President.

ties of the campaign. Col. HARVEY points out that on the basis of the Congressional vote of 1910, Gov. WILSON ought to have 290 Electoral votes, and, dividing the Republican States between his two opponents according to their apparent strength in each, Mr. TAFT would have 156 votes, Mr. ROOSEVELT 68, while Maine, Nebraska, New Mexico, and Rhode Island, with 22 votes, are set down as "divided." His definite conclusions are that ROOSEVELT cannot be elected, that TAFT cannot be elected, and that if WILSON does not obtain a clear majority in the Electoral College, the campaign will have as its result the perpetration, upon everybody except JAMES S. SHERMAN or, possibly, Secretary KNOX, of the greatest joke of this or any other age.

THE LATEST PHASE OF HOME RULE.

The opponents of home rule for Ireland are concentrating their efforts on procuring a vote of the United Kingdom in the nature of a referendum as a condition to the final passage of the bill. Certainly the question would seem fitted, if any ever was, for this mode of getting a definite expression of public opinion upon an explicit issue.

It is claimed by the Unionists, and not without justice, that the House of Lords having been deprived of the right to force the holding of an election and the Liberals having refused to reform the House of Lords and restore the right in a modified form, the nation is entitled to some effective mode of expressing its will in a direct and conclusive form. The argument for a referendum on this great change in the British Constitution is strengthened by the fact that it would give to the opponents of home rule in Ireland itself a fair degree of weight. At present they are reduced to protest with an intimation that home rule, without the sanction of a direct vote, will be resisted by them, even with force. On the other hand, the Government and their followers claim that home rule was accepted by the country at the last two elections. That is not quite clear. Home rule was one of the professed purposes of the Liberal Party, but it was but one of several. Opposition to protection was another, and there were a considerable number of Free-trade Unionists who voted for the Liberal Party on that ground. Industrial reform attracted many who, on the sole issue of home rule, would have voted with the Unionists. There was an element of some strength, which was decided by opposition to the Unionist policy as to education and religion, and still another that was opposed to the tendency of the Unionists in foreign policy. Obviously the result was a verdict that might easily be changed were a referendum on home rule to be taken.

Meanwhile the tempest of controversy over the possible course of Ulster, involving threats of indictment and arrest for treason of the Unionist leaders, has, as we ventured to predict, quite died down.

THE CANDIDATES AND THE MERIT SYSTEM.

There is a comforting degree of uniformity in the views of the three Presidential candidates as to the merit system. This fact is brought out by queries addressed to each of them by the National Civil Service Reform League. Fortunately an occasion presented itself for specific questioning in regard to legislation actually pending at the time, involving the essential principle of the reform system. Congress had provided for a fixed term of office for all employés of the Government in the departments at Washington, and opening the way to political influence to secure reappointment and re-establishing the spoils system. The league asked each candidate what he thought of this measure. The answer of President TAFT was contained in his veto of the measure, as follows:

> As to the present measure, I object to it, first, because for the reasons stated it will prove ineffective, as the present system has, in the matter of superannuated clerks; and, second, because it impairs that feature of the civil service which I regard as a most valuable one, to wit: The permanance of tenure on the one hand, balanced by a wide and almost absolute power of removal in the department head on the other. If at the end of each seven years it becomes necessary for one who has spent the best years of his life in the public service to ascertain whether he is to continue, it is certain that he will bring pressure to bear in every direction upon the appointing power to continue him in office.

Gov. WILSON was equally explicit and emphatic:

> Aug. 17, 1912.
>
> My dear Sir: In reply to your letter of Aug. 8 I would say that I agree with your judgment that the proposal to fix a brief tenure of office for the civil servants of the Government is a distinct step backward and that it would inevitably demoralize the service. I am a hearty believer in the principles of civil service reform and shall take pleasure at all times in doing what I can to promote those principles in practice.
>
> WOODROW WILSON.

Mr. ROOSEVELT replied, through a Secretary, that "his position in regard "to civil service should by this time "be perfectly clear," and intimated that he might later make a more detailed reply. The officers of the league appear to be quite satisfied. They say:

> In the opinion of the National Civil Service Reform League the idea of a set term for Federal employés is inconsistent with Col. ROOSEVELT's well-known attitude in and out of office toward civil service reform. The civil service plank in the National Progressive platform, furthermore, specifically declares for "continuous service during good behavior and efficiency."
>
> There has never been a Presidential canvass since the adoption of the merit system, nearly thirty years ago, in which the candidates for the Presidency have been so squarely and firmly and candidly committed to the principle of the system. Considering that a majority of each House of Congress, by a combination of Democrats and Republicans, undertook a serious injury to the system, this is particularly gratifying.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES

America Is Not Fractional.

If the eminent geographers who are now visiting this country were as wise as they are learned they might have saved themselves from the egregious error of characterising New York and Chicago as "un-American."

This statement has been made so often that even some Americans get into the silly habit of repeating it, and only the very exceptional foreigner fails to take its truth for granted. As a matter of fact it is not true—it is a mere meaningless noise—a psittacism—and, like other parrot talk, is a product neither of intelligence nor observation.

Our distinguished visitors, if they devoted to this subject even a little of the large mental power which they use in studying geography here and elsewhere, would see that cities like New York and Chicago, with their wonderfully heterogeneous populations, are communities of a kind to be found nowhere else in the world, and if that does not make them both distinctly and distinctively "American" what, in the name of common sense, would do so?

The assumption that "America" is to be found, and only to be found, in the villages and small towns of New England or of the South or of the Near, Middle, or Farther West—that is simply preposterous. In such places there are, or were before intercommunication became so easy, segregated, isolated, and widely differing groups of people descended from one or another little influx of North European immigrants.

The real Americans are the people of the United States—all of them, in their diversity and interaction—and it is only in the so-called un-American cities that the whole is represented instead of mere fractions. Each of us probably likes one of the fractions—our own—better than we do any of the others or the whole, and our visitors have a right to feel, and, if they choose, to express, a like preference, but they simply make themselves ridiculous when they wait, as they usually do, to get into a little gathering of their own lineage before they raise the glad cry, "Ah, here at last is the real America!"

He Heard from the People.

Few more striking—or amusing—imitations of the 'coon that made shooting unnecessary by a prompt descent were ever given than that of the Post Office authorities the moment they heard the roar of pain and rage that went up all over the country on the announcement of their intention to stop the distribution of mail matter on Sunday.

On Tuesday we were told that Congress in its wisdom had ordered this distribution to cease in all the big cities, the only exceptions being minute and expensive. On that same Tuesday a considerable majority of the people living in these United States spoke their minds, and yesterday down came the Postmaster General with an elaborate explanation that the new law didn't mean much if anything, that his interpretation of it meant the exact opposite of what it seemed to mean, and that everything would go on just about as it always had done. The Sunday mails, he further explained, would be withheld only from "the general public"; anybody whose needs, or even whose convenience, would be served by getting letters or papers on Sunday would get them as readily as before, if not more so.

In short, there was nothing to get excited about, since nobody had been hurt or would be.

There remains unexplained only the reason why there should be a discrimination against "the general public." Apparently that term as defined—now—by the Postmaster General includes only those people who do not care enough about getting their mail on Sunday to ask to be put in the curiously large class entitled to special favors. But it's all right, for obviously if everybody is to be satisfied nobody will complain, and while that beatific state of affairs continues there will be no protest even though the letter carriers have seven days off a week instead of one.

Wireless, but Not Ethereal.

Owing to the particularly unfortunate name chosen for the company which is to exploit the system of submarine communication invented by Count SZECHENYI, it is little wonder that there should have been some misapprehension as to the nature of his device.

Because of another maladroit exercise of the nominative power we have all come to associate the word "wireless" with the transmission of words or word symbols by means of ethereal waves excited by electrical action. The so-called wireless telegraphy was so named only because wire-conducted, or wire-limited, currents are used in the older form of telegraphy, but of course the new kind is no more without wires than it is without elephants, and neither absence is either significant or properly descriptive.

Still less reasonable is "Wireless Submarine Company" as the name of a corporation which is to introduce a method of sending sound waves through water. Sound waves and other waves are quite different, and whatever of novelty the Count's device may have, it certainly does not lie in wirelessness.

Were it not for the fact that he is proceeding in what may be called the ethical business way in developing his invention he might be suspected with seeking for it without justification the advertising and interesting power which the word "wireless" now possesses. As he has submitted his instruments to careful investigation by the Government, no such suspicion can be entertained.

Nevertheless, the name is a bad one, and we have a special grievance against it because as a result of its use we were betrayed yesterday into putting in the same column absolutely contradictory statements as to what Count SZECHENYI has been doing.

Mrs. Bacon on Political Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I do not believe that what you call the "woman movement" has the remotest connection with politics of any sort. I cannot feel, therefore, that it matters very much whether Mr. Roosevelt or Miss Addams incorporates the suffrage movement into the Progressive platform. I have consistently maintained that women have been misled by their leaders and are barking up the wrong tree.

JOSEPHINE DASKAM BACON.

Bacon Hill, Pleasantville, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1912.

HOW IT LOOKS IN VERMONT

Democratic Overturn in the State Indicated by Advance Portents.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Aug. 28.—"There is not one Democrat, speaking broadly, in the State of Vermont who will vote for the Bull Moose. There are many Republicans who will vote for Woodrow Wilson. The Republicans will not elect their State ticket at the polls. To do this they must receive a majority over all the other candidates. In all previous elections they have talked about majorities, not about pluralities, which shows to what complexion their campaign has come at last. Their candidate for Governor, Allen M. Fletcher of Cavendish, is a very good man, a most excellent man, and I like him very much. He is very rich, but he puts on no lugs, is simple and unaffected in his ways, and does not boast of his possessions. He has seen some public service in legislative work, and would doubtless make a capable Governor, but he is a weak candidate, will not poll the full vote of his party, and it would not be surprising if, owing to his inherent weakness, he should pull down the rest of his ticket, which is stronger with the party of which he is the titular leader in the State contest than the leader himself. The last six or eight Governors of Vermont have been millionaires, and the plain people have become tired of making a kindergarten of the State for the promotion of the personal ambitions of men who aspire to the high places because of their means rather than because of their superior fitness for public station.

"Fletcher's opponent for the Republican nomination for Governor was J. A. De Boer, President of the National Life Insurance Company of Montpelier, who was born in Holland, came to the United States—to Albany—when he was a lad, sold papers for a living, worked his way through Dartmouth College, became the head of the public schools of this town, developed unusual gifts in mathematics, was persuaded to abandon the teaching profession for the intricacies of the science of life insurance, and has been largely instrumental in building up his present strong company. Possessing the respect and confidence of all the people of the State, it was thought that he would make an ideal candidate for Governor; but he was beaten by Fletcher for the nomination of his party, and it looks now as if the party will find its mistake of judgment at the election next week."

This is the substance of what the Hon. John H. Senter, an old-line, never-say-die, always-sure-of-getting-there Democrat, said this morning in a rather intimate and picturesque review of the present political conditions in Vermont. Senter has the distinction, besides being a lawyer with the best library in the State, of having been the Democratic candidate for Governor some twelve years or so ago and of having received the second largest vote ever polled for a Democratic candidate in the State. He, therefore, affirms what he knows, and he takes a special delight in the present muddled condition of Vermont politics, as it would seem to indicate the coming of that happy day when the people of this State will believe in their hearts that the civil war, as it is now called by courtesy, is over and that they can afford with self-respect to decide questions of men and measures on their merits.

The view of Fletcher's unavailability as a winning candidate is not by any means confined to Mr. Senter and to the Democrats who think with him on this point; but many Republicans also regard his nomination as of dubious political value, and this feeling, with the added confusion resulting from the activity of the Bull Moose, indicates a very considerable slump in the Republican vote—a sort of "revision downward," so to say, in a Democratic direction.

The situation is so doubtful, the changes are so sudden, the management of the Republican campaign has been so tender-footed that no prophet, nor the son of any prophet, would risk his reputation in figures. Several days ago the head of the Republican machine thought that the Socialists would probably have 500 votes for their State ticket. On Saturday the Secretary at Socialist headquarters in Barre declared that they would poll at least 3,000 votes next week, or three times the vote received by their candidates at the last election. The estimate as to the Prohibition vote exceeds by a considerable number the vote of 1,200 given the other day; so that by whittling down the Republicans here and there and appraising the Bull Moose movement at something like its true value—or at least at the value claimed for it by the Bull Moose workers—it would appear that Wilson is "gaining on 'em" at every jump. Bull Moose badges are plentiful and Bull Moose money is said to have been plentiful enough to lift some mortgages and to set certain workers fairly on their feet.

A barber at Burlington, who is a Republican in sentiment and who has never failed to vote the straight ticket, was moved to say last Friday, speaking of the Bull Moose and his depredations in this State: "Well, he sure has scared them all like Hades," which need not be more nearly translated into the Green Mountain vernacular. That the regulars are scared is proved by the official announcement that there are to be one hundred Republican rallies in the State this week. All the local speakers who can "split the welkin" have been pressed into service for this spellbinding business, and a number of outsiders of the true Demosthenean sort have been brought in to "save the State." Among the outsiders are former Gov. Richard Yates of Illinois, Congressman Campbell of Kansas, John M. Harlan of Chicago, Congressman Ebenezer Hill of Connecticut, Senator Townsend of Michigan, and Congressman Utter of Rhode Island. How much any of these eminent spielers will affect the situation remains to be seen, but they will do their best. It will not be better done, however, good as it may be, than some of the local speakers have already done.

Saturday night there was what is called a "flag-raising" in this town. Two speeches were made, one by Fred A. Howland and the other by Frank W. Mitchell, and both very good. Mitchell got the Constitution and Mr. Lincoln's address at Gettysburg mixed up a bit when he said that the Constitution declares in its preamble something about "government of the people, by the people, for the people," but generally he kept within fairly reasonable bounds. Mr. Howland was really effective, knew what he wanted to say and how to say it. His most striking statement was to the effect that a man should be judged by his friends, that judged by this test Mr. Roosevelt would fall to meet the approval or to justify the confidence of the people. Root, whom he had proclaimed as the greatest man in public life in this or any other country; Stimson, whom he had acclaimed as a man without stain or blemish upon his character and whom he had supported for Governor of New York; Cabot Lodge, his most intimate and oldest friend, and William H. Taft, whom he deluged with his praise—his former closest advisers and most intimate friends—were all now opposed to him and his present mad attempt to seize the Government. They have not changed.

Mr. Howland made the further point that if Roosevelt had received the nomination for President from the Republican convention at Chicago there would have been no Bull Moose Party. It is the ambition of one man, and that, and only that, has made the third party. There is no third party but Roosevelt. If he should die to-morrow there would be no third party.

Twelve or fifteen hundred people—for the most part men of voting size—heard the speakers at this flag raising, the city brass band played with uncommon fervor, there was no hitch in shooting the flag across the street, and it seemed to be an occasion when there would be some sort of a demonstration, when somebody would clap his hands, or try his voice, or sing a hymn, or kick a dog, or do something to stir the gloom; but there was almost no "enthusiasm;" even when the banner unfolded its inartistic beauty to the tune of "The Star Spangled Banner," no one took off his hat, as in duty bound; there was not a movement except the eloquence of a silence so dense that it could be felt. It has been explained that this is Vermont's way, that "the people never cheer," or hardly ever; that they say little but feel deep and vote straight. That may be the case, and doubtless is the case, but a little more "enthusiasm" would rescue some of the young Republican from going over to the Wild West show which opens in Vermont this week and will run over into Maine, the real Bull Moose country, after the intended damage has been fully accomplished here.

It is true that the Vermont people are a quiet, thoughtful, generally intelligent lot, in spite of the fact that they have never voted the Democratic ticket; but they appear to be getting away from themselves in the present campaign. It is a fact, or at least it is stated by very reputable persons to be a fact, that there is not a single man among the leaders of the Bull Moose Party in this State who was ever heard of before in public matters, nor any one of their number who has any standing in the commercial, business, or professional life of the State. Batcheller, who fairly worshipped the Colonel and fought with him in the Rough Riders, has been supplanted by Thompson, freely advertised as the leader of the Bull Moose movement in New England, and has now gone over to the Democrats and is doing good work for Woodrow Wilson. Another Thompson, who went to the regular Republican Convention at Chicago for Roosevelt, is now restored to his right mind and is working for the regular Republican State ticket and for Taft. Other prominent men who were tainted a bit by the Bull Moose glanders have dropped the Bull Moose and are working for the regulars.

Thompson, the manager of the Bull Moose campaign, has been much spoken of as a banker and man of affairs. He is not connected with any bank in this State, has not had for years, and is not regarded by many persons of good standing in these parts as quite the sort of man to lead in a great movement having for its prime object the establishment of a highly useful form of government.

How many votes the Bull Moose State ticket will receive at the election next week depends somewhat on the Bull Moose himself in his last desperate appeals to these unemotional Vermonters. The new party appears to have plenty of money to pay its way. Whence it comes no one who has authority to speak knows, but the managers are said to be always "in funds." The moving picture manager at Burlington charged $100 for the use of his place when Beveridge spoke there last Wednesday night, and it is said that after the show was over Beveridge reported to Perkins by long-distance telephone how the thing was going. Some of the people hereabouts say that they would like the Senate investigating committee to "well and truly try and true deliverance make" of where it is coming from, and how much has been spent to "save Vermont." J. C. H.

"PROGRESSIVE" ORTHOGRAPHY.

Why Has the Colonel Deserted the Simplified Spellers?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

What has become of the Colonel's burning enthusiasm for the cause of simplified spelling? Why does he not order the Government Printer and The Outlook Magazine to abandon the "foolish and fantastic" orthography which he condemned so vigorously a few years ago and to reproduce his speeches in true Progressive style? The following, for instance, might look well in The Congressional Record:

> Frendz & Fello-Citizenz: I kongratulS U on the apparent fact that da by da owr langwidg iz luking mor & mor like the Russian langwidg. [Applauz.] Delighted, I am sure! Last wek I ishood a list uv 600 wordz which R 2 B speld in our nu wa, the spelling in which list I hope U all hav promtly & fully masterd. [Cryz uv, "We hav! We hav!"] Nekst wek I will Progressivly ishoo anuthr list uf 755 wordz with nu spellingz, which I trust U wil also thoroly memorize. [Shoutz uv "We will! We wil!"] It iz 4en 2 My inteshunz 2 detract frum whatevr credit iz justly du 2 My assoshiSz in the prosequshun uv this great speling reform, yet if it wer permitd 2 refer 2 wunz individjl achievmentz, I wud sa that I thru my hat in2 the ring 4 this gloryus speling at the sykologikl moment when its fs was trembling in the balance, & whatevr Simplified waz it owr 2 me. Gentlemen, Simplified means Me. Simplified iz I. Behold, kombined in Me the Simplifikashun & the Simplifier! [Tremenjus applauz.]
>
> JACOB BACKES.

New York, Aug. 28, 1912.

The Times's Fairness.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have just been reading Mr. Beveridge's address as Temporary Chairman of the third party convention at Chicago. It is a masterly presentation, and I was more than pleased to observe the just, serious, and almost enthusiastic way in which THE NEW YORK TIMES treated the opening proceedings of the convention.

That sort of fair play to an adversary, besides being ideal journalism, attracts the admiration of all classes. MELPOMENE.

Engadine, Switzerland, Aug. 16, 1912.

HOW IT ENDED.

I was rootin' fer de Giants frum de
Bleachers stand one day,
W'en erlong comes Jimmy Ryan frum
dat town across de way.
He was brim full to de muzzle of, what
he explained ter me,
Was de cheerful way de Brooklyns
could do up de Giants; See!

W'en de Giants took 'der innin' in de
sebn' Ryan said,
As dere hadn't bin no scorin' he'd jest
yawn an' scratch his head.
But as I'd put all me coppers on de
finish of de game,
I jest stretched, an' stretched, an'
hollered, callin' all de team by name.

An' next innin' w'en de Brooklyns up an'
made a dandy run,
Jimmy Ryan called me somethin' dat he
didn't mean in fun;
But I held me breat' an' waited until
Snodgrass went ter bat,
An' w'en he tore off a homer I jest
tore up Ryan's hat.

After dat dere wa'n't no friendship
'tween dat Ryan kid an' me.
An' de t'ings we called each odder wa'n't
no Bible nicknames; See!
An' de finish saw us scrappin' wustest
dat youse ever saw,
Fer dat measley guy, de Umpire, went
an' called de game a draw!

LURANA SHELDON.

HANDICAPPED IN AIDING THE SICK

Prof. Janeway Confirms Dr. Neumann's Criticism of Defects in American Hospitals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Dr. Neumann of Vienna, the distinguished otologist, put his finger unerringly upon the weak points of our American hospitals in the interview published by THE NEW YORK TIMES on Monday morning. While appreciating and complimenting the material progress shown in the construction and appointment of our hospitals, Dr. Neumann, like all other foreign visitors, was struck by the defects of our hospitals as scientific institutions. To him the two prominent defects were the striking scarcity of autopsies and the equally striking superabundance of physicians of equal rank. This system divides the opportunities for the productive study of disease into portions so small as to render profitable cultivation impossible.

No one feels these two defects in our New York hospitals more keenly than do our medical teachers working in the hospitals. While the standards of care and nursing are unsurpassed anywhere in the world, the opportunities for the training of competent physicians, and especially of leaders in clinical medicine and in medical teaching, are not such as to fill Americans with patriotic pride. Now, good food and nursing are very necessary adjuncts of medical and surgical treatment, and an atmosphere of kindliness and sympathy should be insisted on in any hospital; but neither sympathy, good food, nor well-trained nurses can make the diagnoses nor determine upon the exact therapeutiq measures upon which the cure of the patient depends. Hospitals exist first of all for the cure of the sick—not to make the sick comfortable; and in our hospitals at least, if not in those parts of the community which are under the spell of Christian Science and other forms of occultism, twentieth century medical science is recognized as the most certain means of producing cures. That medical science is still incomplete and that many diseases are and probably always will remain incurable, calls not for less science, but for more of it.

Medical science nowadays is highly complex, and is being advanced by observation and experiment along a wide frontier. The ordinary practicing physician has not the time, and seldom the training, for productive scientific work. Yet, for the most part, our hospital services are in charge of practicing physicians. This arrangement was abandoned in Germany many years ago, with advantages to hospital patients and to medical teaching. Hence, our medical men who seek advanced instruction go to Germany to obtain it.

It is not possible that a country which has carried the organization of its industries to so high a point of specialisation will indefinitely allow the scientific opportunities of its hospitals to be wholly wasted by the failure to organise hospital staffs in such a way as to promote the advance of medical science and its transmission.

More important, however, to the members of the community as individuals who may at any time fall ill and be in need of medical treatment, is the character of the scientific training which the future physicians are receiving as students. This is not only much less stimulating scientifically than in Germany, because of the lack of scientific organisation, but is fatally defective at the root of all training—in diagnosis. To learn to recognize disease with accuracy, one must have the proof of the correctness or incorrectness of his diagnosis in every individual case. In surgery, this proof is for the most part obtained at the operation, and surgical diagnosis has advanced by leaps and bounds. Medical diagnosis in this country, except for the few men of exceptional opportunities, is largely a matter of clever guessing and seldom knowing whether or not one is right. Of course, typhoid fever, diphtheria, tuberculosis, malaria, and such other diseases may be recognized infallibly by the identification of the germs which cause them, but even in these diseases the changes in the internal organs and possible complications are very numerous and are frequently wholly overlooked during life.

The one firm foundation for the successful diagnosis of disease is the proof afforded by post-mortem of every mistake made. Unless students learn by the mistakes of their professors, and later as hospital physicians by their own mistakes, they will never become good diagnosticians, and unless they are good diagnosticians their patients will be inadequately cared for.

The percentage of post-mortems among patients dying even in our municipal hospitals is absurdly small as compared with that in other civilized countries. Few hospitals in New York have autopsies on more than a quarter of the dead, and many have less than 10 per cent. In foreign hospitals, well over 75 per cent. is the rule, in Vienna practically 100 per cent. Even in so nearby a city as Montreal, in the splendid Royal Victoria Hospital and in the old Montreal General Hospital, the hospital reserves the right to perform an autopsy upon every patient dying within its walls. New York State laws governing the performance of autopsies are such as to make it difficult to know whether any autopsies are absolutely legal, except those performed by Coroners. Hospitals have been sued on absurd pretexts and have been mulcted damages for the performance of autopsies, until now they are afraid to assume the responsibility except upon written consent of the next of kin.

With our large foreign population the next of kin frequently lives in a foreign land; and though the relatives who are to bury the body would consent, hospitals have been known to decline an autopsy. In addition, religious scruples and sentimental objections have an influence in this country which they do not possess abroad among similar classes. Nothing could more advance medical science and more rapidly increase the efficiency of everyday medical practice in New York City than the education of the vast mass of the population, so that they may appreciate the fundamental necessity for autopsies if they are to have physicians of any value to them when their own time comes to be ill.

THEODORE C. JANEWAY, M. D.

New York, Aug. 28, 1912.

Meat Inspection Needed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see with pleasure that THE TIMES is giving considerable space to the question of Federal meat inspection. Not long ago, Mrs. Caroline Bartlett Crane of Kalamazoo, Mich., gave some very interesting testimony on the subject before a Congressional committee. She has several hundred copies of the official report of her testimony, and she is willing to send a copy, free, to any woman interested in the question. She is especially desirous to bring the facts to the knowledge of women's organisations. ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Chilmark, Mass., Aug. 27, 1912.

MISS HECKSCHER TO WED O. S. B. BRETT

She Renews Her Engagement to Son of Viscount Escher, Broken Last December.

A HEIRESS TO MILLIONS

Bride-to-Be Just Back from Europe, Where She Visited Mr. Brett's Parents—Interested in Suffrage.

Society will be surprised to learn that the marriage of Miss Antoinette Heckscher, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher of New York and Huntington, L. I., to the Hon. Oliver Sylvain Baliol Brett, a son of Viscount Escher of England, is to be celebrated on Sept. 20 at Huntington, where the Heckschers have a large estate, Wincoma.

It will be remembered that last December Miss Heckscher broke her engagement with Mr. Brett and immediately afterward sailed for Paris with her mother. After several weeks abroad Mrs. Heckscher and her daughter returned and later the latter visited freinds in Philadelphia, while Mrs. Heckscher and Mr. Heckscher went to Jamaica for a while. In July Miss Heckscher went abroad with friends to visit the château districts of Europe. She spent several weeks, it is said, visiting the family of Viscount Escher. She returned about ten days ago.

No announcement of a renewal of the engagement has been made and only the most intimate friends of the family have been informed of the coming marriage.

Formal announcement of the first engagement of Miss Heckscher, who, with her brother, C. Maurice Heckscher, will inherit the many millions amassed by August Heckscher, was made last November, after it had been rumored for several weeks in the South, and the wedding was soon set for Feb. 6, but during the last ten days in December announcement was made in THE TIMES of the breaking of the engagement. Mr. Brett was quite ill for some time, and after his recovery he was seen frequently with Miss Heckscher's brother and his family during his former fiancée's absence in Europe, but there was never any suggestion of the engagement being renewed until now.

Mr. Brett is the eldest son of Viscount Escher. The title is a recent one, having been conferred on Mr. Brett's grandfather in 1885. He married a Miss Mayer, daughter of Louis Mayer. The present Viscount succeeded to the title in 1899. He married a Miss Van der Weyer of Belgium. One of the Hon. Mr. Brett's brothers, Capt. Maurice Vynor Brett, married Zena Dare, an English actress.

None of the details of the marriage have been made public, but it is probable that Mrs. Drelincourt Martin (Miss McLaughlin) will be the matron of honor, as Miss Heckscher was her maid of honor and only attendant at her wedding on July 10.

Miss Heckscher is highly cultivated, has traveled much, and is interested in the woman suffrage movement. She marched last May in the big suffrage parade.

SEPTEMBER WEDDING PLANS.

Attendants at Nuptials of Misses House, Bishop, and Osborn.

Gordon Auchinclos, whose marriage to Miss Janet House will take place on Sept. 14, at Beverly, Mass., will have his brother Reginald L. Auchinclos as his best man, and the ushers are to be Walter G. Davis, Jr., Raymond Ives and J. W. W. Struthers of New York, and Randolph F. Tucker of Boston. Mr. Auchinclos will give his bachelor dinner on Thursday, Sept. 12, at the Essex Country Club, Manchester, Mass.

Spencer Turner of New York, whose marriage to Miss Jessica Pomeroy Bishop will take place in Pittsfield, on Sept. 14, will have his brother Harold Turner, who married Miss Martha P. Strong, as his best man and his ushers are to be, Herbert Dillon, Lee Perrin, Morris S. Hare, E. T. Ryner, G. Maurice Heckscher of New York; Edwin White of St. Paul and Rex Filian and William S. Moorhead of Pittsburgh.

Miss Bishop will have Mrs. Albert de Wolfe Erskine of Chicago as matron of honor, and the other attendants are to be Miss Rosalie Elliman and Miss Mary Cumnock of New York, Miss Beatrice Wetmore of Warren, Penn., and the Misses Hilda Hall, Caryl Spoor, Dorothy Robbins, and Mrs. John Stevenson of Chicago.

Miss Aileen Osborn, whose marriage to Vanderbilt Webb, is to take place in the little church of St. Philips in the Highlands, Garrison's, N. Y., on Sept. 11, will have her cousin, Miss Josephine Osborn, and Miss Julia Newbold, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Newbold, as her attendants. Arnold Whitridge, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Whitridge, will be Mr. Webb's best man, and the ushers are to be Frederick and Earl Osborn, brother of the bride, and J. Watson Webb, who married Miss Electra Havemeyer and W. Seward Webb, Jr., who married Miss Gertrude Gaynor, brother of the bridegroom.

The wedding breakfast will be served at the Osborn country place, Forest Farm. Mr. and Mrs. Webb will sail for England on Sept. 18, to spend the Winter at Oxford, where Mr. Webb will continue his studies.

MISS DOROTHY SMITH WEDS.

Married to Artemas Holmes at Her Roslyn Home—The Attendants.

Special to The New York Times.

ROSLYN, L. I., Aug. 28.—The wedding of Miss Dorothy Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Campbell Smith of Roslyn, to Artemas Holmes, son of Mr. and Mrs. Artemas H. Holmes of 453 Madison Avenue, New York, took place at the home of the bride's parents at 5 o'clock this afternoon. The Rev. Herbert Shipman officiated.

The house was decorated with white roses, lilies of the valley, and palms. The bride wore a gown of white satin trimmed with point applique and rose point, and the waist was trimmed with pearls. Her veil was also of rose point. Little Miss Anna Smith, sister of the bride, was the flower girl. The color scheme of the costuming of the bridesmaids was yellow and mauve. They wore large tulle picture hats. Miss Hilda Holmes, a sister of the bridegroom, was the maid of honor, and the bridesmaids were the Misses Lilla Gilbert, Elise Ladew, Maude Aldrich, and Mercedes de Zaldo.

J. D. Crimmins, Jr., was best man and the ushers were Eugene S. Reynal, Harvey Ladew, A. D. Tappan, George G. Smith, Jr., Frederick C. Inman, Allan Pinkerton, and Charles H. Raymond.

Mr. and Mrs. Holmes are sailing to-day on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria to spend their honeymoon abroad, and on their return to New York will live at 118 East Fifty-fourth Street.

L. H. Palmer Weds Miss Burroughs.

Miss Grace E. Burroughs of Somerville, Mass., and Louis Hooker Palmer of this city were married yesterday in the presence of the immediate families and a few intimate friends, at the bride's home. The Rev. Ozora S. Davis and the Rev. Albert R. Parker officiated. After a short trip in New England Mr. and Mrs. Palmer will live in New York. The bride is a graduate of Radcliffe College. The bridegroom attended Williams. He is a member of the Engineers' Club, and is Superintendent of Transportation of the New York Railways Company.

Elsman-Loewenthal Engagement.

The engagement is announced in Brookline, Mass., of Miss Evelyn Elsman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Elsman, to Walter Loewenthal of New York. Mr. Loewenthal was graduated from Harvard, class of 1908, and from the Harvard Law School in 1908, and is a member of the firm of Bernheim and Loewenthal, lawyers, of New York.

Mrs. Francis Ormond French Arrives.

Mrs. Francis Ormond French arrived yesterday from Europe on the White Star liner Oceanic, and was met at the pier by her daughter, Mrs. French Vanderbilt. She was accompanied on the voyage by her brother, Amos Tuck French.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Vanderbilt and the Countess Széchényi are coming to town after the Horse Show at Newport, and will attend the Webb-Osborn wedding at Garrison's on Sept. 11. Later they will join Count Széchényi abroad. The latter is now with Mr. and Mrs. H. P. Whitney at their shooting box in Scotland.

Mrs. H. McK. Twombly and Miss Ruth Twombly are also leaving Newport after the Horse Show to go to their Madison, N. J., estate for the Autumn.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy Beekman Winthrop and Mrs. Winthrop, who have kept their Washington home open during the Summer, have motored to their Westbury, L. I., country place. They will later visit Mrs. Robert Winthrop, in Lenox, and will return on Oct. 1 to Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Archibald McCrea are occupying Barton Lodge, Mrs. Seth Barton French's villa, at the Hot Springs, Va., which they leased some time ago.

Col. Spences Cosby, U. S. A., has been the guest at Lenox of Mrs. J. Frederick Schenck, where Mrs. Cosby has been spending the Summer. Mrs. Cosby was Miss Aleid Schenck.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wilmerding Field are at the Oriental Hotel, Manhatlan Beach, as are also Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Bradhurst.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Rathbone and the Misses Rathbone have taken an apartment at the Belmont.

Mr. and Mrs. Maitland Bishop (Miss Marjorie Rendall) have named their daughter, born at their Pasadena home, in the Spring, Audrey.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren E. Dennis and their family, who are abroad, will return in September and go to their farm in Connecticut.

Mrs. Samuel S. Auchincloss has returned to New York, and, with her daughter, is at the Hotel Buckingham.

Charles Park Requa, who is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Thaw at Newport, will return after the Horse Show to his Loon Lake place, Camp Tanglewood, in the Adirondacks.

H. M. WARBASSE TO MARRY.

Assistant District Attorney of Kings to Wed Miss Bradley.

A speech made in favor of woman suffrage is behind the romance of Assistant District Attorney Herbert M. Warbasse of Kings County and Miss Bertha Bradley of the Charity Organization Society. They will be married at the Summer home of her brother, Dr. Harold Bradley of the University of Wisconsin faculty, Woods Hole, Mass., on Sept. 27.

Mr. Warbasse began to be a pronounced woman suffragist when after his appointment he was assigned to the room in the Kings County District Attorney's office Robert H. Elder occupied. Mr. Elder was an active suffragist and his wife was leader of the movement in Kings County. Mr. Warbasse was Fourth of July orator this year at Woods Hole and uttered a plea for woman suffrage.

The meeting with Miss Bradley, who had been distinguished about Woods Hole as a suffrage exponent, was arranged by suffrage enthusiasts who heard the speech, and was followed by a romantic attachment which preceded the announcement of the engagement. Miss Bradley is the daughter of the Rev. Cornelius Beach Bradley, an emeritus professor of the University of California.

R. OLYPHANT WEDS COUSIN.

Widower Married to Miss Marie V. Olyphant—His Son Best Man.

The wedding of Robert Olyphant of 70 West Fifty-fifth Street and Miss Marie Viele Olyphant, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Talbot Olyphant, also of New York, took place at noon yesterday in Grace Church Chantry, the Rev. Charles Wright Clash officiating. None but the immediate families were present, and there was no reception, but a luncheon at Delmonico's followed the ceremony.

Mr. Olyphant, whose son Robert was his best man, is a cousin of his bride, who is a sister of Mrs. Prentice Strong. She wore a white satin bridal gown. Her brother-in-law, Prentice Strong, gave her in marriage, her father being unable to attend the ceremony.

Mr. Olyphant's first wife was Miss Caroline Wetmore Muller. She died several years ago. He has three children, Mrs. William de la Roche Anderson, Miss Sophie Vernon Olyphant, and Robert M. Olyphant, Jr.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Three Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, (Hamburg.)—Albert B. Alsop, Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Beardsley, Mrs. Rose Berry, Miss Constance Berry, D. A. Lambert-Cone, Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Crawford, Charles M. Cabot, H. R. Cadmus, J. W. Dunham, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Dunham, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Ely, Baron von Hengelmuller, Austro-Hungarian Ambassador to the United States, Baroness von Hengelmuller, Baroness Michaela von Hengelmuller, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. G. Kennedy, A. W. Little, Mrs. H. K. Lackland, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Mason, Prof. W. P. Montague, Dr. and Mrs. R. K. Noyes, Miss Sara Philips, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Scofield, Charles A. Williams, Alvin Wellhouse, and Mrs. A. H. Wolf.

PROVENCE, (Havre.)—Mrs. C. A. Baldwin, F. B. del Calvo, Mrs. C. W. Dunlop, Miss Edith Deacon, Mrs. L. H. Fordham, Archibald K. MacKay, Capt. Leon Ollivier, the Rev. M. E. Prevost, Mrs. Ford Thompson, and Miss Marion Thompson.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. J. Van Alst, John S. Banton, G. R. Bigelow, J. W. Alpch, Mrs. L. Collins, the Right Rev. Mr. Arthur Doubleday, E. Rembault Dibdin, Miss Ida Dunlop, Walter Fairbanks, Capt. J. Higgin, J. H. Hodgson, Mrs. W. C. Jones, Miss Maud G. Jones, W. R. Kennish, Charles D. Mackay, J. H. Manley, Miss Julia E. Moore, Mrs. R. Morton, R. O. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Rixey, R. Ronalds, Miss A. T. Steele, R. Sterling, Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Sykes, Edward F. Walker, and Mr. and Mrs. B. Wellwood.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OCEANIC (Southampton)—Mrs. R. C. Anderson, Miss E. Arden, J. F. Arundell, A. H. Balcombe, Burton R. Baldwin, Albert M. Banker, Mr. and Mrs. Pierre L. Barbey, G. H. Barrett, H. W. Bell, H. Bendel, Miss Grace Bigelow, D. H. Blake, Dr. W. B. Brinsmade, Miss A. Burke, Miss Frances Canan, Miss J. Carrol, Gen. James L. Carter, D. V. G. Chaves, H. S. Chipman, James Creelman, J. Ashmore Creelman, Mrs. J. R. Crowe, Miss Marjorie Dana, Mrs. D. J. Dean, Miss Cora B. Ellis, Miss H. C. Emerson, H. T. Farrar, Miss Isabelle Ford, Mrs. F. O. French, Amos Tuck French, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Gifford, Miss Ruth Gordon, Miss C. I. Haller, Mr. and Mrs. George Hewlett, Miss Monica Huber, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Larkin, Miss Janet Lyle, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Newbold, Jr., Miss M. A. Page, J. E. Parker, Capt. J. E. Pearce, Mr. and Mrs. C. Phelps, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Revell, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Rich, Mrs. A. Roberts, Col. and Mrs. C. C. Royce, Capt. J. A. Ryan, Eugene St. Ives Conway Seymour, Dr. and Mrs. Howard C. Taylor, T. B. Van Buren, and C. E. Wallace.

THAMES (Southampton, via West Indies)—Geoffrey Besant, F. J. Barrett, J. A. Cook, W. H. Dawes, Irwin Dyer, Miss Ethel M. Edwards, H. N. Grimes, Miss Isabel Hewitt, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Kerr, Miss Gwendolin Lindsay, and the Right Rev. Enos Nuttall, D. D., Archbishop of the West Indies.

CARPATHIA (Naples)—Mrs. S. Anderson, Miss A. W. Alvord, T. C. Barr, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Bostwick, Miss G. M. Clark, Miss C. S. Cobb, Mrs. Ann De Vall, Mr. and Mrs. W. Carr Dyer, Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Decker, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Foley, the Rev. and Mrs. C. H. Lewis, Dr. and Mrs. J. B. Gorham, the Rev. W. M. Gordon, Dr. and Mrs. T. S. Lovett, Miss G. I. Leddell, Miss M. A. Love, Mrs. W. T. Mason, Miss E. Palmer, Dr. M. E. Peters, Miss M. S. Robbins.

BREMEN (Bremen)—Mrs. C. Allen, Miss J. Crawford, C. Doris, Miss M. L. Downing, S. Evers, Miss M. K. Evans, Mrs. C. E. Humphrey, Miss M. S. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Laughlin, A. W. Martins, Prof. F. Schulle, George Wagner.

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HASTINGS' FINE HOME BURNS, LOSS $300,000

Architect's Wealthy Neighbors at Roslyn Save Furnishings and Valuable Art Objects.

MANY JOIN BUCKET BRIGADE

Stanley Mortimer and J. S. Phipps Among Those Who Served as Volunteer Firemen.

With smoke-blackened faces, a score of New York millionaires who are members of the Roslyn (L. I.) Volunteer Fire Department labored like beavers early yesterday morning in a futile attempt to save from destruction the $300,000 home of Thomas H. Hastings, which is one of the show places of the exclusive Summer colony. The fact that the amateur fire fighters failed was due almost entirely to lack of water. Stanley Mortimer and J. S. Phipps, wealthy neighbors and friends of Mr. Hastings, led their respective bucket brigades until the progress of the flames made their task hopeless. They then turned their attention to the contents of the doomed residence, and succeeded in saving a large quantity of valuable furniture and rare art treasures.

The fire was discovered about 4:30 o'clock in the morning, and started from some unknown cause in the garret. Both Mr. Hastings and his wife are abroad, and only a few servants were in the house. All of them escaped, as the fire did not extend to the servants' quarters until fanned by a brisk east wind, which sprang up after the fire had been in progress more than an hour.

Not until the flames had reached the ground floor did the millionaire fire laddies desist in their efforts to save the more valuable contents. As quickly as pieces of furniture and other articles were borne forth from the house on the shoulders of panting volunteers they were carried into the barn. Such was the enthusiasm of the workers that practically all of the furnishings and art objects on the ground floor of the house were saved, representing thousands of dollars in value. The house was burned to the ground.

The palatial home of Robert Bacon, former United States Ambassador to France, met a similar fate about a year ago. Mr. Bacon's mansion was in the same section of Roslyn as the Hastings place.

No definite estimate of the loss incurred in yesterday's fire can be obtained until after the return of the architect and his wife from Europe early next month. Mrs. Hastings had planned an active social season for the Autumn, including a series of costume parties and other original entertainments. The Hastings home always has been the scene of much hospitality, especially for the younger set. Mrs. Hastings is an expert horsewoman, and for many years has been President of the Ladies' Four-in-Hand Club of New York and the donor of the Bagatelle Cup at the Piping Rock Horse Show for several successive years.

LARCHMONT BURGLAR EXPERT

Planned to Return to Germany a Rich Man, He Confesses.

The discovery on Tuesday of a Third Avenue apartment, crammed with $5,000 worth of loot from homes in Larchmont and Mamaroneck, was followed yesterday by the confession of Paul Rossman, the prisoner in the case, who, according to Detective Barber of the East Twenty-second Street Station, was planning to return a rich man to his home in Germany, with "every diamond in Larchmont," in his possession, and many jeweled souvenirs of America for the folks at home. Rossman attributed his unhappy turn of luck to the loss of a diamond with a black spot in it, which he had long carried as a talisman.

Barber's version of Rossman's narrative shows the man who posed as a baker by day as something of a burglary authority at night, proud of his performances in burglarious entrance, proud of his skill at detecting real gems from paste, real silver from imitation, and at recognizing good cut glass from poor cut glass merely by its effect on his sensitive fingers in the dark of a sleeping house. Such devices as a cat call from a balcony to sound the presence and temper of a watch dog and a motor boat used to approach a citadel of luxury were all embellishments of the narrative.

CANNON IN KICK CONTEST.

Uncle Joe Accepts the Challenge of an Athletic Nonagenarian.

MOORHEAD, Minn., Aug. 28.—"Uncle Joe" Cannon, in a letter to State Senator Charles S. Marden, accepts the challenge of J. B. Blanchard, aged 90, of this city, to a "high kicking" contest. Mr. Cannon's reply says:

"I cannot suggest that Mr. Blanchard first get a reputation before attempting to challenge me in this regard, for, of course, his prowess in this delightful sport is known to all men. In view of the tone of defiance indicated by this statement, I cannot do otherwise than to accept."

Mr. Cannon then presents his best wishes to Mr. Blanchard, who on his 90th birthday declared he could beat "Uncle Joe, or any other young old boys," at a high kicking contest.

The date of the meet has not been set.

Jack Phillips Fund Totals $3,947.

C. C. Galbraith, Chairman of the Jack Phillips Titanic Memorial Fund, announced yesterday that he had received additional contributions amounting to $65, bringing the total to $3,947.95.

Minnie Tracey in Concert Tour Here.

Contracts were closed yesterday by cable, it is announced, between Miss Minnie Tracey, the American soprano, who has been singing abroad for the last five or six years, and Haensel & Jones, the New York managers, for an American concert tour, to begin next January. Miss Tracey will appear in recital in Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, and many other cities. In Europe she has sung in opera as well as in concert, and it is possible that some operatic appearances will be arranged for her in this country.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The name of Arthur Schnitzler's comedy that will open the season at the Little Theatre early in October has been changed from simply "Anatol" to "The Affairs of Anatol" in order to make the title more descriptive.

Maeterlinck's play, "The Blue Bird," will be sent on tour again this season under the direction of the Shuberts, opening at Syracuse on Sept. 9.

William Morris has arranged to present in this country Cosmo Hamilton's four-act play, "The Blindness of Virtue," that has been shown at the Little Theatre, London. The theme of the play is an indictment of the fashion of bringing up children in ignorance of the meaning of certain human impulses which enter seriously into their lives.

The English company, under the direction of Granville Barker, that is to appear at Collier's Comedy Theatre in "Fanny's First Play" on Sept. 16 will consist of Tim Ryley, C. H. Croker-King, Elizabeth Kingsford, Maurice Elvey, Lionel Pape, Sydney Paxton, Kate Carlton, Walter Creighton, Eva Leonard Boyne, Mary Barton, Arnold Lucy, Gladys Harvey, Herbery Densey, Quentin Tod, and Philippa Preston.

Previous to their departure for Chicago the members of the "Whirl of Society" company were entertained at dinner last night by Charles J. Rose, J. J. Hughes, Harry Fox, and the Howard brothers of the Winter Garden company. The Chicago company will include Al Jolson, Lawrence D'Orsay, Maurice and his dancing partner, Miss Walton, Ada Lewis, Melville Ellis, Fanny Brice, Willie Weston, the Courtney sisters, Clarence Harvey, Oscar Schwartz, Laura Hamilton, Florence Cable, and the Hasson Ben Ali troupe.

"Little Boy Blue" will begin its second season early in September in Newark, and for the first week it will have two separate chorus organizations, alternating the performances. A second company in the piece is to be sent on tour, and in order that its chorus may have the advantage of public appearances the members will be taken along with the parent organization until time for final rehearsals with the

EMERSON IN ALIMONY SUIT.

Mrs. Basshor's Former Husband Wants to Stop Allowance.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 28.—Mrs. C. Hazeltine Basshor, formerly Mrs. Isaac E. Emerson, has no longer any claim upon him for support, is the contention of Capt. Isaac E. Emerson, the drug millionaire, who filed a petition to-day in the Circuit Court requiring Mrs. Basshor to show cause why the $28,800 a year alimony allowed her by the court in the decree of divorce from Capt. Emerson should not be discontinued. Judge Elliott signed an order giving Mrs. Basshor until Sept. 17 to answer.

The petition formally stated that on May 29, 1911, Mrs. Basshor obtained a divorce from Capt. Emerson, and that he was ordered to pay her alimony to the amount named, or at the rate of $2,400 a month. The petition added that on Aug. 22 of this year the defendant married C. Hazeltine Basshor of this city, and that the complainant felt that he should be relieved from further payments of alimony, contending that the responsibility for the support of Mrs. Basshor should fall upon her present husband.

The alimony is secured by the deposit by Capt. Emerson of 600 shares of the Emerson Drug Company stock. The proprety given by Capt. Emerson to his former wife, the magnificent mansion near Druid Hill Park, with the Italian gardens attached, is not affected by the suit. Mr. and Mrs. Basshor have taken up their residence there.

Mrs. Basshor is said to have been ignorant that Capt. Emerson contemplated any step to stop her alimony. A close friend of Mrs. Basshor said that in the decree of divorce from Capt. Emerson it was distinctly stated that the alimony provision was "for life," and that there were no conditions attached to it.

"Have you anything to say about the matter?" Mrs. Basshor was asked.

"Capt. Emerson knows why he should pay alimony," Mrs. Basshor answered.

"That's all I have to say."

"You will oppose the bill?"

"Why, certainly I will," she said.

LOCHINVAR IN AN AUTO.

Came Out of the West and Quickly Carried Off His Bride.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Aug. 28.—After a very brief courtship, Pierre Gilliland, 26 years old, a manufacturer at Evansville, Ill., and Miss Grace Connerton, 18, of 730 Cornelia Avenue, Chicago, were married by the Rev. Dr. W. A. Atchley at the First Baptist Church to-day.

Gilliland came here from Chicago in an automobile and left with his bride after the wedding ceremony for the return trip. Mrs. Gilliland sent a note to her grandmother, Mrs. George Hurd, with whom she was staying at the Plaza Hotel here, telling her of the wedding.

According to the story told by Gilliland here, he first saw Miss Connerton in a store at Chicago a few weeks ago. It was love at first sight, he said. He hunted up a friend who knew Miss Connerton and was presented. He began courtship and when Miss Connerton left for her annual visit home he followed by automobile.

LA FOLLETTE ADDS TO BOOK.

Three New Chapters in Autobiography Will Tell Roosevelt Secrets.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Senator La Follette received to-day from his New York publishers final proofs of his autobiography, which is soon to appear.

The work as first published serially in a magazine closed with the events of last year in National politics, and did not contain anything of the present campaign. The Wisconsin Senator has written three additional chapters, in which he takes off the lid and tells of his candidacy for President, how he entered upon it, what the relations of Theodore Roosevelt were to it at the outset and as it progressed, and how Roosevelt broke with his first apparent intentions and became himself a candidate.

Senator La Follette has endeavored, he says, to tell the story in a plain historical way as he believes it will be told ten years from now, when the asperities of the present campaign have passed away. What he has written he has submitted to a number of his friends in political life in order that he may have the benefit of their criticism and such correction of his statements as would occur to those who have a different angle of vision from his own. Naturally, the account of the events leading up to the Republican National Convention will reveal much that will be surprising and startling to the average reader.

La Follette has never made a practice of putting those with whom he differs in the Ananias Club, and his political integrity has not required frequent use of denials of statements by others. His statements in his book are likely to create widespread controversial interest.

RENEW NEWSPRINT WAR.

Press Concerns Charge Each Other with Violating Court Decree.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The American Press Association and the Western Newspaper Union, recently enjoined by an agreed decree under the Sherman anti-trust law from engaging in any unfair business methods, have filed with Attorney General Wickersham charges that one another are violating the decree. If sustained the complaints would involve contempt proceedings. William T. Chantland, Special Assistant to the Attorney General, who prepared the case that resulted in the agreed decree, will investigate.

The original move of the Department of Justice was the outcome of a bitter trade war between the concerns, which furnish "boiler plate" and "ready print" to an aggregate of about 16,000 small newspapers. The suit was filed and the decree entered, the Department of Justice announced, to prevent the companies from waging unfair competition that would drive one or the other to the wall, equipping the survivor with the power of influencing about 60,000,000 readers.

FINDS HOTEL LIFT MAN DYING.

Vanderbilt Operator Not Able to Tell How He Was Hurt.

A porter, walking along an eleventh floor corridor of the Hotel Vanderbilt last evening, saw William McSherry, one of the elevator operators, lying unconscious on the floor of his halted car.

Failing to arouse him, the porter ran the car to the ground floor, and Dr. Allen was called from New York Hospital. He found that the man had a broken thigh and arm. McSherry was revived sufficiently to tell the doctor that he did not know how he had been injured, and then he lapsed into unconsciousness. He died before midnight in Bellevue Hospital. McSherry lived at 449 Ninth Avenue.

GOES TO RENO FOR DIVORCE.

Mrs. William J. Coffey of New York Charges Husband with Cruelty.

Special to The New York Times.

RENO, Nev., Aug. 28.—After three years only of married life Mrs. Jessica M. Coffey of New York has filed an action for absolute divorce against her husband, William J. Coffey, charging him with cruelty.

She declares that her husband, who lives at 400 Riverside Drive, New York, made their home a scene of continual uproar by his complaining, criticising, nagging, and general bad temper, although financially he was liberal with her. The constant worry impaired her health so that she was forced to leave him last year and return to her parents.

There are no children. Coffey will accept service but not contest, merely entering formal appearance with an answer of general denial.

Dr. Blaustein's Funeral To-day.

The funeral of Dr. David Blaustein, who died at the Summer camp of the Young Men's Hebrew Association of the Educational Alliance, Cold Spring Harbor, on the Hudson, will take place to-day with services at 11 o'clock in the Synagogue of the Congregation Poal Zedek Anshe Illie, at Forsyth and Delancey Streets, and at noon in the building of the Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway. Members of the Executive Committee and of the Advisory Counsel of the Kehillah (Jewish Community), in the organization of [illegible] Dr. Blaustein took an active part, will be present.

DRIPPING WATER KILLS AN INFANT

Leaks from Floor Above On Baby's Face and Brings on Convulsions.

DEATH SOUND WAKES FATHER

Because Child Seldom Cried Parents Suspected Nothing When He Lay Quiet for a Day After Night Bath.

After tucking their three-months-old baby, William, in his little crib close beside their bed on Monday night, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Barber of 64 South Sixth Street, Williamsburg, bent over their infant's pillow and whispered together eagerly while its eyelids closed. Then they turned out the lights and soon the little family was asleep.

Several hours later the husband was awakened by the sound of dripping water. He started to get up, but awoke his wife, who restrained him lest the baby's sleep be broken. Barber lay back on his pillow, but the sound of trickling water disturbed his thoughts and he could not sleep. He arose a second time, and graped quietly about the room faintly illumined by the arc light from the street, trying to find where the water was falling. Unable to see any wet spot on the floor, the husband then decided to turn on the gas light, and when he did so he discovered that the water was falling directly upon the face of the infant.

The child was gasping for breath when the father lifted him from its cradle. The mother, who had been awakened, brought some dry clothing for the baby, nestled him in her arms, and all seemed well. Barber meanwhile went up to the room directly overhead, where two lodgers were sleeping, and found that a hydrant had been left open.

All day Tuesday the parents noticed that their child lay in its crib motionless and without murmuring, but they suspected nothing, as they had been wont to boast that "Willie never cries." Again they tucked the baby in its crib Tuesday night, and again the sleep of the father was disturbed, this time by a strange rattle in the child's throat.

Shortly before 2 o'clock Wednesday morning Barber got up and went to the side of the child's crib, but its breath had stopped. He touched the baby's form and found that it was cold. Frightened, he lit the gas jet and aroused his wife. Then he slipped on his clothes and hastened to the Bedford Avenue Police Station, where he excitedly explained to Lieut. Kelly that his baby was in urgent need of medical attention. Ambulance Surgeon Reibstein was sent from the Eastern District Hospital, just a few blocks away. He examined the child and informed the distracted parents that it was dead.

Coroner's Physician Charles Wuest was notified of the strange death of the infant, and after an examination yesterday morning he said that it had died of convulsions. Dr. Reibstein said that he thought the convulsions had been brought on by the dripping water under which the child lay for hours Monday night.

Max Guggenheimer, Jr.

Max Guggenheimer, Jr., a prominent resident of Lynchburg, Va., died yesterday at the Hotel Netherland. He was 70 years old. Mr. Guggenheimer came to this country when he was 14 years old. At 18 he enlisted in the Confederate army, serving throughout the civil war. Afterwards he entered the firm of Guggenheimer & Co., dry goods. He founded one of Lynchburg's principal National banks, also the Lynchburg Trust Company, and the Lynchburg cotton mills, as well as one of the city's largest shoe businesses. Mr. Guggenheimer retired from active business ten years ago, and devoted himself to philanthropic work. Recently he donated a park for the children of Lynchburg. He left a widow.

Baroness von Uechtritz.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 28.—Baroness von Uechtritz, formerly Viola Lytle, daughter of J. R. Lytle of Delaware, died here to-day at a hospital of spinal disease. The Baroness was 38 years old. Her marriage to Charles Edgar von Uechtritz und Steinkirch, the African explorer, took place in 1895. A younger sister of the Baroness, while visiting in Berlin, was married to Count Bouta Eulenberg, who died suddenly two years ago.

Obituary Notes.

JACOB MOERLEIN, a prominent brewer and Vice President of the Christian Moerlein Brewing Company of Cincinnati, died at his home in Cincinnati yesterday. Mr. Moerlein had been ailing for several months. He was 57 years old.

HENRY ROTHENBERG, a manufacturer of neckties, died Tuesday of a sudden attack of acute indigestion at his home, 562 Seventh Street, Brooklyn, at the age of 56 years. A widow and one daughter survive him.

MORITZ GERBER, a retired clothing merchant, died Tuesday at his home, 205 East 112th Street, aged 81 years. He was a Director and a patron of the Mount Sinai Hospital and the Montefiore Home. He left a widow, a son, and five daughters.

Mrs. MARY SHAW, widow of Alexander Shaw, a contractor and builder, died on Tuesday at her home, 467 West 147th Street, aged 72 years. Two daughters survive her.

Dr. HENRY H. MILLER of Whitehouse, N. J., died Tuesday at his home there from pneumonia. He was 58 years old, and had practised medicine at Mountainville and Lebanon. Dr. Miller left a wife and son.

Col. EDWARD CUNNINGHAM, who was known as the "Sugar King of Texas," died Tuesday at San Antonio, aged 77 years. He was a Colonel in the Confederate Army, and served on the staffs of Gen. Hood and Gen. Stephen B. Lee.

HENRY C. LEWIS, who was once a clerk in the old Windsor Hotel in New York, and for thirty years manager of the Southern Hotel in St. Louis, died on Tuesday in St. Louis, in his seventieth year. His death was hastened by grief at the recent closing of the Southern Hotel.

Mrs. PETRONELLE T. MORCH, wife of Carl C. Morch, died at her home, 890 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, yesterday. She was a native of Norway, and, with her husband, settled in Brooklyn forty-six years ago, and had resided there ever since. Besides her husband, Mrs. Morch is survived by three daughters and three sons, Mrs. William T. Brown of Flushing, Mrs. Carl Schroder, Miss Antoinette Morch, Peter Morch and Thomas Morch of Brooklyn, and Martin Morch of Richmond Hill.

JOHN McCORMACK died in his home in Clifton, S. I., last night. He was born fifty years ago in Rosebank, S. I., and was well known throughout Richmond Borough. He took an active part in politics and became Town Clerk of the old town of Southfield. He is survived by a widow. Mr. McCormack was a member of an old Staten Island family.

Mrs. MADELENA GUERRIERI, the mother of Rocco Guerrieri, leader of the Terrace Garden Symphony Orchestra, died at her home, 59 Montgomery Avenue, Corona, on Monday.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

HUELSENBECK.—Aug. 28, Newark, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Huelsenbeck, a son.

Married.

OLYPHANT—OLYPHANT.—On Wednesday, Aug. 28, 1912, at Grace Church chantry, by the Rev. Charles Wright Clash, Marie Viele Olyphant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Talbot Olyphant, to Robert Olyphant.

WOLF—MOELLER.—Aug. 26, 1912, Mary Moeller to Simon C. Wolf.

JACKSON—PHILLIPS.—Aug. 26, Evelyn E. Phillips to Charles L. Jackson.

Died.

BLAUSTEIN.—On Monday, Aug. 26, David Blaustein, beloved husband of Miriam Umstadter Blaustein. Services will be held on Thursday, Aug. 29, at 11 A. M. at synagogue, corner of Delancey and Forsyth Sts.; also at Educational Alliance at 11:30 A. M.

CELLA.—Teresa Cella, mother of Victoria and Cavagnaro and Anna M. and Pisarra, died at 46 Bond Av., Rockaway Beach, L. I., Aug. 28. Interment Greenwood Cemetery Friday, Aug. 30. Funeral train will arrive at Flatbush Av. station at 12:30 P. M.

COLE.—Suddenly, at Raquette Lake, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1912, Dr. Charles W. Cole of Albany, N. Y. Funeral services at the Second Presbyterian Church, Albany, N. Y., Friday afternoon, Aug. 30, at 2:30 o'clock.

DENNISTON.—At his home, Medford, Ore., Aug. 22, 1912, Dr. Charles H. Denniston, son of the late Hamilton Denniston of Little Britain, N. Y.

Died.

DICKINSON.—James, at the Flower Hospital, Saturday evening, Aug. 24, 1912, James Dickinson, in the 65th year of his age.

GUERRIERI.—Aug. 26, Madelena Guerrieri, aged 54, mother of Rocco Guerrieri, leader Terrace Garden Symphony Orchestra. Funeral Aug. 29, 10 A. M., leaving her late residence, 59 Montgomery Av., Corona. Interment at Calvary.

GUGGENHEIMER.—Max, Jr., of Lynchburg, Va., died Aug. 28, 1912, at Hotel Netherland, New York City. Funeral at Lynchburg, Va., Aug. 30, 1912.

HOLLENDER.—Brethren of Darcy L

PAR VALUE.

The par value of a stock is often very misleading. Some with a par value of $10.00 a share are selling at $100 and over—others with $100 par value are selling at $1.00.

The real value of a property is not what is printed on the certificate, but what is shown from the assets, the earnings, and the dividend records.

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Reaction Carries Prices Down Fractionally—Big Business in Steel and Pig Iron.

To find the reasons for yesterday's moderate setback in the market it is not necessary to look very far from the New York Stock Exchange, although various news developments of the day were cited by some of the brokers as explaining the loss of Tuesday's buoyancy. The stock market is still essentially local and when the traders find that a general advance fails to bring in outside buying they grow discouraged and sell their stocks taken on a few hours before. Money is already showing signs of becoming tighter and to the banks' losses to the sub-Treasury there was added a shipment of $1,300,000 in gold to Canada yesterday. Obviously, a man carrying a long line of stocks might find the money situation embarrassing, when once the real movement of currency to the interior sets in. There was a disposition to look for an increase in the Bank of England's rate today, and while call money in New York is still loaning at an average of 2⅞ per cent. time money rates were advanced ¼ of 1 per cent.

In the face of hardening rates for money and continued indifference as to the course of prices by the public at large, yesterday's market grew dull at the end of the first hour, and prices began to shade off. At the close, after another day of small transactions, most issues were fractionally lower. Some of the high priced specialties again furnished the most striking price changes. General Chemical, which enjoyed a spectacular advance a few weeks ago on reports of an impending big dividend, sold down to 191½ yesterday, a loss of seven points from the previous sale, while International Agricultural Chemical advanced four points on its only sale. American Tobacco declined four points, and Texas Company, on the expectation of an increase in the dividend rate shortly, sold up two points.

Steel sold at 75 again at the opening, but quickly relapsed and ended the day with a loss of ⅝. This issue was helped by the publication of the Iron Age's summary of conditions which said that the Steel Corporation, with 6,000,000 tons of unfilled orders, has specifications for 40 per cent. of this tonnage, and is now operating 95 per cent. of its finishing capacity and 94 per cent. of its ingot capacity. The Steel Corporation has rail orders for 1913 amounting to 350,000 tons. Buying of pig iron is reported to be on a larger scale than for years past.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2⅜@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2⅞ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2⅞ per cent.

Time money rates, 3⅜@4 per cent. for sixty days, 4@4¼ per cent. for ninety days, 4¼@4½ per cent. for four months, 4½@5 per cent. for five and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 5@5½ per cent. for the best names.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $268,346,928; balances, $18,162,095; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $1,204,715.

The local banks have lost $4,583,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3½ per cent. for short bills and 3¾ per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., and Berlin, 4 per cent. The money rates were 1½@1¾ per cent. in London and 3½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25 francs 27½ centimes, and the Berlin check rate on London, 20 marks 46½ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8770; demand, $4.8730.
Paris—Cable, 5.18⅛ less 1-64; check, 5.18⅛ plus 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 5-16; check, 95¼ less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ plus 1-32; check, 5.18⅝ less 3-64.
Holland—Cable, 40⅝; check, 40⅜.
Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅝; check, 5.19⅜.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8415; 90 days, $4.8260.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.88⅞; 90 days, $4.82⅝.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ plus 1-32.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94¼ less 1-16; 90 days, 94½ plus 1-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16; 90 days, 94½.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 20c discount; St. Paul, 10c premium; San Francisco, 35c premium; Montreal, 31¼c discount.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotation of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues and of these two groups of stocks combined compared as follows yesterday with the quotations of previous days and of corresponding days last year:

1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Mon., Aug. 26	95.00	94.55	94.77	94.78
Tues., Aug. 27	95.55	94.95	95.25	95.10
Wed., Aug. 28	95.75	95.17	95.46	95.30

INDUSTRIALS.

Mon., Aug. 26	71.96	71.66	71.81	71.78
Tues., Aug. 27	72.33	71.87	72.10	72.25
Wed., Aug. 28	72.84	71.92	72.13	71.96

COMBINED AVERAGE.

Mon., Aug. 26	83.48	83.10	83.29	83.28
Tues., Aug. 27	83.94	83.41	83.67	83.67
Wed., Aug. 28	84.04	83.54	83.79	83.68

YEAR'S RANGE TO DATE.

	Open. Jan. 2.	High. Aug. 14	Low. Feb. 1.
Railroads	91.43	96.94	88.74
Industrials	64.00	72.37	61.47
Combined average	77.76	84.65	75.10

1911.

RAILROADS.

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Mon., Aug. 28	60.53	59.09	59.81	60.37
Tues., Aug. 29	60.25	60.00	60.41	60.15
Wed., Aug. 30	60.02	59.55	59.79	59.84

COMBINED AVERAGE.

Mon., Aug. 28	74.47	73.77	74.02	74.04
Tues., Aug. 29	74.48	73.89	74.20	73.90
Wed., Aug. 30	73.95	73.40	73.67	73.53

LAST YEAR'S RANGE TO THIS DATE.

	Open. Jan. 3.	High. June 26.	Low. Aug. 30.
Railroads	91.79	99.61	87.24
	Jan. 3.	June 5.	Aug. 28.
Industrials	62.95	69.76	59.00
	Jan. 3.	June 12.	Aug. 30.
Combined average	77.37	84.41	73.40

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted 1-16d higher in London, at 28 7-16d, and ⅛c higher in New York, at 61⅛c per ounce.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

— Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and for the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Aug. 27.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$830,392	$24,791,100	$52,927,602
Internal revenue	973,686	21,147,882	45,879,918
Corporation tax	16,397	271,690	1,625,683
Miscellaneous	96,074	2,528,731	7,842,034
Total receipts	1,916,550	48,738,804	106,275,238
Expenditures	800,312	49,118,252	100,362,170
Surplus	1,116,238	*374,847	*1,117,532

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the cash balance of the United States Treasury was:

In Treasury offices, $91,788,...
In banks and Philippine Treasury, $230,...

The credit of the general fund was $186,290,182...

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Another Railroad Deal Denied.

Southern newspapers and newspaper reporters have become so excited over the expected changes in the transportation business of this country with the opening of the Panama Canal that they only need to see conductors of two rival lines walking arm in arm to discover a new merger. After selling the Cotton Belt to the Louisville & Nashville, only to have officials of the latter road reject their offering, they decided yesterday that the Burlington was going to run south to Memphis, where it would acquire a half interest in the Union Railway Belt and Terminal Company, now owned by the Goulds' St. Louis & Iron Mountain. Moreover, the Hill road was not going to stop there, but under disguise was going to build from Memphis to Pensacola, Fla. J. J. Hill seldom bothers to comment on stories of this nature, but other Burlington interests said yesterday that their company had no intention of going any further south than its present terminus at Metropolis, Ill.

***

Reading's Coal Business.

The business of the Reading Coal and Iron Company, which dropped away almost overnight with the cessation of work by the anthracite miners last Spring, has come up just as suddenly. The receipts of the coal company in July were more than $3,000,000, which is $1,334,000 more than those for July of last year. Net earnings increased by almost $500,000. The better movement of coal also helped the railway company, whose gross revenues showed a gain of $507,000 and net of $293,000. Improvement in the coal traffic was directly responsible for an addition of $764,000 in the net earnings of all companies for the month.

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Nicaragua's Finances.

Bankers are not disposed to regard very seriously Senator Bacon's resolution proposing an investigation of the "exploitation" of Nicaragua by American financiers along with that of other Southern countries. Brown Brothers and J. & W. Seligman & Co. made a loan of $1,500,000 to Nicaragua when efforts were being made to reorganize its finances through a treaty between it and the United States that failed of ratification by the Senate. Subsequently it became necessary to advance other considerable funds. The only advantage the bankers have in prospect, it was said yesterday, consists of an option on the stock of the Nicaraguan bank established under their auspices, and if it becomes worth while to exercise the option it will be because of the results achieved by the bankers themselves in putting the currency system on a sound basis and otherwise bringing about more settled financial conditions. Aside from this and one or two minor options, all the bankers stand to get out of it, it was said, is 6 per cent. on the money advanced, which, in view of the risk, is not considered excessive. Matters are progressing favorably in the plan for refunding the Nicaraguan bonds which was agreed upon by the Brown-Seligman syndicate in behalf of the Government and the Corporation of Foreign Bondholders. Committees arranged by the latter are receiving deposits of bonds in France, Holland, Spain, and other countries, and about 75 per cent. have already been deposited. It rests with the syndicate and the Corporation of Foreign Bondholders to declare the plan operative whenever they are satisfied with the amount of bonds deposited. Under the agreement the bondholders are to accept a lower rate of interest and the Nicaraguan Government is to have the privilege of calling any of the bonds before maturity at a discount.

***

Railroads and Wages.

When the Board of Arbitration which is to settle the wage dispute between the fifty-two eastern railroads and their engineers was in session at Manhattan Beach last month spokesmen for the roads argued that the matter did not end with the $7,000,000 increase asked by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, but that if this were granted it would furnish the basis for demands from other classes of employes, all of which, it was estimated, would aggregate more than $60,000,000 a year. The engineers belittled this argument, but it was pointed out by railroad men yesterday that the contention was not a fanciful one, inasmuch as the General Managers' Conference Committee and the Locomotive Firemen's Executive Committee had reached an agreement during the day to drop negotiations over the firemen's demands until the Board of Arbitration had rendered its decision in the case of the engineers. This, it was declared, showed that both sides regarded the question of an increase for the engineers as having a most important bearing on the wages of the firemen. The firemen were unsuccessful in their effort to have a date set when any increase granted would be effective, the railroads evidently fighting shy of any obligation for back pay in case of an increase. They are already obligated to the engineers in an unknown sum for back pay, if wages are advanced, inasmuch as the Board of Arbitration has already decreed that its decision shall take effect as of May 1, 1912.

***

Little Board's Call on Steel.

The morning call with which the Consolidated Exchange opens business at 9:30, one-half hour before trading on the big Exchange begins, has been running for some months now with a modicum of sales in the active stocks, but yesterday there was a burst of activity in United States Steel which resulted in twenty-one transactions, aggregating more than 5,000 shares. Independence of Stock Exchange prices was one of the things the Little Board hoped to demonstrate by the early opening. There was no doubt about it in the Steel transactions yesterday.

***

General Chemical's Decline.

General Chemical sold 100 shares at 191½ yesterday, a net loss of 7 points, and a decline of 33½ points from the high price of the year, reached on Aug. 12. When the stock was going up a 100 per cent. dividend was current gossip. Yesterday's decline, which followed a loss of 10 points last week, leaves the stock only 3½ points above the low level of the year, reached on Jan. 2.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

Copper was unchanged on the Metal Exchange yesterday, and tin was up ¼ cent. Lead sold 50,000 pounds, East St. Louis spot delivery at 7.10.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard Copper.	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
	—Wednesday—		—Tuesday—	
Spot	17.25	17.50	17.25	17.50
August	17.25	17.50	17.25	17.50
September	17.25	17.50	17.25	17.50
October	17.25	17.50	17.25	17.50
Spelter	7.10	7.30	7.10	7.25
Lead	4.00	4.75	4.00	4.75
Tin	46.30	46.75	46.10	46.50

The final prices for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin on the London Metal Exchange yesterday make these comparisons with Tuesday's closing figures:

	Wednesday. £	s.	d.	Tuesday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	79	10	0	79	15	0
Copper, futures	79	12	6	79	17	6
Pig tin, spot	211	10	0	210	5	0
Pig tin, futures	211	10	0	209	0	0

The market was firm at the close. Spanish pig lead was up 5s. at £20 10s. Spelter was unchanged at £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were up 4½d. at 68s 3d.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Sudden Activity in British-American Tobacco Puts Price Up on the Curb.

British-American Tobacco became suddenly active on the Curb yesterday at rising prices. After opening at 23⅛, the price went to 24½ and the close, after reported sales of 15,000 shares, was at 24⅛. Standard Oil stocks were quiet but firm. United States Motors preferred sold off from 17 to 13 and closed at 13½, and the common sold off from 4½ to 3⅝, closing at 3⅞. There was a fair amount of activity in the mining list, which moved narrowly, though there were a number of small declines.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,400	*Allied Secur...	89	90	89	90
15,000	Brit.-Am. Tob...	23⅛	24½	23⅛	24½
50	Con. Rub. Tire..	15⅛	15⅜	15⅛	15⅜
800	Emerson-Brant.	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
650	E'son-Brant. pf.	103½	103⅝	103	103
100	Int.Rub.Tr.ctfs.	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞
250	S. S. Kresge....	67	69	67	69
3,000	Manhat. Tran..	2¼	2⅜	2¼	2⅜
2,500	*Mays Oil	31	33	31	32
210	Penn. Textile ..	17⅜	17½	17⅜	17½
120	Stand. Oil, N.J.	409	410	408	410
10	Stand. Oil, N.Y.	595	595	595	596
2,500	U.Cig. St. of A.	91⅜	92¼	91¼	92
450	U.S.L.& H., new	19¾	19¾	19	19
110	U. S. L. & H. pf., new	87	87	83	85
200	U. S. Motor....	4½	4½	3¾	3⅞
4,000	U. S. Motor pf.	17	17	13	13¾

MINING STOCKS.

1,500	Alas. G. M., w.i.	7⅛	8	7⅛	8
1,000	*Big Four	50	50	50	50
3,050	Braden Copper..	7⅛	7⅞	7⅛	7⅛
600	Brit.-Col. Cop...	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
3,500	Buffalo Mines..	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
800	Butte-N. Y.....	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1 13-16
1,000	*C. O. D. Cons.	12	12	11	11
700	D.-Daly Cop....	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
2,500	Dia. El. Butte.	8	8	7	7
1,600	El Paso Con...	1 3-16	1¼	1 3-16	1¼
700	Florence	1¼	1¼	1	1
1,200	Giroux Mining..	6	6	5⅝	5⅞
1,000	Gr.-Cananea ..	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	10¼
*1,500	Greenwater ..	6	6	5	5
500	La Rose Con...	3	3	3	3
1,500	McK.-Dar.	2	2 1-16	2	2
200	Mother Gold..	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
2,500	Nip. Mines Co.	8⅜	8⅝	8⅛	8⅜
400	Sil. King Con..	7	15-16	⅞	⅞
8,500	Tonopah Ext...	2⅝	3	2⅜	3
5,750	Tonopah Merg.	1 1-32	1 1-16	1	1
1,700	Tularosa	15-16	1	⅞	15-16
1,800	West End Ext.	31	33	31	32
2,000	*Wettl. Sil. M.	46	46	43	44
100	Yukon G. M....	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝

BONDS.

$10,000	Beth. Steel 5s.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
25,000	W. Pacific 5s.	81½	81½	81¼	81¼

*Sell cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

The bid and asked prices of listed stocks and bonds of which there were no sales on the Curb yesterday make these comparisons with those of Tuesday:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Aug. 28. Bid.	Asked.	Aug. 27. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Writing Paper...	3	4	3	4
Bay State Gas	7-16	½	7-16	½
Borden's Cond. Milk...	123	124	123	124
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	109	110	109	110
Con. Rubber Tire pf...	50	60	50	60
Havana Tobacco	5	7	5	7
Havana Tobacco pf.....	9	14	9	14
Houston Oil	13½	13⅝	14	14⅜
International Salt	3	6	3	6
J. I. Case pf.....	101	102	101	102
Kayser	91	93	91	93
Kayser pf.....	110	111	110	111
Kolb Bakery pf.		98⅝		98⅝
S. S. Kresge pf.....	102½	103	102½	103
Lehigh Valley C. S. Co.	245	250	245	250
MacAndrews & Forbes.	190	200	195	205
Manhattan Shirt Co....	57	58	57	58
Manhattan Shirt Co. pf.	100	100½	100	100½
Marconi of Am., new..	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7⅞
N. Y. Transportation..	5	6	5	6
Otis Elevator	72	76	72	76
Otis Elevator pf.....	102	104	102	104
Pettibone Mulliken....	30	30½	30	30½
Pettibone-Mulliken pf...	101½	102	101½	102
Porto Rican-Am. Tob.	285	295	289	291
†R. J. Reynolds	200	250	200	250
Singer Mfg.	287	290	287	290
Standard Oil, old.....	1,103	1,125	1,105	1,125
Standard Oil subsids...	685	700	670	690
U. Cig. S. Co. Am. pf.	117⅝	118	117¼	118
U. S. Young	170	180	170	180

RAILROADS.

Am. Light & Traction..	424	428	418	420
Am. Light & T. pf....	111	113	110	112

MINING STOCKS.

*Beaver Consolidated ..	43	45	43	50
Caledonia Mining	25	30	25	30
Con. Ari. S.....	9-16	⅝	9-16	⅝
Diamond B. B.....	7	8	7	9
Diamond Field D.....	7	9	7	9
First National	2	2¼	2	2¼
Gold Hill	¼	¼	¼	¼
Kerr Lake	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
Keystone	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
Mason Valley	12¾	13¼	12⅞	13¼
Mines of America.....	3	3½	3	3½
*Mutual M. & L.....	60	62	60	62
Nevada Hills	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
Ohio Copper 1st pf....	¾	1	¾	1
Pacific Smelters	3-16	¼	3-16	¼
South Live Oak.....	1½	2	1	2
South U. M. & S.....	½	⅝	½	⅝
Stewart	1 5-16	1⅜	1¼	1 5-16
Tonopah Mining	7	7⅛	7 1-16	7 3-16
Tri-Bullion	7-16	½	7-16	½
Tuolumne Copper.....	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
United Copper	½	1	½	1
United Copper pf.....	8	20	8	20

BONDS.

Braden Copper 5s.....	145	147	145	147
Braden Copper 7s.....	144	147	144	147
Mason Valley 6s.....	131	133	131	133
New York City 4½s....	100⅝	100⅞	100⅝	100⅞
N. Y. S. 4s, new.....	100¼	100½	100¼	100½
N. Y. Tel. 4½s.....	99¾	99¾	99	99¾
Pennsylvania R. 6s....	98½	99	98½	99

*Sell cents per share. †Ex rights.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Name of Company.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil Co....	18	19	18¼	18¾
Atlantic Refining Co...	765	780	765	785
Borne-Scrymser Co....	275	300	275	300
Buckeye Pipe Line Co.	198	203	195	200
Chesbrough Mfg. Co. cons.	830	865	835	875
Colonial Oil Co.....	180	185	180	185
Continental Oil Co....	875	925	865	925
Crescent Pipe Line Co.	82	87	73	77
Cumberland P. L. Co., Inc.	88	95	80	90
Eureka Pipe L. Co....	445	455	450	460
Galena-Signal Oil Co...	270	290	270	280
Galena-Sig. Oil Co. pf.	140	150	140	150
Indiana Pipe Line Co..	130	135	124	128
National Transit Co...	56	58	53	55
New York Transit Co..	395	405	395	405
No. Pipe Line Co.....	168	174	165	175
Ohio Oil Co.....	135	140	140	142
Prairie Oil & Gas Co..	343	350	340	350
Solar Refining Co....	800	850	750	800
Southern Pipe Line Co.	290	300	290	300
South. Penn. Oil Co....	890	910	890	910
S. W. Penn. Pipe Lines.	180	200	190	200
Standard Oil (Cal.) rts.	175	180	167	174
Standard Oil (Ind.)....	272	277	270	275
Standard Oil (Kan.)....	600	625	615	635
Standard Oil (Ken.)....	540	560	515	535
Standard Oil (Neb.)....	350	400	350	400
Standard Oil (N. J.)....	400	412	408	412
Standard Oil, Subsid. "en bloc"	705	730	700	725
Standard Oil, old stock "all on"	1,114	1,142	1,106	1,137
Standard Oil (N. Y.)....	590	600	590	600
Standard Oil (Ohio)....	340	360	340	360
Swan & Finch Co....	275	300	275	300
Union Tank Line Co...	97	100	95	100
Vacuum Oil Co.....	195	200	194	200
Washington Oil Co....	27	35	25	35
Waters-Pierce Oil Co.	1,400	1,600	1,400	1,600

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	Aug. 28. Bid.	Asked.	Aug. 27. Bid.	Asked.
British-Am. ex rights..	24	24½	22¾	23
Conley Foil	300	310	295	310
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	175	190	175	190
J. S. Young	175	185	175	185
MacAndrews & Forbes.	205	210	205	210
R. J. Reynolds ex rts.	220	250	223	250
R. J. Reynolds rights..	20	50	30	50
United C. S., w. i.....	92	92¾	92	92½
United C. S. pf., w. i..	117½	119	117½	118½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Name.	Maturity.	Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
Amal. Copper..5	Apr. 1,'13	100	100¼	4.53
Balt. & Ohio..4½	June 1,'13	99⅝	100	4.50
B. R. T. Co....5	July 1,'13	97	97¼	5.54
Ches. & Ohio..4½	June 1,'14	98⅜	99⅛	5.03
C.-H. & D. pur. money..4	July 1,'13	99	99¾	4.85
Chi. & Alton..5	Mar. 15,'13	98⅝	99⅛	6.44
Chi. Elev. Rys.5	July 1,'14	97¾	98	6.15
Erie 6	Apr. 8,'14	100¼	100⅝	5.67
Erie 5	Oct. 1,'14	99⅜	99⅝	5.12
Erie 5	Apr. 1,'15	98	98⅜	5.88
Gen. Motors..6	Oct. 1,'15	99⅝	100	6.00
Gen. Rubber..4½	July 1,'13	96½	97⅛	5.57
Hudson Co. ...6	Feb. 1,'13	99⅞	100⅛	5.48
Illinois Cent..4½	July 1,'14	99¼	99¾	4.64
Int. & Gr. Nor.5	Aug. 1,'14	97½	97⅞	6.26
Int. Harv. Co.6	Feb. 15,'13	100	100⅛	4.78
Minn. & St. L.5	Feb. 19,'13	94⅝	96	
Mo., K. & T..5	May 1,'13	98¾	99	6.70
Mo. Pacific....5	June 1,'14	95⅞	96⅜	7.80
N. C. of Mex..4½	Sept. 1,'13	97⅞	98¼	6.30
N. Rys. of M..4½	June 1,'13	98	98¼	7.65
N. Y. Central..4½	Mar. 1,'14	99⅝	99¾	4.67
N. Y. Central..6	May 1,'13	100¼	100⅜	4.85
Southern Ry..5	Feb. 1,'13	100	100⅛	4.50
U. S. Rubber..6	Dec. 1,'13	104⅛	104⅝	5.12
Westinghouse..6	Aug. 1,'13	100¾	101	4.84

Accrued interest to be added to the above prices.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

Most Issues Strong on Good Business Outlook—Coppers Active.

In contrast to the New York market, prices on out-of-town Exchanges advanced yesterday. Reports to THE NEW YORK TIMES showed an improvement in sentiment.

At Baltimore United Railways issues continued strong under active demand and recorded fractional gains. Houston Oil Trust certificates were firmer under good demand. A. C. L. convertible debenture 4s were active and higher.

Several of the Boston-owned coppers were strong and fairly active. Granby and United States Smelting were the leaders; each made a substantial gain. Lake was very dull at first, but grew strong in the afternoon, and Shannon, which has been quiet for many days, showed signs of life. Calumet and Arizona and Mohawk advanced on a few transactions. Utah Copper was weak. Shoe Machinery was strong once more, and went up to 56⅛. Woolen preferred also showed strength.

Union Carbide shares were lifted 6 points on the Chicago Stock Exchange, rising on transactions of 1,195 shares from 165 to 171.

Larger shipments of iron ore, a gain in lake traffic as a result of an increasing grain movement at more profitable rates, and the prospect of enhanced repair contracts at the end of the season gave American Ship Building a better tone. Good support carried the junior issue up to 46, a gain of a point.

Elsewhere there was an absence of interest. Swift's was steady but dull, while Can and Tool were easier. Tool bonds, however, ran up ¾, the 5s selling at 92⅝. Traction issues were irregular, City Railway 5s falling to 102⅛, while Chicago Railways sold at par, a fractional gain.

Cambria Steel continued on its upward course at Philadelphia, establishing a new top price for the year, at 47½, and retaining most of its gain to the close. It was said that some of the buying was for Pittsburgh account, where trade conditions had created optimism on all the steel stocks.

Persistent inquiry for Keystone Telephone securities was again in evidence, the bonds advancing to a new high figure and both classes of stock sharing in the movement.

General Asphalt, Electric Storage Battery, Philadelphia Company, Lehigh Valley Transit preferred, Rapid Transit, and Union Traction all reflected the improved tone of the general market and moved up moderately.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
15	Con. Power pf.....	112½	112½	112½
885	Houston Oil com. tr. ctfs	15¼	15	15¼
20	Northern Central	125½	125½	125½
50	Penn. Water & Power	65	65	65
50	Seaboard Air Line pf..	52 3-5	52⅝	52⅝
10	Union Bank	134	134	134
1,280	United Rys	25⅞	25¾	25⅞

BONDS.

$1,000	A. C. L. of Conn. 5s ctfs	103½	103½	103½
79,000	A. C. L. conv. deb. 4s	107⅜	107¼	107⅜
1,000	Consol. Gas 5s.....	108	108	108
17,000	Consol. Power 4½s...	89	88⅞	89
1,000	Cotton Duck 5s.....	75	75	75
13,000	Lexington Ry. 5s.....	94½	94½	94½
3,000	Norf. & Ports Tr. 5s.

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25 Am. Machine & Foundry
United Cigar Stores Scrip
SELL
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25 Am. Machine & Foundry
10M Greenhut Siegel Cooper 5s
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(Established 1901.)
Broadway, N. Y. 'Phones 4278-1 Broad.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, Aug. 28, 1912.

Total sales Aug. 28, 1912 318,154
From Jan. 1, 1912 85,185,261
Same period last year 73,821,751

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
1⅛	1⅝	200	Allis-C. tr. rcts.1st pd..	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
87½	87⅝	14,800	Amalgamated Copper..	88⅜	88½	87⅜	87⅝	— ⅞
59½	59½	300	Am. Agricul. Chem....	59½	59½	59½	59½	...
100⅜	100⅞	50	Am. Agricul. Chem.pf..	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	...
74⅞	75	10,700	Am. Beet Sugar.....	75½	75⅝	74⅜	75	— ⅛
40	40⅜	2,500	Am. Can.....	40⅜	40⅝	39½	40	— ⅝
119	119⅜	100	Am. Can pf.....	119	119	119	119	— ⅛
61⅜	61½	1,200	Am. Car & Foundry...	61⅞	62	61½	61½	— ⅜
31⅝	32	100	Am. Cities.....	31⅝	31⅝	31⅜	31⅜	— ⅛
110	112½	100	Am. Coal Products pf..	111	111	111	111	+ ½
54¼	54½	200	Am. Cotton Oil.....	54⅜	54⅝	54⅜	54⅝	+ ⅛
5⅛	5⅜	200	Am. Hide & Leather...	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
24⅜	25	600	Am. Ice Securities.....	25	25	25	25	+ ½
13⅜	14	100	Am. Linseed.....	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	+ ⅛
36	37	100	Am. Linseed pf.....	36½	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛	+ ⅛
45¼	46	425	Am. Locomotive.....	46¼	46⅜	46	46	...
109¼	109⅝	50	Am. Locomotive pf....	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	109⅝	...
65½	66½	500	Am. Malt pf.....	66¼	66⅜	65⅝	65⅝	— ⅛
87⅛	87⅜	4,700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.....	87⅞	87⅞	87¼	87¼	— ⅛
109	109¼	125	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf..	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	— ¼
87¼	88	700	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B..	88	88	87½	87¾	— ⅛
189½	190	5,000	Am. Snuff.....	190½	191	189½	189	...
37⅜	38	100	Am. Steel Foundries...	38	38	38	38	...
128½	129½	1,400	Am. Sugar Refining...	130	130¼	129	129	— ½
144⅜	144⅞	400	Am. Teleph. & Teleg...	144⅞	144⅞	144⅞	144⅞	— ⅛
205	286	900	Am. Tobacco.....	269	269	265	265	— 4
105⅝	105½	100	Am. Tobacco pf. new..	105¾	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	...
30	30½	600	Am. Woolen.....	30½	31	30½	31	+ ⅛
91½	92	420	Am. Woolen pf.....	92½	92¾	92	92	+ ⅛
45⅛	45⅜	7,900	Anaconda Copper Co...	45⅛	45⅞	45¼	45¼	— ⅛
108⅞	109	2,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.....	109¼	109⅝	108⅝	108⅝	— ⅛
145⅞	146½	2,000	Atlantic Coast Line....	146¼	147¼	145⅝	145⅝	— ⅞
58⅝	59½	250	Baldwin Locomotive....	59⅜	59⅝	59	59	— ⅛
107½	107⅝	500	Baltimore & Ohio.....	108	108	107½	107½	— ⅛
...	...	12	Bank of Commerce.....	201½	201½	201½	201½	...
40¼	40⅜	1,100	Bethlehem Steel.....	41¼	41¾	40⅜	40⅜	— ¼
72½	73½	350	Bethlehem Steel pf....	74	74	73½	73½	— ⅛
91⅝	92	1,000	Brooklyn Rapid Tran..	92	92⅛	91⅝	91⅝	— ⅛
276⅞	277	11,450	Canadian Pacific.....	276⅝	277½	275⅝	277	+ ¾
29½	29⅝	1,200	Central Leather Co....	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜	+ ¼
82⅛	82¼	600	Chesapeake & Ohio....	82½	82⅝	82⅛	82⅛	+ ¼
19⅝	19⅞	900	Chicago Gt. Western..	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝	+ ⅛
36	36⅜	200	Chi. Gt. Western pf....	36	36	36	36	+ ⅛
106½	106⅝	1,800	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul..	107	107	106½	106½	+ ¼
141½	142	300	Chi. & Northwestern..	142	142	142	142	...
39¼	39⅜	3,200	Chino Copper.....	39¾	39⅞	39¼	39¼	— ⅛
33	33¼	4,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron..	33⅞	34	33	33	— ⅛
74	76	15	Col. & South. 1st pf...	76	76	76	76	...
145¼	146	1,500	Consolidated Gas.....	146⅜	146⅜	145⅝	145⅝	— ¼
15⅝	16	940	Corn Products Ref....	16	16⅛	15⅞	15⅞	— ⅛
84½	85	300	Corn Products Ref.pf..	84¼	84⅝	84¼	84¼	— ⅛
36⅝	36⅞	2,300	Erie.....	37¼	37¼	36⅞	36⅞	— ⅛
54¼	54⅝	400	Erie 1st pf.....	54⅜	54⅝	54⅜	54⅜	— ⅛
190	200	100	General Chemical.....	191½	191½	191½	191½	— ½
182	183	400	General Electric.....	183½	183½	182¾	182¾	— ⅞
40⅝	40½	1,900	General Motors.....	40	40⅝	40	40½	+1
80½	81	100	General Motors pf....	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	+ ¼
190½	198	200	Geo. W. Helme Co....	194	194	194	194	— ⅝
3⅜	3⅝	800	Goldfield Consol.....	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	— ⅛
79	79⅜	3,500	Goodrich (B. F.) Co..	78⅝	80½	78⅝	79½	...
107¼	108	200	Good'ch (B. F.) Co. pf..	108½	108½	108½	108½	— ⅛
139⅝	130½	2,700	Great Northern pf....	140⅝	140⅝	139⅝	139⅝	— ⅝
45¾	46½	2,400	Gt. N. certs. ore prop..	46½	46½	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
59	59¼	500	Guggenheim Explor....	59⅝	59⅝	59¼	59¼	— ⅛
18⅜	19	200	Inspiration Con. Cop..	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
19⅞	20	700	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs..	20	20	20	20	— ⅛
59⅜	59½	1,300	Inter.-Met. pf.....	60	60	59	59¼	— ½
47	49	100	Int. Agricultural.....	47	47	47	47	+4
94½	95	100	Int. Agricultural pf....	94½	94½	94½	94½	— ½
121¼	121⅞	200	Int. Harvester.....	121	121	121	121	...
16¼	16½	400	Int. Paper.....	16	16½	16	16¼	— ⅜
27	27½	200	Int. Steam Pump.....	27	27	27	27	+ ⅛
26⅞	27	300	Kansas City South....	27	27⅜	27	27	— ⅛
60½	62¼	250	Kan. City South. pf..	62⅜	62⅝	61½	61½	— ⅛
170¼	170½	10,800	Lehigh Valley.....	170⅜	171	169¼	170⅝	— ⅛
211	212	1,900	Liggett & Myers.....	215	215	212	212	— 2⅜
117	118	100	Liggett & Myers pf...	117½	117½	117½	117⅞	+ ⅛
43¾	44	1,100	Loose Wiles Biscuit...	43⅜	44½	43¾	43¾	...
90½	91¼	100	Loose Wiles Bis. 2d pf..	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	...
167	167¾	2,700	Louis. & Nash.....	167¾	169½	167	167	— ¾
87½	89	100	Mackay Cos.	87¾	87¾	87¾	87¾	— 1⅝
69¼	69¾	200	Mackay Cos. pf.....	69½	69½	69½	69½	+ ⅛
19	20½	100	Mercantile Marine pf..	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	...
78⅝	78¾	8,700	Mexican Petroleum ..	79¼	79⅝	78⅝	78⅝	— ¼
29⅝	29½	1,400	Miami Copper	29½	29½	29⅜	29⅜	...
152¾	153	500	M., S. P. & S. S. M..	153⅞	153⅞	153	153	— ⅝
28½	29¼	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex.....	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	29⅜	...
38¼	38½	730	Missouri Pacific	38⅝	38⅝	38⅛	38⅛	...
140	140½	200	Nat. Biscuit	140½	140½	140½	140½	...
123	127	10	Nat. Biscuit pf.....	125	125	125	125	...
17¼	18	100	Nat. Enam. & Stamp..	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅞
88	92	200	Nat. En. & Sta. pf...	90¾	90¾	90	90	— ½
60¼	60½	820	Nat. Lead	60⅝	60⅝	60¼	60¼	— ½
22¾	22⅞	1,100	Nevada Cons. Cop....	22⅞	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ¼
116	116⅜	2,000	New York Central....	116½	116⅝	116	116	— ½
137	138	50	N. Y., N. H. & H....	138	138	138	138	...
37	37½	120	N. Y., Ont. & W.....	37	37	37	37	...
118	118½	600	Norfolk & Western...	118¼	118	118	118	— ⅛
86	86½	100	North American	86½	86½	86½	86½	+ ½
128⅛	128¾	4,475	Northern Pacific	129¾	129⅝	128¾	128¾	— ⅛
31½	32	700	Pacific Mail	32	32⅜	31½	31½	— ⅛
50¾	51	150	Pacific Tel. & Tel.....	51	51	51	51	...
100	101½	150	Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf....	101	101	101	101	+2½
124⅝	124⅞	2,442	Penn. Railroad	124⅝	124⅞	124½	124⅝	— ⅛
116¼	116⅜	250	People's Gas, Chicago..	116⅜	116⅝	116½	116½	— ⅛
103	105½	200	Philadelphia Co.	103¾	104	103¾	104	+1
192½	194	700	P. Lorillard Co.....	194½	195	194	194	...
109¾	111	100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L..	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ½
25	25¼	1,000	Pittsburgh Coal	25¼	25⅞	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
97¾	98½	700	Pittsburgh Coal pf....	98½	98½	98½	98½	— ⅛
170	171	210	Pullman Co.....	171	171	170½	170½	— ½
5	6	300	Quicksilver	5¼	5⅝	5¼	5¼	+ ¼
8	9	100	Quicksilver pf.	8¾	8⅞	8¾	8⅝	+ ¼
37¾	38	200	Railway Steel Spring..	37¾	37⅞	37⅝	37⅞	...
103⅞	105	200	Ry. Steel Spring pf....	104¾	105	104¾	105	+1⅜
21½	21⅝	2,900	Ray Consol. Copper...	21⅞	21⅞	21½	21½	— ⅜
170¼	170¾	61,900	Reading	171½	171⅝	170⅞	170⅝	—1
28	28⅞	200	Republic Iron & Steel..	28¾	28⅞	28	28⅞	— ⅛
90	91	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf...	91	91	91	91	— ⅛
29¼	29¾	3,100	Rock Island	26¼	26⅞	26¼	26⅞	+ ⅛
52½	53	1,100	Rock Island pf.....	52¼	53¼	52½	52⅝	+ ⅛
21	23½	100	St. L. & S. F.....	21¾	21⅞	21¾	21⅞	+ ⅛
62	65	100	St. L. & S. F. 1s: pf..	62	62	62	62	+1
35⅜	36	200	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf..	35⅞	36	35⅞	36	+ ⅛
78	78⅝	200	St. Louis. Southw. pf..	78⅝	78⅝	78⅜	78⅜	+ ⅛
23⅝	24	200	Seaboard Air Line.....	24	24	24	24	...
52½	53	500	Seaboard Air Line pf..	52¼	52¼	52¼	52¼	+ ⅛
202½	204	400	Sears-Roebuck	203½	203½	202½	202½	—1½
111⅜	111⅞	600	Southern Pacific	112	112	111⅞	112	+ ⅛
105	110	50	So. Porto Rico Sug. pf..	109	109	109	108	...
30¼	30⅜	3,800	So. Ry. extended.....	30⅜	30⅞	30⅜	30⅜	— ⅛
80	80⅛	300	So. Ry. pf. extended..	80½	80½	80½	80⅜	+ ⅛
43½	43⅝	400	Tenn. Copper	44	44	43½	43⅝	...
127½	128½	200	Texas Co.	127¼	128	127¼	128	+2
22⅜	23	800	Texas & Pacific.....	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜	...
37¾	37⅞	200	Third Avenue	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	+ ⅛
13⅜	14	400	Union Bag & Paper....	14⅜	14⅝	14	14	— ⅛
171⅜	171½	20,100	Union Pacific	172½	172½	171¼	171⅜	— ⅝
53⅞	56½	100	United Cigar Mfrs.....	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	56⅞	— ⅛
99½	100	300	United Dry Goods.....	99⅜	99⅜	99½	99½	— ⅜
62	63	600	United Rys. Inv. pf...	61⅝	62	61⅝	62	+1
20	21¼	300	U. S. C. I. P. & F.....	21	21	21	21	+ ⅛
59⅜	61	100	U. S. C. I. P. & F. pf..	60	60	60	60	+ ⅛
52	53	100	U. S. Indus. Alcohol..	53	53	53	53	+ ⅛
51¼	51½	1,500	U. S. Rubber.....	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	— ⅛
79	79¼	100	U. S. Rubber 2d pf....	79	79	79	79	+ ⅛
74⅜	74½	53,200	U. S. Steel.....	75	75	74¼	74⅜	— ⅝
113⅝	113⅝	1,500	U. S. Steel pf.....	113½	113⅝	113⅝	113½	...
65⅜	65⅞	7,100	Utah Copper	66¾	66¾	65¾	65¾	—1
47½	48	100	Va.-Caro. Chem.	47⅝	47⅞	47⅞	47⅞	+ ⅛
59	61	100	Va. Iron, Coal & Coke..	59	59	59	59	— ⅝
14¼	14½	100	Wabash pf.	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	+ ⅛
133½	137	50	Wells Fargo Express..	134	134	134	134	...
82	82¼	3,100	Western Union Tel.....	82¼	82¾	82¼	82¼	...
86⅜	87½	1,200	Westing. El. & M.....	88¼	88½	87	87	—1¼
96	96½	1,700	Woolworth, F. W., Co..	95	96½	95	96	+1

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Aug. 28, 1912 ..... $1,499,500
From June 1, 1912 497,766,000
Same period last year 573,080,500

Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan		1,000	120¼	deb ctfs B		2,000	13⅝	N Y West & B 4½s
		3,000	92¼	Havana El Ry 5s		12,000	99⅝	Nor & West div 4s
		1,000	92¼			3,000	99⅛	
N Y City 4s, 1958		4,000	98⅛			2,000	99¼	Nor & West Poca C & C ds
		1,000	98⅝			10,000s10	99	
N Y City 4s, 1959		1,000	65	Hoc Val 1st 4½s		1,000	100	
		3,000	98¾			3,000	100¼	Northern Pac 4s
		1,000	98⅜	Illinois Cent ref 4s		27,000	95⅝	
N Y City 4½s		5,000	100⅛			15,000	96⅛	
		3,000	100⅝			2,000	96	
		2,000	100⅜			35,000	96⅛	
N Y City 4½s, 1962, temp rcts		2,000	100⅛			15,000	99⅛	
						7,000	85½	
Adams Expr 4s		1,000	85½			1,000	104⅝	
Am Hide & L 6s		5,000	100⅝			9,000	77¼	
Am Sm Secur 5s		1,000	103⅝			4,000s6f	96¼	
		1,000	103⅝			2,000	96½	
		500	106			5,000	84½	
Am Tel & T col 4s		76,000	90⅜			1,000	91	
		20,000	90¼			10,000	91¼	
Am Writing P 5s		1,000	91⅜			11,000	106⅝	
Armour & Co 4½s		3,000	90⅝			36,000	106½	
Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s		5,000	96⅞			12,000	84	
		2,000	87⅝			32,000	84½	
adjust 4s, stpd		2,000	80⅜			7,000	87⅝	
conv 4s, 1955		2,000	103⅜			1,000	87⅜	
conv 4s, 1960		32,000	105⅝			5,000	91⅞	
		10,000	105¼			5,000	68½	
conv 5s		15,000	109			12,000	68⅝	
Atl Coast Line 4s		1,000	95			5,000	68⅝	
Atl Coast L, Lo & N col 4s		4,000	95			38,000	68	
		1,000	95⅝			10,000	69¼	
		3,000	95¼			11,000	69½	
		8,000	95⅝			10,000	69	
B & O prior lien 3½s		4,000	95			2,000	68⅜	
		8,000	91¼	Chic, St P M & O deb 5s		1,000	102½	
P L E & W V 4s		2,000s10f	90			1,000	103	
		14,000	90	Chino Cop 6s		1,000	160	
S W div 3½s		10,000	90½	Col F & I gen 5s		13,000	98⅜	
		1,000	90	Col Industrial 5s		13,000	80⅜	
Beth Steel 5s		5,000	97			1,000	81	
B R T ref con 4s		3,000	91⅜			5,000	81½	
B Un El 1st 5s		1,000	101½	Den & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s		6,000	87¼	
Buffalo Gas 5s		1,000	65	Du Pont de Nem P 4½s		4,000	86⅝	
C, G & Elec 5s		1,000	85⅝			6,000	86½	
		7,000	95½	East Tenn, V & G con 5s		2,000	110⅜	
Canada So 1st 5s		5,000	100⅜	Elg J & E 1st 5s		1,000	110	
Cent Leather 5s		6,000	95½	Gen Motors 6s		5,000	100	
		5,000	95¾	Great Nor ref 4½s		5,000	100⅝	
C of N J gen 5s		1,000	120	Greek Bay & Wn		1,000	120¼	
		1,000	92¼	Ches & O gen 4½s		3,000	90⅞	
N Y City 4s, 1958		1,000	92¼	Ches & O con 4½s		4,000	93½	
N Y City 4s, 1959		1,000	98⅝	Chic & Alt 3½s		1,000	65	
		3,000	98¾	C, B & Qy gen 4s		27,000	95⅝	
		1,000	98⅜	C, B & Qy joint 4s		15,000	96½	
N Y City 4½s		5,000	100⅛			2,000	96	
		3,000	100⅝			38,000	96⅛	
		2,000	100⅜	Ill div 4s		15,000	99½	
N Y City 4½s, 1962, temp rcts		2,000	100⅛	Ill div 3½s		7,000	85½	
				Iowa div 5s		1,000	104⅝	
Adams Expr 4s		1,000	85½	Chic Gt W 4s		9,000	77¼	
Am Hide & L 6s		5,000	100⅝	C, M & St P gen 4s		4,000s6f	96¼	
Am Sm Secur 5s		1,000	103⅝			2,000	96½	
		1,000	103⅝	gen 3½s, Ser B		5,000	84½	
		500	106	4s, 1934		1,000	91	
Am Tel & T col 4s		76,000	90⅜			10,000	91¼	
		20,000	90¼	con 4s, sub rcts full paid		11,000	106⅝	
Am Writing P 5s		1,000	91⅜			36,000	106½	
Armour & Co 4½s		3,000	90⅝	Chic N W gen 3½s		12,000	84	
Atch, Top & S Fe gen 4s		5,000	96⅞	Chic, R I & P Ry ref 4s		32,000	84½	
		2,000	87⅝			7,000	87⅝	
adjust 4s, stpd		2,000	80⅜			1,000	87⅜	
conv 4s, 1955		2,000	103⅜	Chic, R I & P Ry deb 5s		5,000	91⅞	
conv 4s, 1960		32,000	105⅝	C, R I & P R R 4s		5,000	68½	
conv 5s		10,000	105¼			12,000	68⅝	
Atl Coast Line 4s		15,000	109			5,000	68⅝	
Atl Coast L, Lo & N col 4s		1,000	95			5,000	68⅝	
		4,000	95⅝			38,000	68	
		3,000	95¼			10,000	69¼	
		8,000	95⅝			11,000	69½	
		4,000	95			10,000	69	
B & O prior lien 3½s		8,000	91¼	Chic, St P M & O deb 5s		2,000	68⅜	
P L E & W V 4s		2,000s10f	90			1,000	102½	
		14,000	90	Chino Cop 6s		1,000	160	
S W div 3½s		10,000	90½	Col F & I gen 5s		13,000	98⅜	
		1,000	90	Col Industrial 5s		13,000	80⅜	
Beth Steel 5s		5,000	97			1,000	81	
B R T ref con 4s		3,000	91⅜			5,000	81½	
B Un El 1st 5s		1,000	101½	Den & Rio Gde 1st & ref 5s		6,000	87¼	
Buffalo Gas 5s		1,000	65	Du Pont de Nem P 4½s		4,000	86⅝	
C, G & Elec 5s		1,000	85⅝			6,000	86½	
		1,000	95½	East Tenn, V & G con 5s		2,000	110⅜	
Canada So 1st 5s		5,000	100⅜	Elg J & E 1st 5s		1,000	110	
Cent Leather 5s		6,000	95½	Gen Motors 6s		5,000	100	
		5,000	95¾	Great Nor ref 4½s		5,000	100⅝	
C of N J gen 5s		1,000	120	Greek Bay & Wn		1,000	120¼	

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930..100⅜		101¼	Pan 2s, r, 1938 .....100⅝		101⅜
2s, c, 1930..101¼		101½			
3s, r, 1918..102		102⅜	Pan 3s, r, 1961 .....101⅝		101⅞
3s, c, 1918..102		102⅜			
4s, r, 1925..113½		114⅛	Pan 3s, c, 1961 .....101⅝		101⅞
4s, c, 1925..113½		114⅛			
Pan 2s, r, 1936 .....100⅝		101½			

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp..197		201	Man Elev...133¼		135
Alb & Susq.280		..	May Dep St. 78		81
Alle & W..141¼		..	Do pf.....100⅝		101¼
Allis-Chalm.	⅛	⅝	Mer Marine. 5		5⅝
Do pf.....	2½	6½	Mich Cent..150		190
Do, 1st pd.	5	5⅝	M & St L.. 24¼		24½
Am B S pf. 97½		99½	Do pf..... 47		50
A B S & F. 96		98	M. St P & S S M pf.....155		157½
Do pf.....144½		..	Do 1 l.... 86		88
A Cities pf. 76¼		76¾	Mo. K & T		
Am C & F pf. 118⅝		120	pf. 63		65
Am. Coal... 70		95	Mor & Es..173		176
A Cot O pf. 97⅝		98¾	N. C & St L. 170		175
Am Coal P. 97½		99½	Nat L pf..107½		111
Am Exp...198		205	Nat Rys of M 1st pf.. 64		68
Am H & L pf..... 28		28¼	Do 2d pf.. 51⅜		52
Am Malt.... 16		16½	N Cent C.. 47		49
Am Sm pf..112		114	N O, M & Chi pf.... 17⅛		30
Do new...104	

THE BUSINESS WORLD

MORE YARDAGE FOR SKIRTS.

Broadcloth Promising to be in Great Demand for Fall Styles.

There was little visible change in the New York dry goods market yesterday. The influx of out-of-town buyers continued, and the aggregate volume of merchandise moved was, if anything, slightly larger than that of the preceding day.

The recent slight decline noted in the price of certain constructions of print cloths had no appreciable effect on the strength of the balance of the cotton goods end of the primary market. Stocks of cottons in the hands of jobbers throughout the country were believed to be generally light, and this belief was borne out during the day by requests from various secondary sources for early shipment of goods already on order. Duplicate orders for a varied assortment of merchandise were received in this market in good numbers.

The day in the jobbing end of the market was without particular feature. Nearly all lines of merchandise moved in an active way, with dress goods leading possibly in the amount of actual business done. Broadcloths were in particular demand from all accounts, and now that fashion has decreed that the bobble skirt must retire in favor of the flowing gown, a new lease of life is promised to these fabrics because of their excellent draping qualities. For this reason the general consensus of opinion appears to be that broadcloths will rank among the best selling wool fabrics during the coming Fall and Winter. The present outlook for a big dress goods season is conceded to be very bright, and from the standpoint of increased yardage the season should be particularly encouraging to retailers.

ARTIFICIAL SILK POPULAR.

Used Now in Shirtings and Said to Stand Laundering Tests.

One of the really remarkable features of American textile operations in the last year or two, at least so far as the manufacturing of silk goods is concerned, is the rapid expansion of the use of artificial silk. From being favored first, because of its high lustre, for embroidery purposes, it gradually entered into the manufacture of dress silks, ribbons, knitted ties, hosiery, and, at last, shirtings.

While the artificial fibre still loses a slight portion of its strength when subjected to moisture, it no longer becomes worthless from a commercial standpoint. According to a well-known man in the trade, it has been brought to such perfection to-day that its incorporation in various silk fabrics is almost impossible to detect without chemical examination.

Some strikingly handsome shirtings combining silk and cotton warps and artificial silk filling are shown for next Spring, and are said to stand laundering fully as well as all-silk shirtings.

COTTON DUCK EXPORTS BIG.

Shipments Show Improvement, but Market is Still Dull.

Shipments of domestic and cotton duck from this port in the week ended Aug. 24 showed considerable improvement over those of the week previous, according to figures issued by the New York Custom House, the aggregate for the week being 6,626 packages, valued at $642,127, against 3,026 packages, valued at $217,717. Under this gain exports of this merchandise from New York since the beginning of the year to the above date showed an increase of $1,460,048 in value over those of the same period in 1911, when the exports amounted in the aggregate to 289,243 packages, valued at $18,319,390.

Forwardings to the Philippines, valued at $363,984, or somewhat more than 50 per cent. of the valuation of the entire week's exports, headed the list, followed by exports to China and Central America, valued at $90,821 and $31,066, respectively.

Dullness in the local export market was attributed to the fact that there was sufficient merchandise of this character in the hands of foreign traders to supply immediate demands on them, and the maintained strength of this market in the face of the recent drop in the cost of raw cotton.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Spools for Silk Yarn Duty Free—Reconstructed Gems Defined.

Collector Loeb was instructed by the Board of United States General Appraisers yesterday to grant free entry to an importation of beams, or wooden spools carrying silk yarn, brought in by A. H. Ringk & Co. The silk was subject to a specific duty, and the Appraiser assessed the spools as manufactures of wood, holding that they might be subsequently put to other uses. It was shown that the spools were either destroyed or sent back to Europe to be refilled.

Wild Brothers protested on an importation of reconstructed emeralds, composed of two pieces of aquamarine or beryl, cemented together to imitate emeralds; thin slabs of opal cemented to pieces of agate; artificial or synthetic rubies and sapphires, and imitation pearls and other precious stones. Duty was assessed at 20 per cent. under Paragraph 449, and the importers contended for 10 per cent. under the same paragraph as "precious or semi-precious stones, cut but not set, and suitable for use in the manufacture of jewelry." The board found that the intent of Congress was conclusive in adapting the term "reconstructed precious stones," and that the classification of the Collector was correct.

Sako & Co. established that vanity cases and similar articles should pay 45 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 199 as articles of utility. They had been assessed at 85 per cent. under Paragraph 448.

George Dorward of San Francisco was overruled in regard to a grandfather's clock, which he sought to bring in free. The Appraiser had assessed it because he did not think it was at least 100 years old as the law requires.

CONSULAR TRADE NOTES.

Gasoline suitable for use in automobile engines costs about $7.50 per 100 kilos (220.46 pounds) free on board, the refineries in Austria. Heavier gasoline suitable for stationary engines is quoted at $5.07. These prices are exclusive of the tax of $2.64 per 100 kilos, as owners of automobiles and stationary engines are able to get permits exempting them from it.

Building permits issued in the Hawaiian Islands in July represented a cost of $286,387. Repairs, &c., totaled $16,523, having made the total for the month $302,910, a gain of $193,-860 over the aggregate figures for the month of June. The July figures also exceeded those of May by $40,222. The total of all permits issued in the last three months was $674,649.

The Barnett-McQuesn Company of Minneapolis, Minn., has been awarded the contract for the construction of the Government grain elevator at Fort William, Canada, by the Dominion authorities. The figure named by the American company was $1,179,506.

Consul I. A. Manning reports from Barranquilla that the Colombian Government has ordered the reopening of the Government mint at Medellin for the coinage of gold. It is believed that this will materially affect the export of gold dust and bars from Colombia.

BUSINESS NOTES.

A well known Worth Street commission house, which a few months ago marketed a trade-marked line of domestic dress ginghams, recently received a request from Manchester, England, for a fair-sized consignment to meet the demand of Americans in that country for a fabric of this sort. Whether or not the merchandise will be sold under the strictly American trade mark is difficult to say, but with the mills of the famous Scottish gingham makers only a figurative stone's threw away, the buying of American goods of this nature is a distinct tribute to the abilities of American stylers and manufacturers.

Dan Talmage's Sons Company, New Orleans, telegraph the movement of new crop rice at that point to date as follows: Receipts, rough, 78,700 sacks; sales, cleaned, 68,550 pockets.

Reports from the New York drug market indicate general activity and firmness. Essential oils and roots are meeting a good jobbing demand at full prices.

Receipts of sugar at four United States ports for the week were 60,700 tons, against 61,700 last week and 44,500 last year. Meltings were 45,600 tons, compared with 46,000 last week and 51,000 a year ago. The total stock in refineries was 160,660 tons, against 201,000 last week and 160,200 last year.

WHOLE-PIECE GOODS ACTIVE.

Local Market Likely to Do the Best Business in Years.

Brown and and bleached sheetings, denims, colored cotton shirtings, chambrays, in fact, the whole piece goods market, are very strong at the moment, and, according to George H. Franklin of G. A. Stafford & Co., 55 Worth Street, barring unforeseen occurrences, the local market should experience the best business in years this season.

"The market for staple and zephyr ginghams, which for some months has been rather sluggish, also shows decided improvement," said Mr. Franklin yesterday, "and the principal cotton mills in the North and South are sold ahead for months. Prices are now generally firm, despite the downward tendency of cotton, and because of a lack of selling pressure I believe that they will continue firm through October and November, when cotton quotation will doubtless reach the lowest point of the season. The mills, jobbers, and retailers are all short of merchandise, and the majority of mills are so well sold up that they will be unable to handle a great deal of duplicate business this Fall. For this reason buyers will likely not find any house particularly anxious to let go of its holdings at a sacrifice.

"Collections are fairly good now in this market, which can be taken as a sign of a generally healthy underlying condition, and if the promise of big crops materializes the first of the new year should find the cotton goods end of this market in a very satisfactory condition."

PIG IRON MARKET BROADENS.

Bookings in Large Volume at Higher Prices—Steel Orders Strong.

As a natural result of unprecedented activity in finished iron and steel, the buying of pig iron has grown apace and the broadening of this branch of the trade is spoken of this week by the Iron Age as the chief feature of the iron and steel industry. The present movement in the material is the largest in years and prices are higher in all districts. Bookings at the higher levels have been made in large volume for delivery in the first and second quarters of 1913. The Iron Age says:

Pipe works have bought 30,000 to 40,000 tons of Southern iron on the $12.50 Birmingham basis for No. 2, in addition to 60,000 tons reported last week. The $12.50 price for next year is well established, and some sales have been made by Southern furnaces at $13 for the first quarter. Ohio furnaces have advanced foundry iron prices 25 to 50 cents.

In basic iron, advances have been made in the South and East. One Eastern steel plant paid $16.50 for 16,000 tons for the first quarter. A sale of 15,000 tons for first half was made at $13, Birmingham. In the Pittsburgh district Bessemer iron has sold at $14.75 at Valley furnace, and basic is nominally $14, though some makers ask $14.50 for first quarter.

The Iron Age estimates the Steel Corporation's activities at 95 per cent. of its finishing capacity and 94 per cent. of its ingot capacity, and says that its rail orders for 1913 are now 350,000 tons The Iron Trade Review says:

Steadily advancing prices of pig iron have not checked buying, which continues to be very heavy. In finished lines, greatest possible production is being turned out, and every effort is being made to hasten delivery. In spite of all efforts, however, orders pile up more rapidly than shipments are made. Most important price advances of week were in wire, bolts, nuts, rivets, and spikes. A strikingly favorable feature of the situation with the steel mills is the absence of speculative buying. The orders on hand usually represent specific requirements and are more liquid than has usually been the case with the industry in the past.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ALBERT BECK, residing at 1,855 Seventh Avenue, who managed a theatre at 1,942 Webster Avenue, Tremont, from May 1 to July 6, filed a petition yesterday with liabilities of $15,548 and no assets. He owes the Echo Amusement Company $1,000 for rent of the theatre, and $70 to six stage hands for wages. Among his creditors are Joseph Beck & Sons, $4,415; Newark Lean Company, $1,200; Herman Adleson, $812; Frederick Dreher, $525, and Joseph L. Graf, $521. He owes $319 to two doctors and $52 to a dentist.

LEVY BROTHERS & SONS.—A petition has been filed against Levy Brothers & Sons, a firm composed of four partners—Louis, Harry, Hyman, and Louis Levy—wholesale and retail stationers, 42 Maiden Lane and 96 Fulton Street, by these creditors: Max Silberstein, $200; William J. Grill, $400, and Abraham Groh, $100. Judge Hough appointed Charles L. Cohn receiver with a bond of $1,000. The liabilities are estimated at $10,000 and the assets $3,000.

LONSHEIN & FALICK.—A petition has been filed against David Lonshein and Abraham Falick, who compose the firm of Lonshein & Falick, dealers in furniture, 156 Essex Street, by these creditors: Simon Israel, $372; Abraham Rabinovic, $268, and Bernhard Marx, $468. Judge Hough appointed William Blau receiver. The liabilities are estimated at $12,000 and assets $2,500.

JACOB TIKTINSKY, salesman of 441 East Houston Street, formerly a dealer in tailors' trimmings, has filed a petition, with liabilities $4,959 and assets $135.

JULIA ROSH of 80 East Ninetieth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities $10,122 and assets consisting of a lot on East 174th Street, value unknown, on which there are due taxes $666 and a mortgage of $2,350.

FRANK J. HECHT, plumber, of 467 East 157th Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities $6,628 and assets $695. Among the creditors are the Standard Plumbing Supply Company, $3,100; Harlem Supply Company, $1,600, and J. L. Mott Iron Works, $754.

ABROM STRELLOW.—Schedules of Abrom Strellow, furrier, of 38 West Twenty-eighth Street, show liabilities $4,749, and assets $1,250. The East River National Bank is a creditor for $1,600.

CURRY BROTHERS, INC., a New York corporation, wholesale dealer in lumber, formerly at 29 Broadway, has made an assignment to F. Ferris Hewitt. The liabilities are $3,283 and assets $2,061.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Aug. 28.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed to-day by Frank E. Brown of Fitchburg, insurance agent; liabilities, $10,904; assets, $2,500. An involuntary petition was filed to-day against George W. Allison of Ipswich at the instance of three creditors, whose claims amount to $4,115. An assignment was made for the benefit of creditors on July 23 to N. Newman and George H. W. Hayes.

JUDGMENTS ENTERED.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

Baker, Frank C.—E. Caldwell, $6,000.
Bode, Henry, and William C. Lange—A. Dryfoos and others, $149.
Cantey, Hamilton B.—W. G. Kyle, $208.
Delaney, Mary and Abraham Gabrill—People, &c., $500.
Fiserbert, Karl—F. Reinert, $521.
Heensath, John—J. Scholl and others, $184.
Jackson, Edgar R.—Wallace Appleton Co., $620.
Jennings, W. Smith—Astor Mortgage Co., $280.
Langlois, Ernest—Herringbone Metal Lath Co., $556.
Lowe, William E.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $182.
Miller, Charlotte and Jonathan—A. Roseff, $240.
Nolk, Isidor—F. Leake and others, $462.
Norton, Mary, adm.—Borough Express Co., costs, $145.
Neville, Michael K.—E. Trotta, $215.
Nute, Ella J.—E. C. Hahn, $665.
Pengel, Walter P.—John W. Masury & Son, $106.
Rosenfeld, Samuel D.—G. A. Raferty, $419.
Rosenfeld, Samuel D. and Mall Malnick—same, $207.
Schaefer, Rudolph L.—Krieger Shoe Co., $181.
Samuel, Albert D.—John Budd Co., $172.
Sahler, Clarence A.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $298.
Siegler, Max—Rusch & Co., $2,436.
Steinberg, Simon—J. E. Bales, $2,123.
Santo, Alfredo and Giuseppe—G. Aquino, $130.
Tarshis, Abraham—S. R. Matthyse, $469.
Tiktinsky, Jacob—C. Spicehandler, $311.
Auto Foto Co.—American Art Sign Co., $528.
Alexander Dickson Co.—G. Howard, $584.
Alexander Development Co. James Fanning, Emil Fanning, and Pocano Realty Co.—Harlem River Lumber and Woodworking Co., $192.
Katonah Construction Co., Pauline Avallone and James S. Cully—Federal Tile Co., $833.

JUDGMENTS SATISFIED.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

Edson, David O.—Plaza Operating Co., July 26, 1912, $103.
Edson, David O.—C. W. Schumann and others, July 5, 1912, $104.
Great Eastern Telephone Co.—L. F. Messer and others, Feb. 7, 1911, $1,859.
Gill, W. Crosbie—Autotype Co., July 15, 1911, $136.
Gilbert, Fred M.—S. B. Lillenstern, May 21, 1912, $324.
Levenson, Morris—T. J. Mooney, May 28, 1912, $2,342.
Modersohn, Anna—J. & J. Eager Co., July 26, 1912, $122.
Pollak, Philip—W. S. Rafferty and others, Jan. 10, 1910, $249.
Reynolds, De Elbert A.—Richmond Borough National Bank, April 26, 1909, $903.
Rosenfeld, Samuel D.—G. A. Raferty and others, Nov. [illegible], 1911, $419.

MOTORS NEEDS MORE CASH.

Extension of Credit Expires in Two Weeks—Plans Under Way.

With the period of ninety days grace allowed the United States Motors Company by its creditors within less than three weeks off, the problem of reorganization in a form which will supply a necessary allowance of working capital is being actively discussed. The committee of banking creditors which has been practically in charge of affairs since June held a meeting yesterday, but it is understood that definite plans cannot be announced for some time.

When the Company asked for an extension of time on its obligations, it was deemed by the creditors that the stock of automobiles might be more advantageously liquidated by the company's organization that by a receiver, but it was recognized that if the company was to continue in business, it would be necessary to formulate a plan of reorganization which would supply needed working capital.

Since obtaining an extension of time, the company has been purchasing materials on a cash basis. The liquidation of stocks has been successfully carried through, but to provide enough cash for starting afresh, it will be necessary, it is understood, to accomplish an exchange of securities for the company's debts.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

New York.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 28.—Included in the twenty-five companies incorporated to-day were the following:

The Kerosene Gas Producer Sales Company of Manhattan, dealers in crude oil, petroleum, kerosene, gasoline oil, converters, and hydrocarbon and gas products; $800,000. Louis Jacobs, Nathan D. Lemman, Sophia T. Haas.

The Leader Waist Company of Manhattan, manufacturers of ladies' waists and garments; $20,000. Charles Hoffstein, David Lefkowitz, Isaac Lefkowitz.

The Henderson Dry Goods Company of Middletown, general dry goods dealers, furriers, tailors, clothiers, and furnishers; $12,000. James H. Reedy, Philip A. Reedy, James E. Henderson.

The Binghamton Paving Block Company of Binghamton, manufacturers of bricks, terra-cotta, paving blocks, and building stone; $150,-000. Lloyd I. Foster, Charles E. Foster, George W. Foster.

The General Merchandise Sales Company of Manhattan, general business factors, brokers, and sales agents for manufacturers, wholesalers, jobbers, and others; $50,000. Anna V. Keneally, William F. Wund, Thomas Doyle.

The Brill & Kaplan Company of Manhattan, men's, women's, and children's clothing; $15,-000. Meyer Brill, Arthur Kaplan, Nathan Sobel, Harry L. Naness, Samuel Rush.

The Macon Hotel and Restaurant Company of Manhattan, hotelkeepers, restaurateurs, warehousemen, tobacconists, &c.; $10,000. Joseph Nordenschild, Charles S. Bloch, Adolph Engel.

The Rector Drug Company of Manhattan, dealers in drugs, toilet articles, and medicines; $25,000. Martin Kalish, Harry A. Hochman, Joseph Perison.

The Greater New York Sales Company of Manhattan, selling agents and commission merchants; $20,000. Al Friedberg, Elmer Hollis, V. C. Bogardus.

William George Foster, Inc., of Manhattan, general advertisers; $15,000. William B. George Foster, Charles B. La Vee, William H. Barr.

The Madison Bottling Works, Inc., of Kings County, makers of soft drinks and mineral waters; $10,000. Ella Van Pelt Keller, Joseph Stoutsch, Reinhardt Saur, John Kolfer.

The Manhattan Trunk Company of Manhattan, manufacturers of trunks, traveling bags, &c.; $10,000. Milton Schiffman, Julius Brannstein, Milton J. Eisenberg.

New Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 28.—The following corporations were chartered to-day in the office of the Secretary of State:

C. & C. Electric and Manufacturing Company; $500,000 capital to make electrical appliances. Incorporators—Charles L. Hyde, Peter F. Hoffman, and George Hills.

P. C. Thompson Company, Plainfield; $50,000 capital to deal in real estate. Incorporators—Peter C. Thompson, Peter J. McDonough, and John L. McDonough.

North Elizabeth Realty Company, Elizabeth; $50,000 capital to deal in real estate. Incorporators—John K. and Emma F. English, Alice M. Maddock, Mary A. Carter, and Florence M. Heidenreich.

First Chudnower Investment Association, Newark; $125,000 capital to deal in stock, bonds, &c. Incorporators—Lyman Barak, Max Tenenberg, Morris and Ike Mayerson, and Sam Bell.

Metropolitan Investment Association, Newark; $125,000 capital to deal in stocks and bonds. Incorporators—Morris Straitman, Joseph Ash, Isadore Weisberger, I. N. Milstein, Jacob Rosenfield, and others.

Economy Coal Company of New Jersey, Jersey City; $400,000 capital to deal in coal, iron, &c. Incorporators—Levy H. Combs, Walter Laier, and George T. Van Valkenburgh.

Walter Williamson Automobile Company, Elizabeth Park; $10,000 capital to deal in automobiles. Incorporators—W. M. Williamson, Watson Whitelesy, and Vernon J. Miller.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

Flauen collar and cuff sets and lacy jabots are apparently looked upon with favor for the coming season. A distinct new wrinkle novelty in the shape of a large collar in Colbert effect is shown by a prominent New York importer.

A salesman handling low-end hosiery in a Southern territory says there was a remarkable run on lines retailing at 10 cents per pair this Summer. Retailers in that district were caught short in many instances, and were forced to borrow this merchandise from one another until they could secure deliveries from their jobbers.

Another prominent dress goods corporation has been forced to withdraw its lines of Spring, 1913, merchandise from the market because of a sold-up condition. Business in these goods is said to have been little short of phenomenal this season despite the temporary interruption of buying caused by the recent agitation over the La Follette Wool bill.

According to recent Consular advices there is a brisk demand for hand-sewn shoes in Messina, Italy.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SUGAR.—The market for refined sugar was steady yesterday, with list prices unchanged, and some refiners still booking business at a 5-cent basis for fine granulated.

The following quotations are net less discount of 2 per cent. for cash: Crystal dominoes, in cases of two-pound cartons, $6.10; in cases of five-pound cartons, $7.60; Eagle tablets, $6.40; cut loaf, $5.90; crushed, $5.80; Mold A, $5.45; cubes, Eagle, five-pound bags, powdered, and Eagle confectioners' granulated, $5.35; XXXX, powdered, $5.25; powdered, coarse powdered, and Eagle coarse granulated, $5.20; fruit powdered and Eagle extra fine granulated, $5.10; Eagle, two, three and one-half, and five pound cartons of fine granulated, $5.30; three and one-half pound bags, $5.35; five-pound bags, $5.30; 25-pound bags, $5.25; twenty-five and fifty pound bags and standard granulated, $5.15; fine granulated and Diamond A, $5.10; confectioners' A and No. 1, $4.95; Nos. 2 to 12, $4.80@$4.40, in five-cent ranges; Nos. 13, 14, and 15, $4.35.

The local raw sugar market was 9 points higher on sales of 3,000 bags Surinam and Porto Rico sugars, afloat and from store, at a basis of $4.23 for 96 test centrifugal. The market closed firm at that basis, with holders generally asking $4.30. The London market was irregular, with August 11½d higher, at 12s 4½d. September was 3¾d off, at 11s 6d. October to December stood at 9s 11¾d, a decline of ¾d.

MOLASSES AND STRUPS.—There was a moderate demand for molasses at nominally unchanged prices, but syrups were generally dull.

Quotations: New Orleans, centrifugal, common, 15@16c; fair, 17@20c; good, 21@23c; prime, 28@34c; New Orleans, open kettle, $7@52c; syrups, common, 11@12c; medium, 14@17c; fancy, 25@28c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—The flour market was firm, with the mills inclined to ask higher prices. Because of this, trading was generally light.

The following are prices quoted (in wood) on the New York Produce Exchange: Spring patents, $5.25@5.50; Winter straights, $4.60@$4.70; Winter patents, $4.90@$5.80; Spring clears, $4.60@$4.90; extra No. 1 Winter, $4.20@$4.30; extra No. 2 Winter, $4.10@$4.25; Kansas straights, $4.85@$4.50; fancy Spring patents, $6@$6.35. RYE FLOUR.—Quoted: Fair to good, $3.90@$4; choice to fancy, $4.05@$4.15. CORNMEAL.—Quoted: Kiln dried, $4.25. BAGMEAL.—Quoted: Fine white and yellow, $1.65@$1.75; coarse, $1.60@$1.65. FEED.—Quoted: Western Spring, $23.60; standard middling, $26.85; flour, middling, $31.60; Red Dog, $32.80; city bran, $22.50, bulk; $24, sacks; middling, $27.50@$28; Red Dog, $28.50; hominy, chop, $26@$27, bulk; $27.20@$28.20, sacks; oilmeal, $35.50@$36.50.

RICE.—The rice market was firm here, and steady at primary points under a moderate demand.

Quotations: Screenings, 4@4¼c; ordinary, 4¼@4¾c; fair, 4¾@5c; good ordinary, 5@5¼c; prime, 5¼@5½c; choice, 5½@5¾c; head, Japan, 4¼@5c; Patna, 6¾@7c.

OILS.—Linseed oil was unchanged. Refined petroleum was steady at recent prices.

Quotations: Standard white petroleum, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.35; bulk, $4.75; standard white, cases, New York, $10.25; water white, barrels, New York and Philadelphia, $8.85; bulk, $5.75; water white, cases, New York and Philadelphia, $11.25. Linseed Oil—American seed, city raw, 68@70c; out-of-town raw, 67@68c; Calcutta raw, 75c.

NAVAL STORES.—The market for spirits turpentine was quiet and slightly easier. Resin and tar were steady and unchanged in price.

Quotations: Spirits turpentine, machine barrels, 43 cents. Tar, $5.50. Resin common to good, strained, $6.60; B, $6.90; D, $6.90; E, $7.05; F, $7.25; G, $7.27½; H, $7.30; I, $7.30; K, $7.55; M, $7.70; N, $7.90; WG, $8.00, and WW, $8.30.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Strength in Grains Fails in Closing Hour—Cotton Fail Checked.

Wheat was more active and stronger on firm foreign markets reacting late. Corn and oats improved with good cash demand and higher interior cash markets but also reacted at the close. Provisions were dull with small net change. Cottonseed oil values reacted under hedge pressure. Cotton steadied following early depression. Liverpool was rather easy, the weather generally favorable and spot markets lower, but selling pressure was not persistent. Coffee moved irregularly.

WHEAT.

Wheat was strong all day, running off at the close. The opening was higher on the cables, which showed further advance in English and German markets. The weather, however, was a little more settled, and the private cables were rather quiet, with a disappointing total of export business, about 12 loads. The offerings during the morning were comparatively limited, and shortly after midday stop orders were uncovered, resulting in a quick rise in price of ⅞c to 1¼c. As soon as these orders were filled prices settled right back. The Winnipeg market was heavy all day, notwithstanding the firmness in the European markets and the reports of general rains over a greater portion of Manitoba. The Northwestern receipts of wheat showed some increase, but are still far from heavy. The Minneapolis cash price was quoted higher, and interior cash prices generally were ½c to 1c up. The Minneapolis price on No. 1 Northern, which Tuesday was quoted at 98¾c to 99¾c, was advanced to 97¾c to 99¾c. The flour output in the Northwest continues good—373,-000 barrels the last week at three points, against 370,000 barrels last year. The Minneapolis mills were reported to have sold 500,000 barrels last week, and interior mills an equal amount, making a third week of about 1,000,-000 barrels a week. The Northwestern Miller reports weather dry and favorable for harvest. A great deal of the wheat was injured, one-half grade to a grade, by the wet weather of the middle of the month. It reports elevator men expressing belief that farmers will sell only enough at current values to pay pressing obligations. Interior receipts have decreased a little this week, but are larger than last year, while Interior shipments continue heavy. Cash wheat was firm, with No. 2 red quoted at $1.07; No. 1 Northern, $1.05; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.04½; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.06½.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The corn market was also very firm. September advancing to new high levels and new crop months were ⅝c to ¾c higher, prices reacting at the close. Cash corn was higher, although interior receipts showed considerable increase over last week. Further good demand for cash corn was reported. Weather conditions were favorable for the new crop. The trade is looking for a maintained or improved crop condition. Cash corn was firm. Export corn was quoted at 61¼c, free on board, December to March. Spot corn was quoted at 88@91½c, cost, insurance, and freight, to seaboard, as to grade.

OATS.—Trading in oats was moderately active, and prices showed a gain of ½c to ⅝c, but also reacted late. Cash oats were higher at the Interior, with good demand reported, and export sales were 130,000 bushels. Interior receipts were large, amounting to 1,892,-000 bushels, compared with 585,000 bushels last year, and in three days the receipts have gained 1,500,000 bushels over last year. Cash oats were steady locally, with standards and No. 3 whites quoted at 30½c; No. 2 whites, 32¾c, and clipped white, 42@44c.

PROVISIONS.

Trading in provisions was slow. Prices ruled slightly higher during the morning on a steady hog market, but sold off a little at the close.

Receipts of hogs were somewhat larger, amounting to about 60,000. Interior prices of hogs ranged generally from about $7.85 up to about $9 per hundred.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	$1.04¼	$1.03¼	$1.03¾	$1.03¼
December	1.03⅛	1.02½	1.02⅞	1.01⅝
May	....	....	1.06⅜	1.05⅞

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	95¾	94½	94⅝	94¾
December	95⅝	94¼	94⅝	94⅝
May	90⅝	98	98⅜	98
Corn—				
September	74⅜	73¼	73½	73½
December	55¾	54⅞	55¼	55½
May	54⅜	53¾	53⅞	53⅝
Oats—				
September	33⅛	32⅝	32¾	33⅛
December	33⅝	32½	33	33½
May	35⅞	35½	35⅝	35¾
Lard—				
September	10.97½	10.87½	10.95	10.92½
October	11.07½	10.97½	11.02½	11.00
December	10.85	10.75	10.80	10.77½
January	10.80	10.72½	10.77½	10.72½
Ribs—				
September	10.95	10.87½	10.90	10.87½
October	10.97½	10.92½	10.95	10.92½
January	10.17½	10.12½	10.15	10.15
Pork—				
September	17.87½	17.70	17.75	17.80
October	18.00	17.85	17.90	17.92½
January	19.20	19.05	19.12½	19.07½

COTTONSEED OIL.

Pressure was centred chiefly on the distant deliveries during yesterday's session. The selling was of a concentrated sort and was thought to be largely against purchases of crude or seed at the South. Some support was accorded the near months in the late trade, but liquidating sales appeared on the small bulges, so that the undertone in general was unsettled. To-day in first delivery day for September contracts, but inasmuch as interests believed to be owing the most oil in the future market were buying considerably against sales of other options, estimates as to the probable total notices have been modified. The generally favorable crop outlook seems to be offsetting the steadiness of lard values, and there are claims that the consuming inquiry has again subsided materially, although as prices recede more or less replenishment of supplies is to be anticipated. Crude offerings were irregular, but according to most authorities can be counted upon to show a natural increase.

	Range. High.	Low.	Clos-ing Bid.	Prev. Close Bid.
Spot	6.36	6.35	6.30	6.35
August	6.35	6.33	6.33	6.32
September	6.32	6.26	6.29	6.30
October	6.38	6.35	6.37	6.39
November	6.12	6.10	6.09	6.13
December	6.07	6.02	6.01	6.08
January	6.08	6.02	6.01	6.07
February	6.08	6.05	6.04	6.08

COTTON.

Practically all of the active deliveries entered new low ground with the early recessions of from 10 to 12 points, but in the succeeding trade there was again a moderate recovery so as to result in only trivial losses at the final. While sentiment continues bearish in the main there seems to be less aggressiveness. Many are of the opinion that this is explained by the approaching holidays and the proximity of the Government report, but in some quarters the opinion is now more freely expressed that the price levels warrant conservatism, particularly as the lateness of the cotton plant makes it logical to anticipate the usual August deterioration in September.

Prominent spot concerns are still identified with those operating for a lower plane, and these interests sold freely at times. There was also selling yesterday by the South, partly in the form of hedges, and also representing new speculative pressure. Prominent uptown interests were still credited with being adverse to higher levels. Offerings were gradually absorbed, however, with spinners and large local commission houses buying on the scale down. There was considerable evening up of trades. While a rather bearish Government report has been confidently predicted, many adhere to the belief that its effect will be limited, especially when the recent decline and the backwardness of the season are taken into account. The Ruffon report appeared yesterday, but had little influence. The condition was placed at 74.6, against the Government report last month of 76.5, and their own figures of 78.6. It was stated that the returns from correspondents suggested a Government report of about the figures. A year ago the Government made the condition 73.2 per cent., and deterioration for August at about 16 points.

Complaints from Texas were received, southern sections needing more moisture, while in parts of the northeast too much precipitation was claimed, and in other sections insect damage was feared. Crop ideas for this State have not been modified very much, however, and optimistic estimates predominate. Advices to The Journal of Commerce were that the prospects were far better than last season, with quite a few correspondents looking for the largest crop in years, even though there has been damage by worms and from drought. Their returns also indicated exceedingly promising conditions in Oklahoma, but a late frost is essential.

There was no precipitation of significance shown on the map, and predictions were for a continuance of generally fair weather. Aside from scattered points in Texas and Oklahoma, also in the Carolinas, it is not thought that moisture is needed with any degree of urgency. The movement of cotton is light, excluding Texas points, but there is a gradual increase noted from other sections. The receipts at Galveston yesterday were 13,000 bales, against 17,000 last year, and at Houston 13,450 bales, against 17,000 last year. Port receipts for to-day are estimated at about 20,000 bales, against 51,000 a year ago. Southern spot markets were ⅛c to ¼c lower. Locally middlings were .05c lower at 11.25c.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	10.64	10.57	10.64@10.67	10.64
September	10.62	10.54	10.60@10.67	10.64
October	10.92	10.75	10.85@10.91	10.88
November	10.95	10.90	10.91@10.93	10.94
December	11.04	10.87	11.01@11.02	11.00
January	10.87	10.78	10.86@10.87	10.93
February	....	....	10.92@10.95	10.98
March	11.02	10.90	11.00@11.02	11.02
May	11.07	10.97	11.07@11.09	11.09
July	10.07	10.07	.....@.....	.....

COFFEE.

Coffee operations were largely switching from the near to far months, and evening up contracts. September notices were expected to be large, early estimates placing the amount at about 50,000 bags, but they totaled only about 28,000. The tenders were taken up mostly by a prominent Wall Street house which has recently been buying September, believed to be for the account of leading roasters. The near months were generally firm, closing at an advance of 3 to 9 points, while the later positions were rather heavy, closing at 2 points decline to 2 points advance. Total sales, 82,750 bags. Havre closed unchanged to ¼ franc higher, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig higher. Rio and Santos were steady, unchanged, and the cost and freight market was firm, at generally unchanged, although some quotations were here at about 10 points advance. Receipts were slightly larger. Temperatures in Brazil again covered a wide range, the minimum being 37 degrees, while the maximum was 93.

Spot coffee steady at 14½c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
August	....	....	12.88@12.90	12.79
September	12.89	12.80	12.88@12.90	12.79
October	....	....	12.91@12.93	12.83
November	....	....	12.93@12.95	12.90
December	12.99	12.94	12.96@12.97	12.96
January	....	....	12.99@13.00	13.00
February	12.98	12.98	12.98@12.99	12.98
March	13.05	13.02	13.03@13.05	13.01
April	....	....	13.05@13.07	13.04
May	13.09	13.05	13.07@13.09	13.09
June	....	....	13.05@13.06	13.06
July	13.02	13.00	13.04@13.05	13.02

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, extras, pound, 28½@27c; Firsts, 25½@26c; seconds, 24@25c; thirds, 22@23c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 26@26½c; good to prime, 24@25c; common to fair, 21@22½c; process, extras, 24½c; firsts, 23@24c; seconds, 21@22c; factory, June make, firsts, 22½c; current make, firsts, 21¼@22c; seconds, 20¼@21c; thirds, 19@20c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 21½@20c; No. 3, 18@19c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, colored, specials, pound, 16½c; white, 16@16½c; colored, average fancy, 16c; white, 15¾c; undergrades, colored, 14@15½c; white, 14@15¼c; Daisies, best, 16¾c; State, skims, specials, 12½@13c; choice, 11¾@11¾c; fair, 10@11c; undergrades, 7¼@9¼c; full skims, 4@6c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 25@26c; extra firsts, 23@24c; firsts, 21¼@22¼c; seconds, 20@21c; thirds and poorer, 19@19½c; dirties, No. 1, 18½@19c; No. 2, 17¼@18c; poor to fair, 14@17c; checks, good to fine, 16½@17c; poor to pair, 13@16c; refined firsts, season's storage, charges paid, 22½@23½c; seconds, 20@21c; thirds, 18@19c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 31@32c; selected whites, good to prime, 28@30c; common to fair, 25@27c; Western, gathered wh

SUPT. EMMET REVISES REINSURANCE PLAN

J. E. Kerr of Assurance League Failed to Tell Members of Offer by Metropolitan.

SO THE STATE NOW STEPS IN

Golden Seal League Plan Would Continue Separate Office in New York in Charge of League's Secretary.

The management of the Assurance League of America has fallen afoul of the State Insurance Department in an effort to obtain the approval of its members for a plan to reinsure in the Order of the Golden Seal of Roxbury, N. Y., without disclosing the fact that a similar offer had been made by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company. Supt. William T. Emmet of the Insurance Department has advised inquiring members to pay no attention to notices sent out by James E. Kerr, Secretary-Treasurer of the league, seeking their approval of the Golden Seal plan, but to await a circular letter from him, which was being prepared yesterday, submitting the two offers and asking the preference of the members.

The Assurance League of America dates back to 1871, when it was known as the Jewelers' League, and its membership is made up chiefly of working jewelers, most of whom are no longer young. Last Winter it had become apparent that if the league went on under the existing plan the amount of the assessments would increase rapidly within a few years, and an effort was made to rerate the members on a sounder basis. This involved paying a considerably higher premium or accepting insurance of a greatly decreased amount.

Many of the members were unable to pay the proposed increase, and they protested vigorously against a decrease in the amount of insurance to which they believed they were entitled. The result was that many refused to accept any of several options offered them, and the membership, which had already declined from several thousand to 1,675 last year, fell to 925 in April, and is now said to be in the neighborhood of 600. Those who dropped out, of course, lost any future benefit from their insurance.

A meeting of the members was called, at which Ludwig Nissen presided, and a committee was appointed to see what could be done. Mr. Nissen is a Director in the Equitable Life Assurance Society, and he obtained a proposal from it to take over the business of the league. There was so much delay in considering it that the offer expired by limitation, and the Equitable would not renew it. The offer was then obtained from the Order of the Golden Seal, and in the meantime Supt. Emmet obtained a similar offer from the Metropolitan Life. Both proposed to take over the insurance of the members of the league on the basis of the rerated options, and about the only difference between them was that the Golden Seal plan contemplated the continuance of a separate office in this city in charge of Mr. Kerr.

On Aug. 21 Secretary Kerr sent letters to the members of the league stating that Supt. Emmet had submitted an offer from the Golden Seal and recommending its acceptance. The members were urged to express their approval not later than Sept. 1. When this came to the attention of Supt. Emmet he wrote to Secretary Kerr, noting that he had omitted any mention of the offer from the Metropolitan Life, and saying:

> It will be necessary, in order to convince the department of what the wishes of the majority of the members are in this matter of reinsurance, to have proper evidence submitted to us that all the facts concerning both the Metropolitan proposal and the proposal from the Order of the Golden Seal, have been submitted to your membership. No submission of this question which entirely omits any mention of one of these proposals could be regarded as a satisfactory form of referendum.

After some further discussion Supt. Emmet decided to take the referendum himself. Secretary Kerr says the members want to continue in a fraternal order, while Mr. Nissen says that every one he has talked with prefers insurance in an old-line company. Mr. Emmet, in submitting the question, indicates no preference on the part of the department, but in the report of an examination of the league made in April by Chief Examiner Diefendorf the statement is made that "the wisest thing the management could do is to consent that all members paying adequate rates be reinsured in an old-line company, if possible." It was further recommended that members who refused to change from the old rates should receive their equity in cash and drop their insurance.

Felix H. Levy of 37 Liberty Street, counsel for the committee of members, said yesterday that the committee was in favor of the Metropolitan proposal.

"Arrangements had been made," he said, "for a conference between the committee and the officers of the league to take up the two offers, but before the time set for it Mr. Kerr sent out the letters seeking approval of the Golden Seal proposal without mentioning the other. Inasmuch as the effect of the circular would be to forestall the result of the proposed conference, the committee has announced that it feels justified in stating that it considers the Metropolitan offer preferable to the other."

The result of the referendum taken by Supt. Emmet will not necessarily be conclusive, but he desires to learn what the wishes of the members are before passing on the relative merits of the two offers.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

LABOR DAY EXCURSIONS

NIAGARA FALLS Round Trip from New York **$10.00**

Special Train, August 31st. Leave New York, 9.00 A.M.

Tickets will be honored on evening trains, August 30th, and on all trains except the Black Diamond Express, August 31st and September 1st. Return limit September 4th.

TORONTO AND RETURN $11.50 RAIL AND BOAT $12.55 ALL RAIL

Canadian National Exhibition. Aug. 28, return limit Sept. 4; and Sept. 4, return limit Sept. 10. All trains except the Black Diamond Express.

GLEN ONOKO & MAUCH CHUNK Round Trip from New York **$1.50**

Sept. 1st and 2nd Special Trains will leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, 8.30 A. M.

BELLEWOOD PARK Round Trip from New York **$1.00**

Sept. 2nd and Every Sunday. Special Trains will leave Pennsylvania Ferries, Cortlandt and Desbrosses Streets, 9.00 A. M.

Lehigh Valley Railroad

TICKET OFFICES:
94, 401, 1238, 1460 Broadway; Hudson Tubes, Cortlandt and Church Streets and 23d Street and Broadway, New York. 30 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn. 211 Market Street, Newark.

$1.00 Round Trip to Poughkeepsie

Sunday, Sept. 1,

New Steamer

RENSSELAER

Leaves Pier 32, N. R., Ft. Canal St., 8:45 A. M.
West 132d St. Pier, 9:15 A. M.
Excellent cuisine and music.
Number of Passengers Limited.

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Special Trips, Including Tickets and Hotels

Atlantic City	3 days..$10.50 up
Niagara Falls	3 days.. 16.50 up
Thousand Islands	4 days.. 19.50 up
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Independent Travel Tickets With or Without Hotels to All Resorts.

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EXCURSIONS

LAKE HOPATOONG, $1.00
Labor Day, Sept. 2nd, also Every Sunday
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.50; Liberty St. 9.00 a.m.

MAUCH CHUNK, $1.50
Labor Day, Sept. 2nd
Leave W. 23rd St. 8.30; Liberty St. 8.30 a.m.

Also Next Sunday, Sept. 1st
ATLANTIC CITY, $2.50
Leave W. 23rd St. 7.50; Liberty St. 8.00 a.m.

VIA NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
HARD COAL! NO SMOKE! COMFORT!

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR BOAT RACES SATURDAY, August 31st $1.00 ROUND TRIP

The twin-screw Str. "NASSAU" will leave pier, foot E. 34th St., (L. I. R. R. ferry) 10 A. M. for HUNTINGTON BAY LONG ISLAND where she will anchor on the course, affording an unobstructed view of the race, leaving for N. Y. immediately after the finish. Refreshments.
Tickets on sale at Tyson's and McBride's.

To ALBANY 50¢

THE ECONOMICAL WAY.
STEAMERS FRANK JONES, KAATERSKILL
Leave Pier 46, N. R., Foot of W. 10th St., at 5:30 P. M.
W. 129th St. at 6 P. M. daily.
CAPITAL CITY LINE.
Pier 46, N. R. Phone Spring 597.

GRAND LABOR DAY OUTING
On the Hudson River
MONDAY, SEPT. 2

Special through Daylight and Searchlight Sail to Albany and return on the magnificent and speedy steamer

RENSSELAER of the Citizens' Line

Leaving New York, Pier 32, N. R., Foot of Canal St., at 8:45 A. M.; W. 132d St. at 9:15 A. M. (No other stop en route.) Returning, leave Albany the same night, due in New York early Tuesday morning.

ROUND TRIP $3.00

A restful and delightful all day and night sail of 300 miles on this palatial steamer, with music and searchlight entertainment, spacious observation decks and excellent dining service a la carte. Order tickets early. Number of passengers will be limited to ensure comfort of patrons.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY
Pier 32 N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE
UP THE HUDSON RIVER
To FISHKILL and NEWBURGH

SUNDAY, Sept. 1st and LABOR DAY
Str. Benj. B. Odell (New)

leaves Franklin St. 9 A. M., West 129th St. 9:30 A. M. 6 hours at Newburgh.
Visit Orange Lake Park, Newburgh. Half-hour trolley ride through the country.
Fare, round trip, $1.00.
Excellent dining room service.
Lunch. Music. No Bar.

CONEY ISLAND AND ROCKAWAY
Steamers ROSEDALE and SYLVESTER
Lv. W. 129th St. 9:30, 1:30.
Lv. W. 23d St. 10:15, 2:00, 3:00, *7:30.
Lv. Battery 10:40, 2:30, 3:30, *8:00.
Lv. Coney Island 1:30, 8:00, 7:00, 9:00.
Lv. Rockaway Beach 12:30, 5:00, 6:00.
*Boat does not go to Rockaway Beach.
Exc'n tickets 129th St. to Coney Isl. & Rockaway, 50c. To Coney Island from W. 23d St. and Battery, 40c.

SPECIAL—INTERNATIONAL MOTOR BOAT RACES
HUNTINGTON BAY
This Saturday (Aug. 31)

LARGE STR. ROSEDALE. CAPACITY 1,700 will leave Pier Foot West 23d St. 10 A. M. Battery Pier 10:30 A. M., Pier Foot East 34th St. 11 A. M. Arriving in time for all races.
WILL RETURN IMMEDIATELY AFTER RACES. TICKETS, $1.
At Normandie Hotel Ticket Office, Broadway & 38th St. Telephone 4159 Greeley; also at 140 B'way, Room 923. 'Phone 4057 Cortlandt. MUSIC & REFRESHMENTS—CITY PRICES.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

$1 Albany & Troy
(From Albany or Troy Dock)

HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Connecticut Steamers 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk'
Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till mid night. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage Checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9222.
Manhattan Line

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

GLEN ISLAND BOATS
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FAMOUS FAMILY RESORT on LONG ISLAND SOUND. Weekdays lve. Battery 10, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, 2:30, 4, 6 p. m. Sun. & Lab. Day every hour on the hour. Extra Boat Service E. 24th St. ½ hour later. Boats will run until Sept. 8, inclusive. McAllister Stbt. Co.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point,
Steamer Mary Powell

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by Str. Albany, $1.00, or by rail $1.10. Orchestra. Cadets in camp. See new public buildings, etc.

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To All Prominent Resorts,
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Around Manhattan Island. Lecturer aboard. Daily, Sunday, 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Foot W. 42d St. Office Flatiron Bldg. Tel. 5441 Gram.

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OBSERVATION Around Manhattan Island. Daily. Battery Pier, No. 3. Ferry, 10:30-2:30.
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Leaves West 23d St. 10:30 A. M., 2:30 P. M. All cars transfer. Lecturer aboard. 3 hours sail around Man. Isl. Tel. 4130 Greeley.
THE ONLY BOAT AT 50c

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If you are going to the Catskills don't ignore the pleasure which lies in the journey there.

Take one of the great Day Line steamers up the Hudson and enjoy the cool, refreshing lure of the water. The decks are broad and comfortable, there is a fine band and the restaurant is excellent.

Steamers make direct wharf connections at Kingston Point and Catskill with railroads which reach every place of interest. Send 4c in stamps for Summer book.

ALBANY DAY LINE STEAMERS, daily, except Sunday, leave Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson, and Albany. Also Desbrosses St., 9:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 10 A. M.; W. 129th St., 10:20 A. M., for Yonkers, West Point, Cornwall, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Direct rail connections. Music. Restaurant. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted.

Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, N. Y.

Steamer Mary Powell

Afternoon boat for West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston and way landings leaves Desbrosses St. at 1:45 P. M.; W. 42d St., 2 P. M.; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Ideal outing to West Point, returning by St. "Albany," $1.00, or by rail, $1.10. 33

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Speedy Palatial Steamers.
One Way, $2. Round Trip, $3.50.
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Leaving Pier 32, N. R., (foot of Canal St.,) 6 P. M. People's Line calling at West 125th St. at 6:45 P. M.; Citizens' Line calling at Yonkers at 7 P. M., Poughkeepsie at 11 P. M. Steamer C. W. MORSE leaves New York on odd dates, ADIRONDACK on even dates. Sunday Day Boat leaves at 8:45 A. M.; West 132d St. 9:15 A. M. Special excursion to Poughkeepsie and return Sundays, $1.00.
Passage and stateroom tickets delivered by special messenger. 10-Ride Family Books, $15, ($1.50 per trip.)
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Cape Cod's just the place for your vacation—Fall River Line or Providence Line's the way to go.

Lve. New York, Pier 19, N. R., ft. of Warren St., 5:30 P. M. Arrive Boston 7 A. M. or 8 A. M.

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Leave Pier 14, N. R., foot Fulton St., Week Days & Sundays 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Fare $4.

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MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE, Steel Steamships North Land & North Star. Leave Pier 15, N. R., foot Vesey St., Tues. Thurs. & Sats. at 5 P. M.; also Mondays 10:30 A. M. A delightful 22 hour trip. Round Trip Fare $10.
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HUDSON RIVER BY NIGHT
Connecticut Steamers 'Iroquois' & 'Mohawk'
Spacious staterooms, every convenience; electric light; excellent service. Wistaria Dining Room; open till mid night. Music. Through tickets to all points. Baggage Checked. Strs. Lv. (West Houston St.) 5:30 P. M., West 129th St. at 6:00 P. M. Daily. Phone Spring 9222.
Manhattan Line

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

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Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
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SUNDAYS From Franklin St. 9:00 A. M. West 129th St. 9:30 A. M.

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Str. Shinnecock of Montauk Steamboat Co.'s Line leaves N. Y., Pier F. R. R., Tuesdays and Thursdays 5:30 P. M.; Saturdays, 1:00 P. M. See time table for additional service—Steamer "Montauk."

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	Oct. 2, 1 A. M.	Nov. 27
Lusitania	Sept. 18, 1 A. M.	Nov. 6
	Oct. 9, 1 A. M.	Dec. 25

CAMPANIA: SEPT. 4, 1 A. M. NOV. 20. SEPT. 25, 1 A. M. JAN. 1
CARMANIA: SEPT. 7, 10 A. M. OCT. 5, 10 A. M.
CARONIA: SEPT. 21, 10 A. M. NOV. 16. OCT. 19, 10 A. M. DEC. 14

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Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

CARPATHIA	SAXONIA	PANNONIA	IVERNIA
a Sept. 5	Sept. 19	a b Sept. 26	Oct. 10
a Oct. 24		a b Nov. 16	

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours.

WINTER CRUISES—RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT

LACONIA	NOV. 9 JAN. 4	FRANCONIA	NOV. 28 JAN. 18	CARONIA JAN. 30 MAR. 15

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SEPT. 28	
OCT. 19	
NOV. 9	
NOV. 30	

NEARBY SAILINGS FROM NEW YORK.
BALTIC..... Aug. 29, 12 noon
OCEANIC..... Aug. 31, 12 noon
PHILADELPHIA..... Aug. 31, 9:30 A. M.
MINNEHAHA..... Aug. 31, 10:30 A. M.
KRONLAND..... Aug. 31, 10:00 A. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Philadelphia..Aug. 31 | New York..Sept. 14
St. Louis....Sept. 7 | St. Paul....Sept. 21

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct. Pr. 58, N.R.
Min't'ka..Aug. 31, 10:30 AM | Minn'ska..Sept. 14
Minn'aska..Sept. 7, 1 PM | Min'polis, Sept. 21

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp.
Kroonland...Aug. 31 | Finland ....Sept. 14
Lapland.....Sept. 7 | Vaderland...Sept. 28

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic.....Aug. 31, noon | Majestic...Sept. 14
Olympic (nw).Sept. 7, 2 PM | Oceanic...Sept. 21
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool.
Baltic..Aug. 29, noon | Celtic.....Sept. 12
Cedric...Sept 5, noon | Adriatic.....Sept. 19
Boston—Azores—Gibraltar—Italy.
Cretic.....Sept. 14 | Canopic.....Sept. 28

MEDITERRANEAN CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
VIA MADEIRA, GIBRALTER, ALGIERS, MONACO
"ADRIATIC" ☆ "CEDRIC"
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LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SAILINGS AT 10 A. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Sept. 3 | Kronprinzessin Cecilie Sept. 10
George Washington Sept. 5 | Kronprinz Wilhelm Sept. 17
TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE
Bremen . . . Aug. 31 | Friedrich der Grosse Sept. 19
Grosser Kurfurst . Sept. 12 | Koenigin Luise . . Sept. 28
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Princess Irene Sept. 7 | Koenig Albert Sept. 21
Berlin . . Oct. 5
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*Noordam..... Sept. 3
*Rijndam..... Sept. 10
†Ryndam..... Sept. 17
*Potsdam..... Sept. 24
*VIA BOULOGNE s/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE
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Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Provence.....Aug. 29 | *La Provence.....Sept. 19
*La Lorraine.....Sept. 5 | *La Savoie.....Sept. 26
†France (new)..Sept. 12 | *La Lorraine.....Oct. 3
*Twin-screw steamer. †Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILINGS 2 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*La Touraine.....Aug. 31
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ANCHOR LINE
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Columbia..Aug. 31, 10 AM | Cameronia..Sept. 14, 11 AM
California..Sept. 7, 2 PM | Caledonia..Sept. 21, 2 PM
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Navigazione a Vapore. To Naples & Genoa Direct.
†Ancona..Aug. 31 11 AM
*America..Sept. 18, 11 AM
*Stampalia..Sep. 28, 11 AM
*D. D'Aosta..Oct. 9, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms. HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

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Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:24 | Sun sets..6:38 | Moon rises..7:37

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	8:21	8:36	2:17	2:25
Governors Island	8:39	8:49	2:53	3:01
Hell Gate	10:29	10:39	4:33	4:41

Arrived—Wednesday, Aug. 28.

SS Oceanic, Southampton, Aug. 21.
SS Argentina, Algiers, Aug. 16.
SS C. F. Tietjen, Christiansand, Aug. 17.
SS Annie, Buenos Aires, July 21.
SS Santurce, Pascagoula, Aug. 20.
SS British Sun, Philadelphia, Aug. 27.
SS Chalmette, New Orleans, Aug. 21.
SS Dinnamare, Lisbon, Aug. 12.
SS Julia Luckenback, San Juan, Aug. 23.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Comeric	Gibraltar	Aug. 18
Solingen	Marseilles	Aug. 9
Curityba	Nipe	Aug. 23
Fruteria	Porto Barrios	Aug. 23
Grayson	Manzanillo	Aug. 23
Batavia	Hamburg	Aug. 16
New York City	Swansea	Aug. 13
Venezia	Naples	Aug. 17
Georgia	Oran	Aug. 13
Santa Marta	Kingston	Aug. 24
Bermudian	Bermuda

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Suburban Property a Feature of the Investment Market—Realty Associates Buy Big Tract in Jamaica for Improvement with Small Dwellings—New Residence Park for Jersey.

Suburban property proved the feature of yesterday's realty market, trading in Manhattan being dull and inactive. Brokers report several big deals pending and predict improved conditions next month, but no general broadening is looked for until after the election is disposed of.

The most important of the suburban deals was the purchase of a large tract of land in Jamaica directly opposite the new station that is being built by the Long Island Railroad. It was purchased by the Realty Associates, of which Frank Bailey is President, from the Everett Realty and Construction Company. The buyers are preparing plans for the erection of a number of one-family brick houses of moderate cost. The lots sold were held from $1,750 to $2,500 each.

Another Long Island deal was announced by Worthington Whitehouse, who sold to a New York merchant a tract of 225 acres at Woodbury. The property fronts on the Jericho Turnpike and Woodbury Road, and comprises the estate of Dr. George Evans, containing 120 acres with holdings; the Benjamin Piquet estate of 75 acres, and that of Mrs. Suzette Piquet, containing 30 acres. These properties are all adjoining.

Residence Park for New Jersey.

Louis K. Hyde, a brother-in-law of former State Senator Everett Colby and head of the Union County Investment Company, has acquired a 200-acre tract of land on the Watchung Mountains, part of the Blue Ridge range, and will at once begin the erection of a home for himself to cost about $100,000.

The whole tract is to be laid out in a park, similar to Llewlyn Park in the Oranges, and a number of other costly dwellings are to be erected. It is intended to be an exclusive residential section.

Realty Co. Increases Holdings.

The Alliance Realty Company has increased its holdings on the upper west side by the purchase of 149 West Eighty-sixth Street, a four-story and basement dwelling, on a lot 22.6 by 100.8, from James Harlin. The parcel adjoins the holdings of the company, which include 151 to 163 West Eighty-sixth Street, running through and including 144 to 172 West Eighty-seventh Street.

Bronx Borough.

Frank Shleininger has sold to an investor through Alexander Selkin 860 East 162d Street, near Prospect Avenue, a four-story brick with garage, on a lot 25 by 100. The same broker also resold for William Greenberger 409 East 160th Street, near Webster Avenue, a four-story brick flat, on a lot 27 by 73.

Kurz & Uren, Inc., have sold in conjunction with Isaac Levy for Sarah Arnold the vacant plot of six lots on the southwest corner of Clay Avenue and 167th Street, and for Charles D. Graff a plot of two lots on the north side of 228th Street, 185 feet west of Fifth Avenue.

Brooklyn.

William W. McMillan has purchased for investment from Henry Doscher 180 Crystal Street, near Pitkin Avenue, a two-story detached frame dwelling on a lot 20 by 100.

The Jerome Property Corporation has sold for Margaret McCall the two-story and basement brownstone private dwelling, on lot 18 by 100, at 381 Second Street to a New York purchaser for occupancy.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Joseph Glucksman and another to Louis Simon for investment the four-story double brick business building, on plot 26.8 by 100, known as 5,811-13 Fifth Avenue. Also for Mrs. Annie Murphy to a client for investment the two-story and basement two-family limestone dwelling, on plot 20 by 100, known as 519 Fifty-fourth Street, and for Henry Von Glahn to a builder for improvemenrt the four lots, size 80 by 100, on the north side of Fifty-seventh Street, 350 feet west of Sixteenth Avenue.

The Meister & Bache Realty Co. have purchased 381 Baltic Street, a three-story front and rear tenement, on a plot 25 by 100.

$600,000 Auto Factory for L. I. City.

Plans were filed yesterday by the General Vehicle Company for the foundation for a six-story brick factory, 75 by 327, on Starr Avenue, corner of Beaver Street, Long Island City, which is to cost $50,000. It is estimated by the company that the foundation and six-story superstructure will cost $400,000.

Two six-story wings will be subsequently added, bringing the entire cost of the structure up to $600,000. It is the intention of the company to make this the main manufacturing plant for their big output of auto trucks for all the Eastern section of the country.

Record in Building Values.

Plans were filed with the Building Bureau of Queens last week calling for operations to the value of $603,415. This established a record for the midsummer.

There were 133 applications for new buildings of an estimated value of $543,130; twenty-one applications for alterations of an estimated value of $11,635, and eighty applications for building permits of a value of $48,600.

Among those who obtained permits were Jacob Erback, who will erect sixteen two-story brick dwellings on Summerfield Street, east of Forest Avenue, Ridgewood, at a cost of $64,000; the D. H. Construction Company, which will erect four two-and-a-half-story frame dwellings on Minnesota Avenue, south of Wyoming Avenue, Jamaica, at a cost of $10,000; Fred Haas & Co., who will erect eight two-story brick dwellings on Waverly Place north of Hillside Avenue, Jamaica, at a cost of $40,000, and the Arverne Construction Company, which will erect five two-and-a-half-story frame dwellings on Clarence Avenue north of Morris Avenue, Arverne, at a cost of $20,000.

Six New Fire Houses.

The Fire Department of the City of New York will close bids at 10:30 A. M. tomorrow for the construction of six fire houses in various locations in Greater New York. The locations are as follows: (1) Southwest corner of Seneca Avenue and Faile Street, Bronx; (2) Nelson Avenue and 166th Street, Bronx; (3) Seventy-ninth Street, near Twelfth Avenue, Brooklyn; (4) Bristol Street, near Blake Avenue, Brooklyn; (5) Fifth Avenue, near Newport Avenue, Rockaway Park; (6) Oakley Avenue, near Belmont Avenue, Woodhaven, Queens.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesrooms, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

BY JOSEPH P. DAY.

Pinehurst Av, 40 to 54, n w corner of 179th St, 200.8 to 180th St x 100, four five-story flats; Henry Heil against Rountree Realty Construction Co.; Bogart & Bs., attorneys; P. J. Dunn, referee; subject to prior mortgages and interest amounting to $258,000; due, $801; right, title, &c., which defendant had on Dec. 15, 1911, or since; to George H. Storm, n party in interest.

43d St, 305 to 309 East, n s, 100 ft e of 2d Av, 75x100.5, five-story loft building and two-story brick rear stable; Guardian Trust Co. against American Mineral Water Machine Co. and others; Barber, M. & E., attorneys, &c.; William Klein, referee; due, $47,611; taxes, &c., $7,430; subject to first mortgage of $40,000; adjourned to Sept. 11.

AT 3208 THIRD AVENUE.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

140th St, 902 East, n s, 100 ft w of Locust Av, 20x100, two-story tenement and store and one-story frame building; G. B. Lowerre, trustee, against A. M. Jones and others; R. K. Brown, attorney; P. J. Dobson, referee; due, $2,244; taxes, &c., $158; adjourned to Sept. 4.

By J. H. Mayers.

Arthur Av, 2,372, n e corner of 186th St, 25x85.3x25x85.4, vacant; Julia Gleason against Joseph Schnurer and others; E. F. Moran, attorney; E. A. Acker, referee; due, $3,794; taxes, &c., $1,350; to the plaintiff for $5,800.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Edgecombe Av, s w corner of 159th St, for a five-story tenement, 25x94.5; D. Coffey, 166th St and Amsterdam Av, owner; F. J. Schefick, Park Av and 176th St, architect; cost, $30,000.

216th St, n s, 125 ft w of Laconia Av, for a two-story brick dwelling, 20x50; Dominick Delo, 22 Leroy St, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Southern Boulevard, w s, 122.37 ft n of Wilkins Av, for a one-story brick theatre, 80.18x126.42; William T. Sullivan, 1,182 West Farms Road, owner; Norman Lederer, 1,451 Southern Boulevard, architect; cost, $12,000.

177th St, n w corner of Southern Boulevard, for a one-story frame shed, 40x17; Fritz Schroeder, 1,961 Southern Boulevard, owner; Franz Wolfgang, 535 East 177th St, architect; cost, $300.

Eastchester Road, e s, 75 ft n of Chester St, for a two-story frame store and dwelling, 22x48; H. H. Isch, Williamsbridge, owner; P. Gillis Fitzpatrick, 3,755 Barnes Av, architect; cost, $4,000.

Bush St, s s, 32.56 ft e of Creston Av, for two two and one-half story and attic frame dwellings, 22x39; Frank A. Schorer, 2,019 Jerome Av, owner; J. J. Vreeland, 2,019 Jerome Av, architect; total cost, $13,000.

Muliner Av, w s, 183.32 ft n of Neil Av, for a two and one-half story frame dwelling, 20.6x29; Moran, Hahn & Moran, 700 Morris Park Av, owners; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Muliner Av, w s, 258.32 ft n of Neil Av, for a two and one-half story frame dwelling, 20.6x29; Moran, Hahn & Moran, 700 Morris Park Av, owners; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Williamsbridge Road, e s, 1,671 ft s of Bronx and Pelham Parkway, for a one-story frame dwelling, 16x48; Giuseppe Falasco, 1,831 Eastchester Road, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $500.

Exterior St, e s, 294 ft s of 138th St, for a two-story frame stable, 18x100; B. L. Eaton, on premises, owner; Koppe & Daube, 830 Westchester Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

Kelly St, n s, 105 ft e of Avenue St. John, for a five-story brick school, 200x91; City of New York, owner; C. B. J. Snyder, 500 Park Av, architect; cost, $255,000.

Fieldstone Road, w s, 87 ft s of Faraday Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x46; Mary and Catherine Canavan, 51 Linden St, Yonkers, owners; William Greenless, 420 East 238th St, architect; cost, $4,000.

Lorillard Place, w s, 47.98 ft s of 188th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 32.66x78; Flavins Improvement Company, Salvatore Fasany, 663 Crescent Av, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $25,000.

Fieldstone Road, w s, 87 ft s of Faraday Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 21x46; Mary and Catherine Canavan, 51 Linden St, Yonkers, owners; William Greenless, 420 East 238th St, architect; cost, $4,000.

Lorillard Place, w s, 47.98 ft s of 188th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 32.66x78; Flavins Improvement Company, Salvatore Fasany, 663 Crescent Av, President, owner; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $25,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

Broadway, n e corner of 34th St, to an eleven-story office building; W. R. H. Martin, Trus, 1,328 Broadway, owner; Townsend, Steinle & Haskell, 1,328 Broadway, architects; cost, $5,000.

5th Av, n w corner of 34th St, to a four-story bank, offices, and store; Columbia-Knickerbocker Trust Co., premises, owner; McKim, Mead & White, 160 5th Av, architects; cost, $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 28.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, 466, w s, 27.6x100; Hermina Meier to Hermina C. Young and another, 466 Amsterdam Av, all liens, Aug. 23; attorney, C. V. O. Hughes, 322 West 42d St. $100

CHARLTON ST, 126, s s, 18.16x51.10; Eliz. V. Kirk to Timothy McCarthy, 126 Charlton St, B. & S., Aug. 28; attorney, William E. Cook, 309 Broadway $1

HOUSTON ST, s w corner of Mangin St, 20x75; Ferdinand Frese to Mary Gottehrer, 503 East Houston St, (mtg $8,000,) Aug. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

St. NICHOLAS AV, 702, e s, 19x110; Charles D. Ward to Ada D. Ward, his wife, 702 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $12,000,) Aug. 24; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $1

1ST AV, 413, w s, 27.9x100; George L. Lewis, referee, to Daniel Brubacher, 6 Union Square East, Aug. 24; foreclose Aug. 22; attorneys, Déyo & B., 111 Broadway $25,000

1ST AV, 413, w s, 27.9x100; Joseph H. Adams, referee, to same, Aug. 27; foreclose Aug. 22; attorneys, same $25,000

2D AV, 1,381, w s, 25x72; Peter J. Schneider to Theresa M., wife of Christopher Gitzen, 211 East 71st St, (mtg $15,000 and all liens,) Aug. 20; attorneys, Gross & S., 309 Broadway $100

24TH ST, 407 East, n s, 25x98.9; Vigilant Land and Security Co. to Charles W. Adank, 40 Thomas St, Newark, N. J., (mtg $22,000,) Aug. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $1

23TH ST, 203 West, n s, 18.8x88.9; Sarah M. Chapman and others, individually and administratrix of Joseph T. Chapman, to Thomas J. Mullin, 304 East 88th St, (mtg $20,000 and all liens,) Aug. 26; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1,000

SAME PROPERTY; Thomas J. Mullin to Graphic Arts Realty Co., a corporation, 419 Lafayette St, (mtg $20,000,) Aug. 27; attorney, same $100

26TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; Frances L. Stewart to James P. Mack, 162 West 85th St, (mtg $20,000 and all liens,) Aug. 27; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

69TH ST, n s, 145 ft w of 3d Av, 25x105.5; Louisa L., wife, and John T. Williams to J. Harvey Ladew, 813 Madison Av, all title, 1-3 part, B. & S., Aug. 17; address party of the second part, 103 Park Av $1

122D ST, n s, 171.4 ft e of 1st Av, 16.8x100.11; Henry Wiegand to Dora Wiegand, his wife, 411 East 122d St, quitclaim, Aug. 27; attorney, H. H. Glass, 51 Chambers St. $1

127TH ST, 370 West, n s, 25x99.11; Henry Wiegand to Dora Wiegand, his wife, 411 East 122d St, quitclaim, Aug. 27; attorney, H. H. Glass, 51 Chambers St. $1

132D ST, 51 to 55 West, n s, 50.99.11, (foreclosure Aug. 26;) John F. O'Ryan, referee, to Sigmund Aahner, 1,058 Coney Island Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $45,000 and all liens,) Aug. 26; attorneys, Goldfogle, C. & L., 271 Broadway $7,500

134TH ST, n s, 275 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Mary J. Hughes to Matilda Kress, 2,184 5th Av, (mtg. $10,500,) Aug. 22; attorney, Philip A. Payton, jr., Co., 67 West 134th St. ..$100

136TH ST, s s, 136.2 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 36.8x99.11; Charles D. Ward to Ada D. Ward, his wife, 702 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $40,000,) Aug. 24; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $1

146TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Broadway, 50x99.11; Charles D. Ward to Ada D. Ward, his wife, 702 St. Nicholas Av, (mtg $55,000,) Aug. 24; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. ..$1

Bronx.

CAULDWELL AV, w s, 415 ft w of 161st St, 18x100; Ehrhardt Christlein to Johanna Christlein, 919 Cauldwell Av, July 16; attorney, William Carl, 99 Nassau St. $1

DALY AV, 1,985, w s, 31.4x80; Robert J. Moorehead to Hattie V. Schumacher, 530 West 153d St, July 30, (mtg $17,000;) attorney, C. Edward Schumacher, 530 West 153d St. $100

HUGHES AV, 2,538, e s, 14.2x87.6; Mary Laub to Kilian Schurger, 87 Foxhall St, Brooklyn, Aug. 26, (mtg $2,500;) attorneys, B. Grennewich & Son, 194 Forest Av, Brooklyn. ...$1

LOTS 172 and 173, amended map Adee Park; George B. Seyfarth to William Duerr, 627 Courtlandt Av, (mtg $2,400,) March 23, 1900; address 627 Courtlandt Av. $100

ROCK ST, s s, 150 ft e of Hill St, 50x154.6; Marion D. Collyer to Grace C. Whitehall, Chelsea-on-Hudson, N. Y., June 14; attorneys, McLoughlin & M., 309 Broadway $100

SIMPSON ST, 1,057 to 1,061, w s, 87.6x100; Frederick R. Yerxa to Frederick G. Mathison, Los Angeles, Cal., June 17, (mtg $70,000;) address Los Angeles, Cal. $100

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 175x —; Henry Morgenthau Company to Lockwhit Company, 630 Falle St, Aug. 21; attorney, Charles W. Graham, 630 Falle St $100

134TH ST, n s, 408.4 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 16.8x100; Matilda A. Walace to William H. Post, at Ogdensburg, N. Y., July 22; attorney, George M. Brooks, 141 Broadway. $1

148TH ST, 337 ft w of St. Ann's Av, 37.6x84.9; Charles S. Bloch to Henry Speltz, 33 Sutton Place, July 8; attorneys, Grant & Rouss, 99 Nassau St. $100

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, corner Wilkins Av, circular space in front of cafe; John Bastone to John Santis, 1,143 Intervale Av, 5 years from May 1, 1911; attorney, M. Golferbier, 13 to 21 Park Row. $264

26TH ST, 515 to 519 West, fifth, sixth, and seventh floors; Harris H. Uris to Smith & Uhlig, corporation, 540 West 22d St, 10 years from April 1, 1912; attorney, William R. Hill, 141 Broadway. $4,500

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

HOUSTON ST, s w corner of Mangin St, 20x75; Mary Gottehrer to Frank Brewery, Cypress Av and Willow St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $8,500, Aug. 27, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $3,883

SAME PROPERTY; same to Ferdinand Frese, 528 Neck Road, Brooklyn, Aug. 27, due, &c.

$2 per bond; attorney, A. J. Westermayer, 90 Nassau St. $1,500

SHERMAN AV, n w s, 100 ft s w of Isham St, 75x180; Sherman Av Construction Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, June 24, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow, 15 Wall St. $80,000

2D AV, 939 and 941, 44.5x80; Herman Brill to Jacob M. Sterngold, 629 West 135th St, March 25, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Myers & G., 100 Broadway $3,000

10TH AV, 413, 24.9x75; Sarah Gluck to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, Aug. 28, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $20,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, Aug. 28, prior mtg $20,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys same $1,500

22D ST, 263 West; William L. Sutphin to Hy L. Goodwin, 204 West 92d St, due as per note, Feb. 21; address, 170 Broadway. $2,000

24TH ST, 407 East, 25x98.9; Charles W. Adank to Title Guarantee & Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Aug. 27, due as per bond. $7,000

25TH ST, 203 West, 18.8x88.9; Thomas J. Mullin to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Aug. 27, due as per bond...$16,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Sarah M. Chapman, administratrix, Freeport, L. I., prior mtg $16,000, 5 years, Aug. 27; attorney, A. Wilson, 154 Nassau St. $5,000

26TH ST, n s, 125 ft e of 8th Av, 25x98.9; James P. Mack to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Aug. 27, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $23,000

30TH ST, s s, 180 ft w of 8th Av, 22x98.9; Maria S. Simpson to United States Trust Co., 45 Wall St, Aug. 28, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St. $13,000

33D ST, n s, 161 ft w of 8th Av, 21x98; Anna L. Realty to Bank of Long Island, Jamaica, L. I., Aug. 23, (mtg $18,000,) demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, William C. Orr, 51 Chambers St. $3,000

38TH ST, 137 and 141 East, n s, 65x—; Cornelius Gallagher to James Tregarthen, 241 Hancock St, Brooklyn, N. Y., prior mtg $75,000, Aug. 15, due as per bond; attorneys, Alexander & Ash, 92 William St. $23,000

87TH ST, 138 West, 20x100.8; Francis E. Laimbeer to Jennie V. Daytin, Stuyvesant, N. Y., May 20, 1903, due as per bond..$18,000

127TH ST, 370 West, 25x99.11; Henry Wiegand to Bertha R. Ober, 321 West 138th St, prior mtg $18,500, Aug. 27, due as per bond; attorneys, Parker, D., W. & W., 84 Nassau St. $3,000

129TH ST, 62 East, s s, 24.4x99.11; Katharine or Kate E. Van Valin to Susan E. Blodgett, 140 West 72d St, and another, Aug. 27, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $14,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Betty Bowman, Mount Morris Av, White Plains, prior mtg $14,000, Aug. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. M. Thompson, White Plains, N. Y..$1,000

Bronx.

CARROLL ST, n s, at land of Jacob Brady, runs n 110x e 50x s 110x w 50; William Garner to Peter Olten, 1,321 Clinton Av, Aug. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Smith & F., 485 East 149th St. $2,000

CONCORD AV, 355, 20x100; Brigida Lo Monte to Howard T. Cole, 906 St. John's Pl, Brooklyn, (prior mtg $6,500,) due as per bond, Aug. 20; attorneys, Menken Brothers, 37 Nassau St. $500

CONCORD AV, 355, 20x100; Brigida Lo Monte to August Bay, 698 Melrose Av, Aug. 26, (prior mtg $5,000,) 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway. $1,500

LOT 642, map of Lohbauer Park; Mary F. McGrail to Alice V. Conklin, 1,451 Minford Pl, July 27, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Frank Gass, Inc., Westchester. $300

LOTS 471 and 472, Block P, amended map of Mapes estate; Marie Kuzelman to Henrietta Beck, 1,785 Bathgate Av, Aug. 28, (prior mtg $4,000,) due as per bond. $500

LOTS 13 and 14, map of 120 lots of Daily estate; Ike Melnik to Victoria D'Andrea, 1,719 Garfield St, Aug. 6, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, Charles H. Baschlar, 1,126 Walker Av. ..$800

VYSE AV, n e corner of 172d St, 50x100; Mondschein & Co. to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Aug. 27, due as per bond; address, 200 Broadway. $40,000

WALES AV, e s, 75 ft s w of Pontiac St, 25x104; Michael Aiuti to Annie Maxwell, 895 East 167th St, Aug. 27, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

WASHINGTON AV, n s, 180 ft w of Main St, 80x100; Charles L. Sanial to Louise E. Knupfer, 122 Horton St, City Island, N. Y., 10 years, Aug. 8. ..... $2,000

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 237.6 ft s of Tiffany St, 37.6x100; same to same, prior mtg $92,000, 2 years, 6 p. c., Aug. 21; attorney, same. .$5,000

WHITLOCK AV, e s, 100 ft s of Tiffany St, 37.6x—; Lockwhit Co. to City Mortgage Co., 15 Wall St, Aug. 27, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. A. Snow. $92,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Henry Morgenthau Co., 165 Broadway, Aug. 21, prior mtg $92,000, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 165 Broadway. $8,000

WILKINS PLACE, e s, 1,360, 25x94; Abraham Feinblatt to Manhattan Mortgage Co., 200 Broadway, Aug. 26, due as per bond; address, 200 Broadway. $8,000

157TH ST, n s, 430.10 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 28x107.6; Brady-Blackbourne Co. to William H. Brearley, Orange, N. J., Aug. 28, 3 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $15,000

187TH ST, n s, 19.10 ft e of Belmont Av, 40.8x —; Nicoletta Crischolo and another to Scotch Presbyterian Church in City of New York, 2 and 8 West 96th St, Aug. 25, 5 years; attorney, Hy. F. Miller, 44 Pine St. $12,500

MECHANICS' LIENS.

LENOX AV, w s, 75.11 ft n of 121st St, 25x100; Louis Roskin against Bernhard Goldman and Bertha Bertnick, owner; J. Braunstein & Co., contractors $539

2D ST, s w corner of 2d Av; Adolph E. Lowental against George B. Johnson, owner, (renewal) $470

297TH ST, 128 West; John F. Evans against Geraldine M. Brosseau, owner and contractor $639

40TH ST, 15 and 17 East; New Jersey Clay Products Co. against Lillia Babbitt Hyde and Clarence M., owners; H. H. Oddie, Inc., contractor $1,606

120TH ST, 56 East; United Plumbing Supply Co. against John Doe, owner; Leo L. Wolins, contractor $151

130TH ST, n s, 275 ft w of Broadway, 75x99.11; J. Kresse Co. against Louis Strauss, owner; Irwin M. Bock & Co., contractor. $3,150

130TH ST, 617 to 621 West; John P. Levins against Louis Strauss, owner; Irving M. Bock & Co., contractor $600

131ST ST, 601 West; Louis J. Shapiro against Lee T. Alton, owner; upper West Side Launderers' Co., contractor $200

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

ARLINGTON AV, e s, 300 ft n of 227th St; Harry Rosenbaum Iron Works against Edgehill Terrace Co. and others, Aug. 19, 1912. $100

23D ST, 115 and 117 East; J. F. Murphy Lumber Co. against East 23d Street Corporation and others, Aug. 14, 1912, (by bond). $471

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACT.

VYSE AV, n e corner of 172d St, 50x100; Manhattan Mortgage Co. loans Mondschein & Co. $40,000

LIS PENDENS.

BROADWAY, s e corner of 163d St, 99.11x100; George S. Runk against Tomahawk Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. P. Hummel.

COMMONWEALTH AV, 1,440; Meta Homann against Martha Hueubener and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. P. Lahm.

CROTON AQUEDUCT, s w corner of Fordham Road, 88.11x118.8; Richard E. Thibaut, Inc., against Juliette Construction Co. and others, (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorneys, Philbin, Beekman, Menken & Griscom.

DECATUR AV, e s, 80 ft n of Woodlawn Road, 50x120; Alice E. Keller against Annie D'Ambra, (notice of levy;) attorney, J. Sapinsky.

LOT 3, Block 2, map of section 1 of Bathgate estate, Bronx; Hester J. Morrison against Vincenzo Palmieri and others, (foreclosure two mortgages;) attorneys, Matthies & Eisner.

PARKER AV, e s, 237.8 ft s of Castle Hill Av, 50x100; Diene Geissel against S. Alvin Piza and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. T. Matthies.

RUTHERFORD PL, 1; Howard Willets and others against David D. Jennings and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. L. Hall.

3D AV, s w corner of 183d St, 94x58; Theodore C. Wood against Pocano Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Phillips & Avery.

5TH AV, 74 and 75; City Real Estate Co. against Roscorn Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, H. Swain.

11TH ST, 521 East; Joseph L. Buttenwieser against Jacob Janos and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, M. S. & I. S. Isaacs.

153D ST, 419 and 421 East; Greenwich Mortgage Co. against Belwood Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. S. Boriand.

153D ST, 415 and 417 East; Greenwich Mortgage Co. against Louis Realty Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. S. Borland.

205TH ST, s w s, 59.8 ft n w of Perry Av, 59.8x78.10± irregular; Warren B. Sammis against Clara S. Dean and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. B. Sammis.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

THEODORE STARRETT COMPANY
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION
103 Park Ave. New York

THE GEORGE A. JUST CO.
STEEL CONSTRUCTION
LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y.
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Reduce Plumbing Bills
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18-foot 3-story West End Av. dwelling; excellent condition; vicinity 90th St.; price $24,000; terms easy. W. E. Finn, 165 Broadway.

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SPLENDIDLY ARRANGED private house for sale; 10 rooms, 2 baths; one fine street; terms reasonable. A 15 Times.

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$1,000 In Your Pocket
$1,000 cold cash sliced off builder's price on 42 splendid one-family Easy Housekeeping Homes, right in the heart of aristocratic Flatbush. No such opportunity anywhere else in Brooklyn.
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Can You Pay $35 a Month and Own a Beautiful Home?
KONKLE'S ONE-FAMILY HOUSES.
Detached stucco and frame, 7 rooms, foyer hall, and bath; hardwood trim; hot-water heat; houses 22x30, plot 30x100. Prise $5,100.
Take Sea Beach L to 18th Ave. Station; houses on 63d St., half block from station; 30 minutes to Park Row.
KONKLE, Owner and Builder, on premises.

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FEW VERY CHOICE HOUSES AT
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For sale at prices ranging from $4,500 to $6,500. Terms easy. City water, gas, stone walks and gutters paid for. Agent at terminus of Morris Park street car line. These houses are new and very attractive among many large trees.

MUST SELL 4-story 4-family house, with private garage, room for 5 machines; 1 block from Prospect Av. Subway Station.
WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE.
Brokers protected. Alexander Selkin, 882 Prospect Av.

Good Chance for Builder.
Entire block choicest part of Westchester Av.; at a low price to quick buyer. R. H. Scobie, cor. 3d Av. and 149th St.

For Sale.—A plot of 2½ acres in the Westchester Country Club's grounds, Eastern Boulevard, near Pelham Bay Park and proposed Subway Terminal. Address X 167 Times.

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WATER FRONT VILLA SITE.
and 6-room house in the most beautiful section of Long Island; overlooking Long Island Sound; all improvements; water, sidewalks, gas, electric lights, and sewers; only 23 minutes when improvements on R. R. are completed next October. Houses $4,000 and up; can be purchased on payment $200 cash; balance to suit yourself. Fine yacht club; dock and bathing beach on the property, purchaser of home or land having privilege of same; ideal spot for all-year home. Have also some very fine lots and plots which can be purchased on very easy terms. Titles perfect.
Water Front, 243 West 34th St.

A REAL BARGAIN.
$3,950. Beautiful detached cottages, seven rooms, butler's pantry and bath. Steam heat; electric light and gas. Five-cent fare to New York. Three minutes to water and trolley. Take Flushing car at Queensboro Bridge; ride twenty minutes, asking for McKinley St., Corona; walk about 1,500 feet to right from trolley. Agent on property, Elliott Manor, or address W. J. Hardgrove, Bridge Plaza, Long Island City.

$475 Jamaica Lots
176 lots, south side of Lincoln Av., between Allen St. and Van Wyck Av.; walking distance from Pennsylvania station. You can make big money by building small houses and selling to Greeks, Italians and other foreigners, who are rapidly forming colonies in Jamaica. Make an offer for this tract.
JAMES R. SPEERS, 38 Park Row.

Handsome House, Water Front
rights; sandy bathing beach and boathouse; beautiful 8-room house; every improvement; large plot; hardwood trim, etc.; hot-water heat; gas, electric; 10 blocks from station; 25 minutes out; $35 a month, with a very small first payment, buys it. C. Mason, 41 Times Downtown.

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DOUGLAS MANOR, L. I.
For Sale—Three houses just completed situated on high elevation; plots 60x125; 4 minutes walk from station, and convenient to bathing and boating, for information write to Louis Wistoft, builder, 16th St., Flushing, L. I. Telephone 2043 Flushing. Also houses at Kissena Park, Flushing.

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For Sale, Rent, or Exchange.
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Desirable Houses for Sale or Rent.
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New Rochelle, N. Y. real bargain in one of our finest neighborhoods; new concrete house just completed; 9 rooms, 2 baths, hot-water heat, gas, electricity; sleeping porch; large plot. Price $9,350.
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Fine houses, frame or stucco, all improvements, lawn and garden plots; convenient to Harlem Railroad Station; $8,500 to $18,000; $100 cash, balance monthly.
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COTTAGE WANTED.
with all conveniences; for September and October; at or near the seashore, within 25 or 30 miles of New York. Answer, stating description, number of rooms, &c. ATTORNEY, 206 Times Downtown.

Wanted—From 5 to 50 acres, in or near lower Berkshires, preferably reached via Harlem; must have elevation of 1,000 feet and be near lake or river; partly wooded; good springs; no mosquitoes; with or without cottage. Fox, 240 East 138th St.

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3 to 10 Rooms. At Reasonable Rentals.

A high standard will be maintained in the management of these properties, with a competent superintendent residing on the premises, courteous and experienced uniformed attendants in constant service day and night.

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112 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Two apartments on a floor.
8 and 9 rooms, $1,600.

"Irving Arms" (Corner 94th St.)
222 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
7-story fireproof building. Vacuum cleaning. Corner apartment. 9 rooms and 3 baths; southern exposure; $1,800. 8 and 9 rooms, 3 baths, $1,200 to $1,700.

SHORE VIEW (Near 116th St.)
448 RIVERSIDE DRIVE
12-story fireproof building, 2 apartments on a floor, 6, 8 and 9 large, light rooms, 2 bathrooms and foyer.
RENT $1,200 to $1,900

"Cathedral Court" & "Park View"
229 & 235 WEST 110TH ST.
Opposite Central Park.
One block from Subway and "L."
7 outside rooms and 2 baths. Rent $950.

"Concord Hall" (N. E. Cor. 119th St.)
468 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
9-story fireproof building, corner apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths, overlooking Grant's Tomb; rent $1,700. Also 7, 8 and 9 rooms, from $1,200 to $1,900.

"Cherbourg" (Cor. Central Park West.)
1 WEST 92D ST.
2 blocks from "L" station. 3 blocks from Subway.
7-story modern building.
9-10 large rooms, $1,600 to $1,900.

"Elberon Hall" (Near 98th St.)
885 CENTRAL PARK WEST.
Two apartments on a floor.
8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,400.

"Springfield" (Corner 125th St.)
130 CLAREMONT AVENUE,
One Block West of Broadway.
Corner apartment of 7 rooms and bath, southern exposure, rent $900. 5, 6 and 7 rooms, from $600 to $800 a year.

"The Marquette" (Near Amst. Av.)
417-421 WEST 120TH ST.
5 and 6 rooms, excellent light, $600 to $800.

"Norman Court"
522 AND 530 WEST 136TH ST.
1 block from Subway.
All outside rooms.
4-5-6 rooms and bath, $480 to $750.

"Yorktown Court"
Cor. Fort Washington av and 162d St.
1 block west of B'way. Elegant location.
3-5-6-7 rooms, with every improvement.
Rent $400 to $800 per annum.

"Halcyon Hall" (Near St. Nicholas Av.)
408 WEST 150TH ST.
5-6 rooms, $40 to $46 per month.

"Kendal Court" (Near Broadway.)
517 WEST 111TH ST.
4 rooms, $45; 6 rooms, $65; 7 rooms, $75.

"Blennerhasset" (Near Broadway.)
507 WEST 111TH ST.
5 rooms, $45; 7 rooms, $75.

Apply Superintendent on premises, or

McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.

444 Columbus Avenue, Near 81st St. Telephone 9282 Schuyler.

HUSTON & SPRAKER COMPANY

MADISON AVENUE and 45TH ST.
TELEPHONE—8180 BRYANT

THE UMBRIA,
West End Avenue and 82d Street, Northwest Corner.
A twelve-story, fireproof and soundproof building. Rooms of very liberal dimensions, many having view over Hudson. Cedar lined closets. Service elevator, steam clothes dryer and other latest conveniences. 7 and 9 rooms, with 2 and 3 baths.
Rents, $2,300 & $2,700.

CLARENDON,
605-9 West 112th Street,
Bet. Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Unusually large rooms; southern exposure; 6 and 7 rooms and bath.
Rents, $780 to $1,200.

THE WENONAH,
523 West 112th Street,
Near Broadway.
Sleeping rooms grouped. Extra closets; 5 and 7 rooms; 1 and 2 baths.
Rents, $720 to $1,300.

THE CAMPOLYN,
521 West 112th Street,
Near Broadway.
No long hall. Extra lavatories and closets; 5, 6 and 7 rooms; 1 and 2 baths.
Rents, $720 to $1,300.

MARANAMAY,
611-17 West 112th Street,
Near Riverside Drive.
Exceptionally large rooms; southern exposure; 6 and 7 rooms and bath.
Rents, $780 to $1,200.

THE
PRASADA
50 Central Park West
Corner 65th Street.
12-Story Fireproof Building.
Suites of 8-9-10 Rooms,
2 and 3 Baths.
Rentals from $2,500 to $3,800
including Refrigeration.
Manager on Premises.

THE
CORNWALL
Northwest Corner
Broadway & 90th St.,
New 12-story fireproof building with every modern convenience.
9 & 10 Rooms
2 & 3 Baths
Rents $2200 to $2400
PER ANNUM.
Renting Agent on Premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 WEST 72D STREET.
Telephone 7240 Columbus.

Strictly **MILANO** Fireproof.
127 West 58th St.—8 rooms and bath; special maid's bathroom; service elevator; convenient to 6th Av. "L" terminal station and to Central Park; outside rooms; all improvements; phone; $2,000.

REVERE HALL,
622 W. 114th, Near Riverside Drive.—6 and 7 rooms and bath; maid's toilet; light, sunny rooms, elevator, all improvements; 'phone; $800 to $1,000.

IRVINGTON,
407 C. P. West, (100th St.)—8 large rooms and bath, 7th floor, overlooking Park; large, light rooms; all improvements; $1,140.

CARROLLTON,
601 W. 168th, (Opposite Subway Station.)—5-6-7 rooms, bath; light rooms, large closets, elevator; all improvements; Resident Agent; $690 to $1,000.

COURTWOOD,
600 W. 169th, Cor. B'way.—Elevator house, all improvements; 5-6-7 rooms, bath; 'phone; 24-hour service; $510 to $1,020.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.
'Phone 1300 River.

To lease with possession
38-44 W. 21st ST.
Store & Basement 67x92.
4th loft 67x92.
Steam Heat and Elevator Service on Sundays.

121-125 W. 17th ST.
Store & Basement 75x92 each.

28-30-32 W. 22nd ST.
Store, base., 1st and 4th lofts 33x100.
Also lofts 25x100, 50x100.
Office and salesrooms with skylight.
NO MANUFACTURING IN THE LAST-NAMED BUILDINGS. WILL MAKE CONCESSION TO GOOD TENANTS.
L. SACHS, 28 W. 22d St.
Full commission to brokers.

CENTRAL PARK
APARTMENT BUILDINGS
7th Av., 58th & 59th Sts.
(Navarro Apartments).
One Large Corner Apartment with 5 Bathrooms. Smaller Ones with 2 and 3 Baths.
Most Centrally Located.
APPLY AT OFFICE,
175 WEST 58TH ST.

Central Park West
N. W. Cor. 86th St.
LIVINGSTON
A fireproof building of the finest type.
All the CONVENIENCES and luxuries of a first-class MODERN house.
Electric light included in rent.
Corner Apartments have southern and eastern exposure.
Convenient to all surface transportation, new "L" station at Columbus Av. corner.
9 large, light rooms and 2 and 3 baths, $2,250 to $2,500.
Apply to Owner on premises.

SLAWSON & HOBBS
162 West 72d St., near Broadway.
Renting Dept. Tel. 7240 Col.

La Rochelle,
57 West 75th St., N. E. Corner Columbus Av.
Imposing modern fireproof building; extra large rooms; convenient to 72d St. "L" station and 72d St. Subway station.
7 rooms and bath,
$1,000 to $2,000.

The Antlers,
603 West 111th St.,
Between Broadway and Riverside Drive.
Two apartments on each floor; large, light rooms; convenient to 110th St. Subway station; fireproof.
7 rooms, 2 baths.
$1,400 to $1,500.

A.—THE ADRIAN—A.
58 WEST 72D ST., CORNER.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; butler's pantry; parquet floors; night and day elevator service; rent $1,200-$1,500; convenient to all transportation lines. Inquire Superintendent, on premises.

The Ackerly, 241 West 101st St.
Eight extra large rooms and two baths; modern in every respect; rents, $1,400 to $1,600. C. SCHWEGLER, 2,507 BROADWAY.

TO SUBLET.—158 WEST 58TH ST. Seven rooms and two baths; unfurnished; rent $1,200. See Supt. on premises.

F. R. WOOD
W. H. DOLSON CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. 80th ST.
THE BARNARD,
NO. 106 CENTRAL PARK WEST,
CORNER 71ST ST.
Very Choice Apartments,
6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 rooms and 2 baths,
RENTS $1,300 TO $2,500, including refrigeration.
THE STERLING AND CARLYLE,
76 WEST 86TH ST.
S. E. CORNER COLUMBUS AV.
Subway and Elevated Stations at 86th St. All west side trolleys convenient. Each Apartment has telephone connection.
Apartments 6, 7, 8 and 10 rooms.
RENTS $1,000 TO $2,200.

The Barrington
(New)
BROADWAY AND 81ST ST.
Modern Fire and Sound Proof Apartment.
3, 4, 5, 6 Rooms. 1 and 2 Baths.
Large Foyer. Occupancy Sept. 10. Only one block from elevated and two blocks from subway. Agents on premises.

56th St. & Broadway
Southeast Corner
8 rooms and bath, large and well arranged; especially convenient location. Rents $1,000 and $1,100. One corner apartment $1,700. See Superintendent, or
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

THE MILLARD
14 to 20 West 107th St. High class elevator apartments, 4-5-6-7 and 8 Rooms. Rents, $36 to $75. Best in New York at price.

Life Building Apartments
19-21 WEST 31ST ST.:
two to six rooms to lease from October 1; high ceilings and open fireplaces; meals served in apartments. WILLIAM HARVEY.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

Low Rents

"The Beauclere"
N. W. Cor. Broadway & 109th St.
7 large airy rooms with bath; every apartment has outside exposure; modern elevator; every convenience; $1,200.

"St. Francis Court"
N. E. Cor. 135th St. & Riverside Drive.
Beautiful and convenient location; elevator apartment house; 5 to 8 rooms; $45 to $100.

J. Romaine Brown Co.
105 West 40th St. Tel. 876 Bryant.

The Chautauqua
88th ST.
and West End Av.
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
New 12 Story Building
EXQUISITE APARTMENTS,
5, 6, 7 & 8 Extra Large Outside Rooms
& Foyers, 2 & 3 Baths; Rents $1,500 to $2600
Physicians' Desirable Ground Floor Apartments of 3, 4 & 6 Rooms, with Foyer
Owner or agent on premises.

The LORINGTON APARTMENTS
Central Park West at 70th St.
This modern edifice excels in every detail of equipment and appointments, contributing to the comfort, convenience and safety of its occupants.
ITS WINDOWS OVERLOOK BEAUTIFUL CENTRAL PARK, PROVIDING AN ABUNDANCE OF LIGHT AND AIR AT ALL TIMES. SUITES OF 12 ROOMS AND 3 BATHS. SEND FOR FLOOR PLANS AND RENTAL CHARGES, OR CALL FOR PERSONAL INSPECTION. 'PHONE, 1930—COLUMBUS.
In Manhattan's Choicest Resident District. Resident Manager.

Lasanno Court
307 West 79th Street
Fireproof. Driveway Entrance. Passenger and Service Elevators. Vacuum Cleaner. Best of Service.
6 Rooms $1200 to $1500.
8 Rooms (2 baths) $1600 to $2200.

Ridgewood
N. E. Cor. of Broadway and 107th St.
Only Two Apartments to let from October 1st.
All Outside Rooms.
7 Rooms, $1300 to $1400.
George Rosenfeld of H. Morgenthau, Jr. & Co.
Tel. Cort. 1884. 95 Liberty St.

WINFIELD
207 West 56th Street
Between Broadway & Seventh Ave.
Modern Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms with 2 Baths
Extra Servants' Rooms, Day & Night Hallboy and Elevator Service.
$1440 TO $2000
Apply on premises or
MOORE & WYCKOFF,
546 Fifth Avenue, cor 45th St.
Telephone 1263 Bryant.

THE VANCOUVER,
314 West 94th St.
near Riverside Drive.
High class, elevator, with all improvements.
Front 7 extra large rooms, bath; extra lavatory...$1,050
Rear 6 extra large rooms and bath.....$600 to $840

THE BARFELDEN,
315 West 94th St.
High class, with all improvements.
Front Apt., 6 rooms and bath.....$48 to $55.00
Rear Apt., 5 rooms and bath..... 42.50

IVY COURTS
210-220-230 West 107th St. Adjoining Broadway.
FIVE, SIX, and SEVEN room apartments; to lease from Oct. 1; all modern improvements and conveniences, including ELECTRICITY, furnished from our own PLANT, at a very moderate COST; NO INTERIOR ROOMS; all LARGE and EXCEPTIONALLY BRIGHT; the CLOSETS are a particular feature; a home for refined people, who demand the BEST SERVICE and appreciate value.
Rents $660-$960 Per Year
Superintendent on premises.

Doctor's Apartment
Three Rooms and Bath.
Exceptional accommodations and service.
Hotel Devon Annex,
59 West 54th St.

Bachelor Apartments
Two and three rooms, with bath, furnished or unfurnished. Exceptional service. Valeting. Hot water. Apply to Supt. at
THE WESTERLY
101-107 West 54th St.
or CHAS. F. NOYES CO.,
71 WEST 23D ST.

The Sevilla Apartment Hotel, 117 West 58th St.
Apartment, 3 rooms and bath; also one of 2 rooms and bath, to lease, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st.

---

619 WEST 138TH ST.
16-room house, two baths, pantry extension; one block from Subway; $75 per month. Inquire A. H. ATTERBURY, 30 Broad St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
THE EVELYN,
101 WEST 78th STREET,
Opposite Museum of Natural History.
Non-Housekeeping Apartments. All Improvements, Elevator, Hall and Maid Service. Extension Telephone. Restaurant in Building.
ELECTRIC LIGHT FREE.
Physicians' Office. Two Rooms and Bath. $540 per annum.
Two Rooms and Bath, $540-$720.
Three Rooms and Bath, $600-$780.
Four Rooms and Bath, $1,200.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.
Telephone Schuyler 7043.

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140 West 71st Street
New Fireproof Apartments
10 Rooms Duplex, or
8 Rooms Simplex
and 3 Baths.
ALSO
Doctors' Offices and Doctors' Suites
APPLY ON PREMISES, OR
Allendale Building Co.
135 Broadway.

ORIENTA,
302-306 WEST 79TH ST.,
Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.
FIVE, SIX, and SEVEN room apartments to lease from October 1; modern fireproof building located on the west side's most FASHIONABLE street. Rooms exceptionally bright. Service and appointments good. Most desirable apartments on the west side renting for
$780-$1,300 Per Annum.
Superintendent on premises.

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
S. W. Corner Central Park West & 105th St. Desirable apartments, 7 large rooms, elevator and all modern conveniences; $720 to $1,200. J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 17 W. 42d St.

HUDSONIA,
79TH ST. AND RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
315-321 West.
6 and 7 rooms, Rents $900 to $1,200.

106th 65 West, (Central Park.)—6-7 large, light rooms, tiled baths, steam, hot water, private halls; modern, convenient to L & Sub. Also 5 rooms, bath, $17, bas'mt. **$34 up**

N. W. Cor. 70th St. and West End Av.
6 rooms, elevator apartment; $780 per annum.

West Side
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

The HAMPTONS
201-203 WEST 117TH ST.,
occupying Junction 117th St., Seventh and St. Nicholas Avs.
Completely Remodelled and Renovated Superior Service
7 and 8 Rooms and Bath
All Large and Light.
Rent from $900 to $1,100
Renting agent on premises.

Colonial & Edgecombe,
375-377 Edgecombe Av.
152d St., Washington Heights, near 6th Av. and 9th Av. L. Beautiful, unique location, overlooking Colonial Park.
Hall service, electric lights, shower baths, fine finish, etc.
5-6 rooms, $27-$37; concessions.

SMITHSONIAN
60 WEST 129TH STREET.
High-class apartments, 6, 7, 8 rooms and bath; every improvement, including elevator service; low rents, $600 to $780; convenient location for both "L" and Subway. Apply on premises or
ROBERT LEVERS,
376 Lenox Ave., Cor. 129th St.

5-6 ROOMS—All Night Elevators.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.

	RENTS
HAMPTON COURT, 121-141 WEST 140TH ST.	$30.00 TO $47.50
EDINBORO COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST.	
EARL'S COURT, 108 WEST 141ST ST.	

SUPT. ON PREMISES ALL TIMES.

THE CHESKNOLL
160TH ST., 500 WEST.
Five large rooms, exceptional arrangement; must be seen to be appreciated; hall, telephone service; tile bath; rents $33 and up; apply on premises, or agent, 507 5th Av. Telephone 5921 Bryant.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS & CO.,

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

WE offer you Modern Elevator Housekeeping Apartments with *Extra* Large, Light Rooms and Wide Private Halls. Open Courts facing the most picturesque Park in Manhattan. 3 minutes to 116th St. Exp. Sta. 6th & 9th Av. L. Central to all points. Restaurant in Building. Service optional. Rents $40 to $90. Folder showing plan mailed on request. H. C. Coleman. Tel. Morningside 3447.

MORNINGSIDE PARK
APARTMENTS
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms
Morningside Park East
118th to 119th Sts. West

Kingdale
Most Magnificent High Class
New Elevator Apartments
in this section.
515 W. 187th St.
Near Subway station, 191st St. and St. Nicholas Av.
6-7-8 Rooms, 1-2 Baths
Stands on high elevation, with attractive views of vicinity; apartments have all the very latest improvements, parquet floors and connecting bedrooms, with separate lavatories.
Rents Moderate
Resident management. Tel. 5548—Audubon

THE
ROXBURY
Southeast Corner
BROADWAY & 122D ST.
Fireproof Apartments.
5 & 6 Rooms & Bath.
$540 to $900 per annum.
Agent, on premises, or
WM. P. SHERIDAN,
Riverside Drive and 127th St.

JUST COMPLETED
Grand 7 Room Apart's
2 Baths.....$50 to $58
Two Apartments on a Floor.
Large, Sunny Outside Rooms.
611-615 West 176th St.
Near St. Nicholas Ave.
Convenient to 181st St. Subway.
Owner on Premises. Open Evenings.

REED HOUSE
BROADWAY AND 121ST ST.
6 ROOMS.....$720 to $840
7 ROOMS..... 840 TO 1,200
This property is held and managed by a private individual as a permanent investment.

ELSINORE
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
6 AND 7 ROOM SUITES,
RENTS $37.50 to $55
Unusually large, light, attractive.
ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.
Electric light, parquet flooring, all night service; telephone in every apartment.
502-504 W. 151st St. B'way.
ONE DOCTOR'S SUITE, 7 ROOMS.
Superintendent on premises.

THERESA
115 WEST 129TH ST.
Apartments of 4-5-6 rooms, every modern improvement, including elevator; all light rooms; convenient location; reasonable rent, $34 to $50. Inquire premises or
ROBERT LEVERS, 376 Lenox Ave.

BEST VALUE IN CITY
All improvements; all-night elevator service; convenient to all car lines and Subway.
6 rooms and bath.....$52.50
7 rooms and bath.....$57.50
THE ROSEMONT.
Superintendent, premises, 126a West 127th St.

THE ARGYLE
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
142 W. 131ST ST.
Seven all light rooms, all improvements; tel. service; rents $40-$55; tenants leasing now can make most favorable terms. Apply premises.

FOR RENT
CHOICE ELEVATOR APTS.
3-4-5-6-7 Rooms.
Rents $25 to $75.
THE NEHRING CO.,
1,278 St. Nicholas Ave., cor. 174th St.
90-92 Morningside Drive, cor. 121st St.

THE STERLING,
208-5 West 118th st., near 7th av.
Six and seven room Apartments; elevator, electric light; every modern improvement. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th. Telephone, 638—Lenox.

LAUREATE HALL
Amsterdam Av., N. W. Cor. 119th St.
2-3-4 ROOMS,
Kitchenettes and bath, $32.50 to $75.00.
Apply 420 W. 119th St., opp. Laureate Hall.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE,
547-553 West 147th St., near Broadway.
4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths.
High-class elevator apartments; moderate rentals; all modern improvements. Renting Representative on premises.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING, 2 ROOMS AND BATH
$30 and $32.50.
No. 421 Manhattan Av., corner 126th St.
Very attractive; immediate possession.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO., 17 W. 42d St.

Michigan, Illinois, Louisiana.
507-517 WEST 113TH ST.
Absolutely Fireproof High-Class Building.
4-5-6 Rooms, $540 to $900.

Attention, Elevator Apartments, $32-$45
The Manitou, 221 West 141st. (7th Av.) 4-6 large, modern rooms, tiled bath, continuous service; concessions, desirable tenants.

---

510 MANHATTAN AVE.,
corner 121st St. 7 large, light, airy rooms. Private hall. Every modern improvement. $37.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE CARLTON
157 East 81.
New fireproof elevator Apartments, six extra large rooms; tiled baths, with showers; separate maids' conveniences; $900; only a few remain; also one four-room Apartment, $720. Superintendent.

27-29 EAST 27TH ST.
A very desirable apartment of three rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat and electric light; rent low; possession now.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

---

728 THIRD AVE.
SECOND FLAT TO LET.
Seven extra large, light rooms and bath; rent only $34 per month.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
237 Lexington Av.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.
Hibson Co., 24th St. and Lexington Av.

---

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.)
Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent $70; references required.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE HAMILTON
N. E. Cor. Riverside Drive and 114th St.
A new 12-story fire and sound proof building now in course of construction.
5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 and 3 Baths
Rents $1,100 to $2,300
Every Room an Outside Room
Ready for occupancy September 15.
Large Rooms and Closets.
A House Beautiful Throughout.
Open for Inspection. Agent on premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
Tel. 7240—Columbus. 162 West 72d St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

NEW APARTMENTS

405 Park Avenue
Northeast Corner 54th Street
10 to 13 Rooms, 4 Baths. *Ready September 15th*
$4,200 to $6,000
One physician's apartment of 4 rooms and bath.

118 East 54th Street
Near Park Avenue
8, 9, 10 Rooms, 3 Baths. *Now Ready*
$2,500 to $3,300
One physician's apartment of 3 rooms and bath.
Now open for inspection. Over 70% rented. Leases from October 1. Light protected by ownership of adjoining property. Booklets and list of tenants accepted to date on application.
MOORE & WYCKOFF, Agents,
546 Fifth Avenue
CORNER FORTY-FIFTH STREET TELEPHONE 1263 BRYANT

Murray Hill Apartments
122-128 East 34th St.
Rents $1,200-$1,600.
All night service.
ALSO
LARGE DOCTOR'S APARTMENT.
624 Fifth Ave.,
S. W. Corner 50th St.
Large non-housekeeping apartment
6 rooms and 3 baths.
ALSO
Small Apartment,
2 rooms with bath.

The Berwyck
Bachelor Apartments
65-69 West 54th St.
Two rooms and bath.
Rent $60-$70.
WITH SERVICE.
Apply on premises or to
Herman L. R. Edgar
Tel. Cort. 4641. 31 Nassau Street.

HAVE YOU BEEN TO
MORNINGSIDE AVENUE EAST,
a neighborhood of refinement and beauty?
ROSEMOUNT WOODSIDE
63, 65 OR 72 MORNINGSIDE AV., 120TH ST.
5, 6 or 7 rooms. All improvements, hall and telephone service; $35 to $50.

THE TOWERS
BLOCK FRONT MORNINGSIDE AV.,
119th-120th Streets
6 or 7 rooms, bath; entirely renovated. Built for comfort and health. Corner apartments; all rooms on the street; rents $36 to $50.
Representative on premises, or agents,
507 Fifth Ave. Tel. 5921 Bryant.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS & CO.,

---

30 East 55th St.
Cor. Madison Ave.
Attractive Apartments
Two entire floors, Duplex, light on all sides, 10 bedrooms, 5 baths, kitchen, pantry, dining and living rooms; rent $11,000
Also 2 single apartments each entire floor, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths, kitchen, pantry, dining and living rooms; rents $5,500 and $5,200.
Inquire owner on premises or your broker

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments.
3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Chambermaid service.
RENTALS, $45, $55, and $65.
See Superintendent on Premises.

Strictly **NEW ENGLAND** Fireproof.
43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av.
7 rooms and 2 baths.....$1,100 to $1,500
2 and 3 rooms and bath.....$420 to $600
8 rooms, 3 baths, physician's Apartment...$1,800
All-night elevator, standard service.

PROSPECT HILL
1,370 Madison Av., Cor. 91st, 7 large rooms, bath, elevator; second floor, $800-$840.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

ARTHUR HALL,
N. E. CORNER 96TH ST. AND MADISON AV.
Modern high class elevator apartment house; large, light rooms, competent service.
Two 8 Room and Two 9 Room Apartments.
Immediate possession. Leases from October 1.
$1,300 to $1,700.
Superintendent on premises.

We have for rent many high-class apartments, elevator and non-elevator
"ALL OVER TOWN."
Call, write or 'phone us for full particulars.
BERLIN RENTING AGENCY
141 East 17th St.
'Phone Stuyvesant—3982.
Broadway, Cor. 162d St.
'Phone Audubon—7478.

Hollywood
S. E. cor. 94th St. and Madison Av.
BEAUTIFUL CORNER APARTMENTS
Eight large rooms and bath, modern improvements; all night elevator service Park view; moderate rent. Superintendent on premises.

THE HILLHURST
160 EAST 91ST STREET
LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS. TASTEFUL DECORATIONS. POLITE ATTENDANTS.
UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
TO LET; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
2 Rooms and bath, small inside.....$16 to $18.00
2 Rooms and bath, large outside.....$28 to $30.00
4 Rooms and bath, rear.....$33.00
5 Rooms and bath, front.....$30.00
3 Rooms and bath, suitable for physician or dentist, furnished or unfurnished; excellent opening for beginner; immediate practice in sight....$28 and $32.00
STEAM HEAT.
FIREPROOF BUILDING.
TWO OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATORS.
Night and day service.
MEALS SERVED IN HANDSOME DINING ROOM IF PREFERRED.

Payson McL. Merrill
481 Fifth Av. Tel. 7417 Bryant.
Offers for Rent the Following Apartments:

925 Park Ave	4 Rooms, $1,000. 11 Rooms, $4,500.
823 Park Ave	Twelve Rooms, $3,800 to $5,000.
636 5th Ave	Twelve Rooms, Rent, $9,500.
257 W. 86th St	3 Rooms, $1,000. 8 Rooms, $2,600.
130 E. 67th St	4 Rooms, $900.
140 W. 57th St	11 Rooms, $4,000. 8 Rooms, $1,000.
80 W. 40th St	10 Rooms, $4,000. 2 to 6 Rooms, $2,200 to $4,500.
36 E. 40th St	2 Rooms, $1,000.
112 W. 47th St	3 Rooms, $1,400.
18 E. 57th St	2 Rooms, $720. 2 Rooms, $900.
21-3 W. 30th St	Four Rooms, Rent, $1,000.
62-3 Washn Sq	2 Rooms, $380. 4 Rooms, $720. Five Rooms, Rent, $1,000.

THE CLARK,
1,211 Madison av., N. E. cor. 87th st.
Corner Apartments; 9 rooms, 2 bathrooms; all light; parquet floors; electric light; modern in every respect. LEON S. ALTMAYER, 62 East 86th. Telephone 638—Lenox.

---

995 Madison Av., N. E. Cor. 77th St.
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF BUILDING, eight rooms and three baths; all sunny and very quiet sleeping rooms; every modern improvement. Superintendent on premises or your own broker.

39-43 EAST 27TH ST.
Six unusually large, light rooms; bath; every modern convenience for home comfort. $1,400-$1,500. Kitchenettes, 2-3 rooms, bath; from $750 up. MAID SERVICE. NO EXTRA CHARGES.

THE CLEVELAND
128-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BROOKLYN.

"THE GRANLEDEN,"
1155 Dean Street,
Between Bedford and Nostrand Avenues.
Fine residential section. Only 8 minutes to Nostrand Avenue Station, L. I. R. R., (direct connections to Subway,) or Dean St. Station, Brighton Beach Line. Apartments of 6 all-light rooms and tiled bath; steam heat, hot-water supply, electric light; private branch exchange telephone; handsome furnished reception hall, with uniformed attendants; resident janitor. First-class in all respects. Rents $480 to $540. Only two apartments from Oct. 1. Appy in hall on premises.

ST. JAMES PLACE, Near FULTON
Delightful 6 and 7 room apartments, $42 to $48; steam heat, hot water; every modern convenience. Apply branch office on premises. Send for booklet, GOLDEN REALTY CO., 13 Willoughby St., Brooklyn.

BRONX.

Elevator Apartment Houses
THE HUNTS POINT

3	4	5	6	7	8
$35	$40	$50	$57	$65	$75

THE LOREM

4	5	6	7
$32	$40	$47	$53

WE ALSO CAN furnish you with other apartments at lower rents.
A. ARENT COMPANY,
East 163d and Simpson Streets.
Take Bronx Subway to Simpson Street.

Special Inducements
5-6 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High Schools. Small select families desired.
948-50-52 TRINITY Ave., Near 163d St.
RENT $22 UP.
Apply on premises.

THE EDINBOROUGH,
829 BECK STREET.
4-5 rooms and bath. Apply
WM. OPPENHEIM,
773 WESTCHESTER AV.

QUEENS.

Three and four room flats in the new house, ready Sept. 1, rent $11 and $14, 644 3d Ave., Astoria, between Flushing and Grand Ave., take Dutchkills car from 59th St. Bridge. Five rooms and bath, steam heat, hot water, new house, large rooms, rent $19, 70 Wilson Ave., corner 14th Ave., Long Island City; take Steinway or North Beach car from 59th St. Bridge.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—The disturbance that was over the North Plains States Thursday night is now crossing the Great Lakes and has lots considerable intensity. It caused scattered showers over the Great Lakes and in the Upper Ohio and Upper Mississippi Valleys. Showers are also reported from the Gulf Coast and at widely separated points in the Rocky Mountain region.

Temperatures remain below the seasonal average in the Northeastern States, the region of the Great Lakes, and the Upper Mississippi Valley, and continue high in the Lower Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys and throughout the South.

Indications are that there will be showers Thursday in the Middle Atlantic and New England States, the Ohio Valley, and the lower lake region, followed by generally fair weather Friday in these districts. In other parts of the country the weather will remain fair during the next forty-eight hours.

Temperatures will be lower Thursday in the Lower Ohio and Middle Mississippi Valleys, and change little elsewhere during Thursday and Friday.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, mostly south and southwest; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate variable winds and overcoat, showery weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Probably showers Thursday; Friday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Western New York—Cloudy, preceded by showers, Thursday; Friday fair; light to moderate variable winds becoming northerly.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	72	56	4 P. M.	81	65
6 A. M.	74	58	6 P. M.	77	62
9 A. M.	78	65	9 P. M.	75	61
12 M.	80	67	12 M.	75	61

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for the corresponding date last year it was 76; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 71.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 8 P. M. it was 61. Maximum temperature, 69 degrees at 10 A. M.; minimum, 56 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 54 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 63 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
2:25	405-409 E. 31st St.; P. Marich and others	$26,000
5:25	335 E. 118th St.; Shoemaker & Son..	Trifling
3:35	447-449 E. 119th St.; M. Himel...	Slight
3:44	155th St. and Morris Av.; New York Central	$3,000
4:05	225-229 W. 58th St. and 220-222 W. 59th St.; Lonheimer Brothers..	$42,000
5:40	21 W. 17th St.; F. Fraudman....	Trifling
8:10	490 Wendover Av.; Jacob Zwein....	$100
9:30	348 Madison St.; S. Swartz....	Trifling
P. M.		
12:35	206 6th St.; Ike Idelson.....	$200
12:50	2,473 7th Av.; S. Van Dam.....	Slight
1:10	310 W. 44th St.; J. Smith & Sons..	$25
2:00	140 E. 97th St.; Meyer Well....	$15,000
2:15	229 Av. C; W. J. Bowen.....	Trifling
3:10	148th St. and Courtlandt Av.; Adams Express Co.....	Trifling
3:30	505 W. 147th St.; J. Bissewle..	Trifling
8:30	705 E. 9th St.; Rebecca Press..	Trifling
3:59	341 E. 94th St.; Fannie Miller..	Trifling
5:35	1,632 Amsterdam Av.; M. Beekman..	$50
6:25	1,711 Lexington Av.; S. Bluementhal.....	Trifling
8:55	222 Avenue B; David Joseph....	Trifling
10:05	171 Mercer St.; —— Moscowitz.....	$200

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BUCHANAN, JAMES, (died March 23;) left $1,987.49 to Ellen Watson.

DAMM, JOHN, (died Aug. 12;) left more than $1,000 realty and $500 personalty to Caroline Damm, wife.

SEYBOLD, CHRISTIAN, (died May 9;) left $22,500 realty and $1,800 personalty to Paulina Seybold, wife.

SWORTFIGUER, MARY A., (died Aug. 8;) left less than $10,000 realty and less than $20,000 personalty; to Henry A. Swortfiguer, husband, $20,000; Henry Bragdon Swortfiguer, son, residue.

ZIMMERMAN, YETTA JETTIE, (died July 23;) left $4,000 personalty to Michael Zimmerman, husband.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the Inheritance tax law yesterday to William H. Loughlan, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

ARNSBERGER, THERESA, (died May 16, 1911;) net personalty, $8,694.

DARGAN, ALONZO T., (died June 8, 1911;) net personality, $5,188.45.

DUFFELL, ELIZABETH J., (died Aug. 11, 1911;) realty, one-half interest in following: 379 Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn, $6,300, equity $2,875; 29 Bethune Street, $9,500, equity $4,000; 526 Hudson Street, $13,500, equity $6,750; net realty and personality, $16,095.

GOLDSMITH, Clara, (died Dec. 30, 1911;) net personality, $54,261, including bond and mortgage on 119 East 111th Street, $5,015; mortgage on 212 East Seventy-seventh Street, $15,275; mortgage on 877 West End Avenue, $12,186; mortgage on 75 Columbia Street, $8,631.04; mortgage on 307 East Seventy-fourth Street, $9,132; mortgage on 846 East Fifty-seventh Street, $6,130.

HUSON, ROBERT, (died Feb. 28, 1911;) realty, 129 East Twenty-eighth Street, $19,000; 337 East Twenty-eighth Street, $24,000; 328 East Twenty-ninth Street, $21,000; 230 East 148th Street, $5,000; 232 East 148th Street, $5,000; 234 East 148th Street, $5,000; 272-274 East 148th Street, $10,000; 278-280 East 148th Street, $15,000; 284-286 East 148th Street, $10,000; 277-285 East 146th Street, $50,000; 287 East 146th Street, $11,000; 289 East 146th Street, $11,000; 291 East 146th Street, $11,000; 293 East 146th Street, $6,500; net realty and personality, $210,285.33.

POTTER, JAMES M., (died May 29, 1907;) net estate, $21,365.36, (supplemental report.)

SANGER, SUSAN E., (died Nov. 27;) net personality, $13,679.12.

WOOLF, SOLOMON, (died May 27, 1911;) net personality, $30,692.53, including mortgages on the following: 234 Willis Avenue, $5,096; 11 East 126th Street, $10,059; Glen House, Pelham, N. Y., $7,129.91.

EDUCATION NOTES.

The following statement, issued by Auditor Cook of the Board of Education, shows the total accumulated cost of school properties, including sites, buildings, and equipments, the annual educational cost, and the cost of operating the school buildings, and equipments from 1906 to 1911, inclusive:

Cost of School Properties.—1906, $90,718,016.17; 1907, $113,060,324.84; 1908, $122,826,360.22; 1909, $128,0 9,039.38; 1910, $130,666,583.21; 1911, $135,065,475.75.

Annual Education al Cost.—1905, $20,355,956.73; 1907, $21,5?2,142.15; 1909, $22,661,889.06; 1909, $25,520,451.78; 1910, $24,624,286.40; 1911, $25,291,240.16.

Annual Cost of Operating Buildings and Equipments.—1906, $1,618,145.28; 1907, $1,813,236.35; 1908, $2,001,458.69; 1909, $2,030,061.63; 1910, $2,007,883.56; 1911, $2,124,140.07.

The Board of Education has awarded the following contracts: Furniture for new Public School 47, alterations, repairs, &c., Public Schools 81, 117, and 131; metal ceilings at Public School 50, electric work at Public School 30; supplies for vacation schools, construction of the Bay Ridge High School.

At a hearing held at the Bureau of Licenses yesterday, it was announced that the application for a license to operate a moving picture show in the vicinity of Public School 165, Manhattan, had been withdrawn because of the opposition of the Board of Education.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has approved the following:

Emergency appointment of John E. Burnett as a clerk for fifteen days from Aug. 7, and of Charles Bryson, Daniel J. Lyons, Harry Byrne, William F. Hughes, and Smith C. Colyer as attendants for an additional fifteen days, Department of Public Works.

Request of the Acting President of the Borough of Brooklyn, dated Aug. 28, for authority to employ Harry E. McAdam as topographical draftsman.

Request of the Secretary of Public Works, Manhattan, dated Aug. 17, for authority to employ Frederick A. Hitchcock as Inspector of Public Works at a salary of $1,200 a year.

Request of the Acting President of the Borough of Queens, dated Aug. 22, for authority to employ Patrick H. Neary as steam roller engineman at a salary of $4.50 per day.

Letter from the Fire Commissioner, dated Aug. 20, stating that pursuant to the provisions of Section 720 of the Charter, he has designated W. F. Healey clerk to sign payrolls for the month of August.

Request of the Deputy Acting Controller, dated Aug. 20, for authority to employ William N. Hilding as searcher.

Emergency appointments by the Fire Commissioner as follows: Andrew F. Mahoney, John H. Hickson, Joseph Hogan, and Joseph Dwyer.

Request from the Department of Health that the name of Miss Mary O'Brien, a nurse, be changed on the records to read Mrs. Mary A. Augot.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination on Sept. 24 at the New York Custom House to obtain eligibles from which to make certification to fill a position of aid in the Division of Graphic Arts, National Museum, Washington, D. C., at $75 a month, and vacancies requiring similar qualifications as they may occur, unless it is found to be in the interest of the service to fill the vacancy by reinstatement, transfer, or promotion. As insufficient applications were filed for the examination held on Feb. 7 for the position, qualified persons are urged to enter this examination, which will consist of the following subjects, weighted as indicated: Penmanship, 10; English composition, 10; French, 10; Latin, 10; experience in engraving, 60. Applicants will be permitted to use dictionaries in connection with the tests in translation. All statements relating to training, experience and fitness are subject to verification. Age limit, 21 to 30 years on date of examination. This examination is open to all citizens of the United States who comply with the requirements. Applicants should apply to the secretary of the Board of Examiners at the New York Custom House for application and examination form 1,800.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

SPECIAL ORDERS 200.

Transfers—To take effect 4 P. M. Aug. 28: Captains—Michael J. Reidy, 22d Precinct to 69th; John Ievers, 63d to 22d; Edward S. Walling, 69th to 63d. Patrolmen—J. A. Colvin, 37th to Public Office Squad. To take effect 8 A. M. Aug. 29: W. T. Donohue, 36th to 66th; P. J. Doody, 152d to 168th.

Assignments—Mounted Patrolman E. Kelly, 66th, as Acting Mounted Sergeant in precinct, from 8 A. M. Aug. 29. Patrolmen W. T. Donohue, 66th, and P. J. Doody, 168th, to mounted duty, from 8 A. M. Aug. 29; J. A. Colvin, P. O. Squad, to plex East 26th Street. (Temporary) Lieutenants—John Londergan, 154th, to command 143d, 20 days, from 12 noon, Sept. 3, during absence of Captain; William W. Dugan, 164th, to 12th, 5 days, from 12:35 P. M. Aug. 28. Sergeant—Ludolph Bose, 6th, to C. O. Squad, and Chief Clerk's office, 2 days, from 8 A. M. Aug. 28. Patrolmen—R. V. Levins, 31st, to Detective Bureau and District Attorney's office, 5 days, from 9 A. M. Aug. 27; J. H. E. Phillips, 37th, to C. O. Squad and Chief Inspector's office, 5 days, from 10:40 A. M. Aug. 28; J. Ebert, 68th, and J. J. Donnelly, 145th, to C. O. Squad and Record and Filing Bureau, 4 days, from 11:20 A. M. Aug. 28.

Leave of Absence (with full pay)—Captain John J. Cray, 143d, 20 days, from 12 noon Sept. 3, vacation.

Fines Imposed—Patrolmen—Samuel H. Johnson, 1st, July 31, failed to promptly report at expiration of vacation, 2 days; William J. Blanch, 22d, July 18, absent from post, in hallway leading to liquor saloon, 3 days; Patrick Clynes, 32d, Aug. 12, did not properly patrol, 5 days; Harry Roedel, 37th, Aug. 10, absent from post, sitting in rear room of liquor saloon, 20 days.

Reprimanded — Patrolman William Romkey, 65th, Aug. 9, absent from outgoing roll call.

Charges dismissed: Lieut. Jeremiah J. Magilin, 275th, Aug. 12, (1) failed to have door of cell locked while prisoner was confined; (2) failed to have corridor locked, thereby allowing prisoner to escape; Patrolmen Edward J. Mack, 12th, July 14, did not properly patrol; Benjamin Waxberg, 13th, July 30, (1) used vile and disrespectful language to citizen, (2) arrested citizen without cause; Joseph F. McCormick, 155th, July 25, in conversation while on fixed post; John S. Stanford, 15th, Aug. 12, struck citizen with baton; Alphonsus E. Kehoe, 147th, May 21, neglect of duty in violation of General Order 17, 1910; Patrick O'Malley, 163d, Aug. 7, struck citizen with club; Patrick Hanley, 165th, July 22, failed to return to station house promptly; William Sheehan, Traffic C, Aug. 15, without cause kicked citizen; Probationary Patrolmen George W. Moran, 43d, and John G. Lynch, 43d, Aug. 9, absent from post, standing in office of stable in conversation with patrolman.

Suspended: Patrolman Pierce N. Poole, 12th, to take effect 8:05 P. M. Aug. 27.

GENERAL ORDERS 38.

Subdivision 2 of General Order 78, issued Sept. 22, 1911, reads as follows: "Authorizations submitted by attorneys or representatives must be signed by the persons directly interested and sworn to before a notary public or a Commissioner of Deeds." The same is amended by adding the following: "Such authorizations must be signed by either of the following: First, the person injured; second, the parent or guardian of such person (in case of an infant); third, the executor or administrator of the estate (in case of death;) fourth, the defendant in an action."

Circular 31. Circulars 9 and 13 (series of 1912) are hereby revoked.

R. WALDO, Commissioner.

Fire Department.

Special Orders 144.

Death Engineer of steamer John T. Cusick, Engine 56, 11 A. M., Aug. 27. Funeral will take place from his late home, 360 West 117th Street, at 10 A. M., Aug. 30. Interment at Calvary.

Members of Engine 56 will act as funeral escort and pallbearers. They will report in full uniform at the above address at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. Thomas's Church, at 118th Street, and St. Nicholas Avenue, and, after services, will accompany the body a reasonable distance.

The Chief of the Eleventh Battalion will detail an officer and engineer of steamer, and the Ninth, Twelfth and Thirteenth Battalions, two men each, to report at the quarters of Engine 56, at 9 A. M., for duty during the absence of that company.

Advancements in grade, to take effect at 8 A. M. on dates specified: Fourth to third grade, Sept. 1, Stephen J. Moran, Engine 21; fourth to third grade, Sept. 15, John S. Dennin, Engine 18; Otto E. Klein, Engine 28.

Transfers, to take effect at 8 A. M., Aug. 29.—Assistant foremen: Michael Dorey, Engine 189, to Engine 50; Robert H. Donaghy, Engine 59, to Engine 139.

Pensions on own applications after more than 20 years' service.—IV. Engineers of steamer John J. Martin, No. 1, Engine 155, and Edwin Mills, Engine 136, at $800 per annum, and firemen, first grade, Patrick J. Sullivan, Engine 142, and Timothy F. Conlan, Hook and Ladder 101, at $700 per annum, to take effect from 8 A. M., Sept. 1.

Revocation of suspension, to take effect at 8 A. M. Aug. 29: Fireman (first grade) Thomas E. Fritzsche, Engine 56.

Personal appointments: Dennis J. Buckley, Inspector, Bureau of Prevention.

Remission of fine of two days' pay: Foreman William J. Robinson, Engine 139; charges, violation of Sections 181, 189, and 209, R. and R., 1905, tried Aug. 23.

Ordered to Capt. J. J. Henry, Supervising Engineer, repair shops, Fifty-sixth Street and Twelfth Avenue, at 8 A. M. Aug. 29, for instruction in operating steam fire engines: Firemen (first grade) T. M. Shandley, Engine 4; G. H. Greis, Engine 46; J. J. Gilmartin, Engine 56; W. H. Brooks, Engine 67; M. T. Power, Engine 71; W. M. McDonald, Engine 80; J. O'Brien, No. 2, Engine 103; P. Brennan, Engine 129; J. A. Rhatigan, Engine 135; P. A. De Baum, Engine 167; T. O'Connor, H. and L. 25; T. D. Hundermann, Hook and L. 32; J. J. Stack, Engine 81; J. J. O'Donnell, Engine 53; A. Reside, Engine 59; E. A. May, Engine 71; J. J. Keane, Engine 79; C. B. Martin, Engine 83; E. E. Parker, Engine 111; J. F. Burns, Engine 134; M. Ferguson, Engine 145; M. J. Stephens, H. and L. 16; J. D. Sullivan, No. 2, Hook and L. 37; J. A. Sheridan, H. and L. 70; W. J. Fealy, Engine 33.

Special leaves of absence, without pay: Firemen (first grade) J. N. O'Neill, Engine 30, 12 hours, from 8 A. M. Sept. 1; W. J. Purcell, Engine 88, 24 hours, from 8 P. M. Aug. 28; M. A. Shannon, Engine 124, 12 hours, from 8 A. M., Aug. 31; J. J. Robertson, Engine 129, 48 hours, from 8 A. M. Sept. 1.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Lieut. Col. O. C. Horney, Ordnance Department, to Cincinnati, on business pertaining to inspection of material of special design being manufactured for the Ordnance Department.

First Lieut. R. P. Harbold, Twenty-fifth Infantry, relieved duty Kansas State Agricultural College, Manhattan, Kan., effective Aug. 31, and will rejoin his regiment.

First Lieut. H. Graham, Twenty-second Infantry, to Factory F. Wright Company, Dayton, Ohio, to familiarize himself with the construction of the Wright machines, engines, &c.

First Lieut. W. V. Carter, Sixth Cavalry, to Washington, D. C., and report to the Adjutant General of the army for further instructions.

Capt. H. P. Howard, Quartermaster Corps, to Winnemucca, Nev., to inspect and purchase horses.

First Lieut. C. A. Hunt, Seventh Infantry, now on leave at Nashua, N. H., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at New Hampshire College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts, Durham, N. H., Sept. 2.

Changes in Medical Corps: Capt. M. C. Stayer, relieved duty Army Transport Service and from further station at San Francisco at expiration of present leave and proceed to Madison Barracks, New York, for duty, and report by letter to Commanding General, Eastern Division; First Lieut. G. M. Edwards, relieved duty West Point, N. Y., and proceed to San Francisco and take transport sailing Feb. 5 for the Philippine Islands, and upon arrival at Manila report to Commanding General, Philippines Division, for duty; First Lieut. W. H. Thearle, relieved duty Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, and proceed to San Francisco and take transport sailing Feb. 5 for the Philippine Islands, and upon arrival at Manila report to Commanding General, Philippines Division, for duty; First Lieut. D. F. Maguire, relieved duty Fort Barrancas, Florida, and proceed to San Francisco and take transport sailing Feb. 5 for the Philippine Islands, and upon arrival at Manila report to Commanding General, Philippines Division, for duty.

Col. O. B. Mitchell, Ordnance Department, or his commissioned assistant will visit the following named posts in the artillery district of the Delaware to make semi-annual inspection of armament and fire control material:

Fort Du Pont, Delaware; Fort Delaware, Delaware, and Fort Mott, New Jersey.

Major C. C. Walcutt, Jr., Fifth Cavalry, detailed as assistant to Chief of Bureau of Insular Affairs, War Department, with rank of Colonel.

Capt. I. L. Hunt, Sixth Infantry, detailed as assistant to Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, War Department, Dec. 1. He will proceed to Washington, D. C., at proper time and report to the chief of that bureau for duty.

Major G. H. Shelton, relieved duty as assistant to Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, Nov. 30.

Major M. F. Steele, Second Cavalry, retired from active service Oct. 30, and will proceed to his home.

First Lieut. C. O. Schudt, Coast Artillery Corps, relieved duty in the Philippines Division, and will join his company.

Capt. W. C. Metcalf, U. S. A., retired, assigned to active duty Oct. 16, and detailed for general recruiting service; to Fort Slocum, New York, Oct. 18, for instruction for ten days, thence to Providence, R. I., and relieve Major G. J. Byram, cavalry, from further duty on recruiting service, Nov. 1.

Leaves: First Lieut. W. L. Sheep, Medical Corps, twenty days, effective Oct. 10; First Lieut. D. Olmstead, Signal Corps, twenty days; Major Gen. W. H. Carter, U. S. A., three months, effective Sept. 20; First Lieut. F. C. Wallace, Ordnance Department, twenty days; Capt. W. N. Hughes, U. S. A., retired, recruiting officer, five days, effective Sept. 3; Capt. H. R. Drake, Philippine Scouts, leave extended six months on account of sickness; Capt. M. J. Ireland, Coast Artillery Corps, leave extended twenty days; Major M. F. Steele, Second Cavalry, leave extended to include Oct. 30.

The Navy.

Commander N. A. McCully, detached War College, to command the Mayflower.

Lieut. Commander E. Woods, detached the South Dakota; to the Cleveland as executive officer.

Lieut. O. C. Dowling, detached the Dixie; to the Ohio as ordnance officer.

Lieut. F. C. Martin, detached the Ohio, upon completion of target practice; to the Michigan as ordnance officer.

Lieuts. F. D. Pryor, E. W. Tod, and Ensigns W. E. Brown, J. B. Will, and O. C. Greene, detached the South Dakota; to the Cleveland.

Passed Assistant Surgeon I. F. Cohn, detached the Washington; to the Des Moines.

Passed Assistant Surgeon E. V. Valse, detached the South Dakota; to the Cleveland.

Assistant Paymaster S. C. Dickinson, detached the Alert; to the Cleveland.

Marine Corps.

Col. C. H. Laucheimer, Adjutant and Inspector, detached charge Pacific Inspection District, Marine Corps, upon reporting of relief; to duty at headquarters, Marine Corps.

Lieut. Col. H. C. Haines, Adjutant and Inspector, detached headquarters, Marine Corps, Oct. 1; assume charge Pacific Inspection District, Marine Corps, San Francisco.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Abarenda at Chingwangtao, China; New Jersey at Southern Drill Grounds; Mayflower at Gloucester; Dolphin and Cyclops at Newport; Massachusetts at Solomon's Island, Chesapeake Bay.

Sailed—Connecticut from Navy Yard, New York, for Hampton Roads; Sylph from Washington for New York.

The mail address of the Colorado has been changed from "Pacific Station, via San Francisco," to "Care Postmaster, New York City."

The flag of the Commander in Chief, Asiatic Fleet, has been transferred to the Saratoga.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

The Lorraine

5th Av. and 45th St.

New York's Most Attractive Residential Hotel

Apartments, Furnished and Unfurnished. Now Being Shown for Season and Yearly Rentals.

Suites and Rooms with Bath Transiently.

RESTAURANT A LA CARTE

GEORGE C. HOWE GEORGE ORVIS

EQUINOX HOUSE

Manchester, Vermont

OPEN UNTIL OCTOBER 31.

GEORGE ORVIS

A. E. Martin, Manager,

(of Bon Air, Augusta, Ga.)

GRAMPION

MODERN FAMILY HOTEL, 182 SAINT NICHOLAS AVE.

One, two, and three rooms, private baths, furnished or unfurnished; full service; rents moderate. Supt. on premises, or WILCOX & SHELTON, 245 West 125th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

APARTMENT FOR RENT.

10 Rooms and 3 Baths Furnished or Unfurnished.

"Stratford-on-Avon"

RIVERSIDE DRIVE & 93D STREET

Wm. A White & Son

62 CEDAR ST; 'Phone 5700 John

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WINTERROTH PIANOS,

105 EAST 14th St. and 14 WEST 125th St.

New upright pianos $150 upw., $5 monthly; Player pianos $250 upw. Used pianos $75 upw.

BEATTY'S PIANOS player-pianos, $240. 501 W. 136, N.Y.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given that I am not responsible for any debts which have been or which may hereafter be contracted by any one other than myself. RICHARD AUSTIN SPRINGS.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE

VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.

7th season, 45 minutes of 42d St. on Harlem R. R.; 70 acres, park and lawns; 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station. Own dairy and vegetables. Music, Tennis. Rates $3. Open all year. Booklet.

NEW YORK—Dutchess County.

Pleasant View House, Dover Plains, Dutchess County, N. Y.—Two hours Grand Central; mountains, fishing, driving, gas, baths; 150-acre farm supplies excellent table; $10 up; circular. Fred Kerker, 520 West 122d St., N. Y. Telephone Morningside 3345.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Lake Placid.

AUTUMN EXCURSIONS TO THE ADIRONDACKS VIA NEW YORK CENTRAL & DELAWARE & HUDSON R. R.

August 30th to October 6th, inclusive. Good for return to and including Oct. 31st.

SPECIAL RATE FOR LABOR DAY.

EITHER ROUTE.

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Stevens Hotel Co., LAKE PLACID, N. Y.

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LAKE FRONT HOTEL

LAKE RONKONKOMA, L. I.

END OF THE MOTOR PARKWAY.

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Under entirely new management. Newly refurnished, redecorated. Fifteen acres Lawn and Shade Trees. Directly on the water, 56 miles from New York. Garage. Unsurpassed merican Plan Table. Moderate Rates. SPECIAL SUNDAY DINNER, $1.00. Boating, Bathing, Fishing, Tennis, Croquet, Music, Dancing. Refined Booklet.

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Golf, Tennis, Yachting, Bathing. Garage. Delightful Climate, Pure Water. Ideal Motor Run. Delightful Week Ends. Booklet. SPECIAL RATES FOR SEPTEMBER.

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MIDLAND BEACH STATEN ISLAND

Refined Amusement Amid Refined Surroundings

Reached via Staten Island Ferry, foot of Whitehall St., terminus of Subway, elevated roads and surface lines; 20 minutes' invigorating sail through the lower bay and a short trolley ride through the most picturesque part of Staten Island. Cleanest and safest bathing on the Atlantic Coast.

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2,000 ft. Elevation.

100 Miles from New York.

ABSOLUTELY NO CANNED FOODS.

107 rooms. 42 private baths. 3 tennis courts. 6-hole practice golf course. Rates, $14 to $35. After September 7th, $14 to $15. Handsome booklet. Robin Dale Compton, Mgr., Cragsmoor, Ulster Co., N. Y.

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In the Country—in New York City.

It's an ideal spot. 300 feet above the Hudson; eight-acre park; attractive, rambling hotel, accommodating 70 guests; modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accessible by train or Subway; 30 to 45 minutes. Address for booklet, THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, (in New York City.) Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

Dean House

LAKE MAHOPAC, N. Y.

OPEN UNTIL OCT. 1ST.

Old Established Summer Resort. Pleasantly located. Commodious lawns, running to lake. Fine shade trees. GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS FOR AUTOMOBILES. Booklet. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

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Summer and Fall Resort. Delightfully located in private park fronting two lakes; acres of lawns and shade trees; two miles private walks; beautiful mountain scenery and high altitude; fifty miles from New York; select patronage; garage; rates, single, $15 to $25 week; double, $25 to $35; booklet.

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IN THE RAMAPO MOUNTAINS, ¾ hour from New York City.

Sloatsburg, N. Y.

One mile south from Tuxedo Park, on the Orange Turnpike.

Phone Sloatsburg 352. WM. H. ORMES.

Rates $2.00 upwards Erie R. R.

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The Ferns,

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Autumn is the glorious season of the mountains. The Ferns is beautifully located; all modern conveniences of city; first-class table; low rates. Booklets. P. H. GROSS.

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KENNETH RIDGE

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FORMERLY the residence of DANIEL J. SULLY, now open for the accommodation of guests who desire the combined luxury of HOME COMFORTS and SEA AIR.

Will remain open ALL the year. CLIMATE for the Summer months famous for even temperature and OCEAN breeezs, the exceptional mild, dry and invigorating climatic conditions which prevail here during the FALL, WINTER and SPRING are on par with ATLANTIC CITY.

CUISINE on the highest standard. SERVICE on the order of a gentleman's home.

WEEK end or MOTORING parties can find the luxury, refinement and privileges of their own homes.

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EVERY CITY COMFORT.

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A delightful Summer Hotel forty-five minutes from New York, with every modern comfort and convenience.

Automobile Livery and Train Service. Special facilities for transient societies. TENNIS, GOLF, BOWLING, BILLIARDS, MUSIC.

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LAKE BOMOSEEN.—The Prospect and 16 cottages; all outdoor sports; garage; booklet. H. B. Ellis, Castleton, Vt.

PENNSYLVANIA.

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Mount Pocono, Delaware Water Gap, Stroudsburg, Cresco, Pocono Summit. Famous Summer Resorts. Information at 1183 Broadway, New York City, and 505 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

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ENJOY THE AUTUMN SEASON AT The KITTATINNY

Leading Hotel at Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Steam heat, open log fires, rooms en suite with baths and running water. Own farm and dairies. Golf, tennis, boating, beautiful walks and drives. Orchestra, riding academy, livery, garage. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Special Sept. and Oct. rates. Cafe and Grill. A LA CARTE SERVICE. G. FRANK COPE.

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Open until Dec. The most modern and finest located hotel in this region. Cuisine of the highest standard; white service. Orchestra; social diversions; every amusement. New beautiful Palm Court and Cafe. Special September and Autumn rates. Booklet and auto maps mailed. Sixth season. JOHN PURDY COPE.

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SEPTEMBER IN THE MOUNTAINS? Write Mr. Jennings of the Hawthorne Inn, Mt. Pocono, Penna., for the very special rates.

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THE OAKDALE Summer Boarders. Montclair. 371 Claremont Ave.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BERMUDA.

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Average Summer Temperature 80.

As a Summer Resort is cooler than the Mountains and many of the fashionable Northern Resorts.

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Continually swept by Ocean breezes, where bathing, boating and fishing are unsurpassed, and every out door sport is enjoyed, combined with the best modern hotel accommodations and all the comforts of your own home.

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Winter Season January to May $5.00 weekly. Summer Season, Special Rates on request.

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Best Moderate-Rate Hotel

ELBERON

And fireproof annex. Tennessee Ave., near Beach, central, new throughout; capacity, 400; opposite Protestant and Catholic churches; running water in rooms; private baths; excellent table; fresh vegetables from our own farm; windows screened; white service; booklet; special rates. R. M. LUDY, M. D.

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Directly on the ocean front, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite with private baths. Hot and cold sea water. Magnificent ocean view. Open all year. SPECIAL RATES FOR SEPTEMBER. Write for booklet. D. P. RAHTER.

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Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths; American and European. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.; JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

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Virginia Ave., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity 500. Write for booklet, and special rates for September. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners & Props.

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Directly on the ocean front; always open. WALTER J. BUZBY.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

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FRONTENAC Kentucky Av., 100 yards from Beach. Cap. 250. Homelike; elevator, cool & ocean-view rooms; excellent table; special—$8, $10, $12.50, $15 up weekly; special Sept. rates. Booklet. W. F. WATTS.

NEW JERSEY—Montclair.

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Hotel MONTCLAIR

A charming re-creating spot for your week-end or permanent home—most every sport, perfect appointments, irreproachable cuisine (grill a feature).

ONLY 45 MINUTES FROM B'WAY. AUTO BUS MEETS ALL TRAINS. T. EDMOND KRUMBHOLZ, MONTCLAIR, N. J. Also: "The Sagamore" on-Lake George.

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SPRING LAKE BEACH, N. J.

Automobiling, riding, driving, tennis, golf, canoeing, sea bathing, sailing, fishing.

275 ROOMS. 200 BATHS.

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will remain open through September. Within commuting distance of New York. An hour out on the Lackawanna R. R. Rivers, lakes, mountains, canoeing, horseback riding, tennis, fishing; fresh vegetables from our own garden; celebrated Diamond Spring Water. September is sure to be hot. Bring your family here and commute to business. Booklet on request.

Bankruptcy Sales

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy. In the matter of SILBER & LUBEL, Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Aug. 29, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of manufactured and unmanufactured furs, trimmings, machines, fixtures, &c.

HENRY W. SYKES, Receiver. SOL LEVI, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JOHN J. O'CONNOR, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Aug. 29th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 202 East 27th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of strip tobacco, cut tobacco, cigars, rollers, presses, forms, motors, desks, safe, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM W. HOPPIN, JR., Receiver. MAURICE L. SHAINE, Attorney for Receiver, 350 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York. —In Bank

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Motion calendar. 1—Richmond Hosiery Mills v. J. Kayser & Co. 2—Bruce, v. Cincinnati, H & D R R. 3—U S v. Nadav. 4—Enterprise Auto Co v. Palmer & Singer Mfg. 5—Penn Steel Co v. N Y City Ry. 6—Locke Regulator Co v. W. D. Garrett & Co. 7—Prepayment Car Sales Co v. Orange Co Tr Co. 8—Wittmaal v. Shubert Anderson Co. 9—Taylor v. Delaware & Eastern R R. 10—Coster v. Herter. 11—Hays v. Am Blind Stitch Mach Co. 12—Macbeth-Evans Glass Co v. Young. 13—Nurnberger, &c, v. New Toy Mfg Co. 14—Hildreth v. Auerbach. 15—Stephano v. Stamatopoulo. 16—Elwell v. Elwell Rubber Mfg Co. 17—Dreyer v. Levy. 18—Schmidt v. Morrell.

STATE.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Delany, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Gregory. 2—Matter of Bloom. 3—Matter of Radice. 4—Matter of Wittmann. 5—Matter of Feingold. 6—Matter of Shea. 7—Matter of Levine. 8—Dempsey v. Korn. 9—Matter of McGowan. 10—Matter of Milrath. 11—Matter of November. 12—Joseph v. Joseph. 13—Meade v. So Pacific Co. 14—Koupal v. Mayer v. 15—Same v. same. 16—Same v same. 17—Matter of Hirshfeld. 18—Ray v. Studebaker Bros Co. 19—Same v. same. 20—Matter of Connor. 21—Hoops v. Harden. 22—Morse v. Morse. 23—Enerio v. Burns. 24—Mitteldeutsche Privatbank v. Boselman. 25—Matter of Oppenheimer. Bonnem & Co. 26—Walter v. Syracuse, Binghamton & N Y R R. 27—Aalholm v. People. 28—Geissenhainer v. Montgomery. 29—Matter of Taube. 30—Deery v. Cunningham. 31—Flagler v. Asplund. 32—Brady v. Erie R R. 33—Matter of Murphy. 34—Gladman v. Macdonald. 35—Davidson v. Davidson. 36—Cong Rodeph Sholom v. I O A I. 37—Thumann v. Thumann. 38—Kraus v. Kraus. 39—Brennan v. Doughty. 40—Deering v. Goldstein. 41—Oest v. Hendrick. 42—Walsh v. Egers. 43—Matter of Hennan. 44—Sobat v. Tarantul. 45—Lehman v. McKiernan. 46—Draper v. Rosenberg. 47—Wills v. Fitzhenry. 48—Fontyn v. Fontyn. 49—Hart v. Hart. 50—Keller v. Kellier. 51—Greenla v. Hobberd. 52—Michaelson v. Silverblatt. 53—Farmers' L & T Co v. Bostwick. 53½—Traeger v. Traeger. 54—Weiss v. P Bernstein Sick, &c, Socy. 54½—Koopman v. Chase. 55—Matter of Kasabecek. 56—Shoyer v. Phoenix Knitting Works. 57—Koch v. Fox. 58—Same v. same. 59—Shamroy v. Shamroy. 60—Cohn v. Guthman. 61—Springer v. Kocher. 62—Anderson v. N Y, N H & H R R. 63—Roberts v. Roberts. 64—Wenstein v. Wenstein. 65—Matter of Clean. 66—N Y Railways v. Man Bridge Three Cen Line. 67—Marcuson v. Marcuson. 68—Goodman v. Garson. 69—Silbert v. Silbert. 70—Birkle v. Schneider. 71—City of N Y v. Whiting. 72—Sulkowitz v. Sulkowitz. 73—Williams v. Williams. 74—Hyatt v. Hyatt. 75—Himmelreich v. Prince Tire Co. 76—Lawyers Mtge Co v. Scudi. 77—Same v. same. 78—Conklin v. United Const, &c, Co. 79—Robinson v. Haire. 80—Matter of Riser. 81—Lynch v. Craft. 82—Brandamour v. Brandamour. 83—Friedman v. Streifer. 84—Robert v. Robert. 85—Matter of Strauss. 86—Goldthwaite v. Goldthwaite. 87—Wolff v. Wolff. 88—Figliuolo v. Figliuolo. 89—Degen v. Degen. 90—Landau v. Landau. 91—Shlwanoy Realty Assn v. Walter. 92—Matter of Am Surety Co. 93—Dietz v. Dietz.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Amend, J. Ex parte busines.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fowler, S. Wills for probate: Carl G L Schultze, Dora Rosenstine, Martha L Chilton, Frederick Robitscher, John J Moran.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Donnelly, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Donnelly, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J. Conroy v. Chester—William J Bolger. In re Reid—Richard M Martin.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Amend, J. Janet Muller v. Hunterdown Realty Co—Philip S Schindler. Joseph L Buttenweiser v. Jacob Janos—Cornelius Daniel.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J.—Motions. 1—Matthias v. Hoffman et al. 2—Heywood v. Zimmer. 3—Matter of Van Siclen Avenue. 4—Oeberstein v. Nassau E R R Co. 5—Speer v. B H R R Co. 6—Speer v. B H R R Co. 7—Scott v. B H R R Co. 8—Gritman v. B H R R Co. 9—Rosa v. B H R R Co. 10—Jacobson v. B H R R Co. 11—Schaeder v. B H R R Co. 12—Shacter v. B H R R Co. 13—Strodle v. Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban R R Co. 14—Strodle v. Brooklyn, Queens County & Suburban R R Co. 15—East River Savings Institution v Gritman 16—Matter of Scripture. 17—Hastings v. Greenhut-Siegel-Cooper Co. 18—Kruse v. Kruse. 19—Davis v. Brooklyn Paper Box Co. 20—Matter of Kerrigan. 21—Matter of Holland. 22—Baldwin v. Lubers et al. 23—Dickstein v. Levy. 24—Stemle v. B H R R Co. 25—Hargitt v. Griepy. 26—Kessler v. Kessler. 27—Esing et al v. Smith. 28—Anderson v. Dodd. 29—Zangaria et al v. Warden of City Prison. 30—Smith v. Metropolitan Life Ins Co. 31—Stifter v. George et al. 32—Matter of Cohen et al. 33—O'Donnell v. City of New York. 34—First National Bank of Amityville v. Kells Co et al. 35—Harkus v. Krall et al. 36—Matter of Collins (East Nineteenth Street.) 37—Pozin v. Williamsburg Savings Bank. 38—City of New York v. Improved Appliance Co. 39—Babitch v. Grinkevitch. 40—Matter of Kent Street. 41—Matter of Forty-eighth Street. 42—Matter of Benson Avenue. 43—Rudiger et al v. Coleman et al. 44—Rudiger et al v. Coleman et al. 45—Xiques v. Xiques. 46—Goldberg et al v. Tuck et al. 47—Tax Lien Co v. Marino. 48—Tax Lien Co v. Timony et al. 49—Jacobs v. Rasch et al. 50—Sternberg v. Cunningham et al.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Aspinall, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATES' COURT—Ketcham, S.—Wills of John Stevens, Katharine Edele, Louise C Wood. Administration of Vicente Galati. Guardianship of Sarah Glynn. Accountings of Fidel Morse, Patrick Rhatigan, William Gorden Henry Bloomgarden, Louise W Sears, Thomas Sinnott.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—Townsend, J.—Criminal calendar. Ludwig Wolowicz, Stanislaus Oleszik, Laura Carsen, Meier Finger, John Mack, Francisco Minerva.

Lost

LOST—About 4:30 P. M. Monday, Aug. 26, large envelope containing promissory notes; most probably on Broadway, around Grand St, or near Bowery; payment already made; papers of no value except to owner. Reward for return of notes to Rosenwasser Bros., 472 Broadway.

LEFT on Lehigh terminal or tube station, Jersey City, morning of Aug. 20, brown hand bag containing toilet case, box cigars, jewel case, &c.; liberal reward. L. P. Hammond, 225 5th Av., Room 1,202.

LOST—Oval engraved gold belt pin, set with small topaz stones, while shopping between 8th St. and 91st; valued as keepsake. $10 reward if returned to 50 West 91st.

LOST.—Buyers' order book, on Tuesday, about 5 o'clock, on 6th Av. car. Call and receive reward. Chamberlin-Johnson-Du Bose Co., 20 East 4th St.

LOST—Set of mink furs on Broadway car, between 27th and Bond Sts.; reward. Kopple & Frankfurt, 725 Broadway.

LOST.—Gold watch and pin, 3d Av. "L," between 14th St. and Brooklyn Bridge; reward. L., 228 East 12th St.

LOST—Gentleman's fob, key attached, between 125th-128th; reward. Schnabel, 251 West 126th. (Stuyvesant 3617.)

LOST—Stolen, $500 reward; no questions asked for return of hats stolen from 737 Broadway.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—From 70 West 52d, brindle bulldog, without collar; answers to name of Mike; reward.

Found

FOUND, Aug. 27.—NEW YORK CENTRAL, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station; Two parasols, cuff buttons, railroad tickets, umbrellas.

FOUND, Aug. 27.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Long Island City: Two suitcases, 2 packages.

FOUND, Aug. 27.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: One umbrella, 5 packages.

FOUND, Aug. 27.—PENN. R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Book, suitcase, automobile horn.

FOUND, Aug. 27.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: One suit pajamas, eyeglasses, gloves, straw hat, comb and brush, book.

FOUND, Aug. 27.—NEW PENN. DEPOT. Apply Parcel Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Handbag, bankbook, package, pair gloves, straw hat, nightshirt, parasol, suit of pajamas, package, belts, books, soap, plans, suit of pajamas, coat, comb, eyeglasses, medicine, book, bunch keys.

Business Opportunities

Milk or Cream.—Wanted Oct. 1, a permanent market for high-grade cream or milk direct from the farm; tuberculin-tested cows, cement stables; about 100 quarts of milk daily or cream in proportion. Write M. Bacon, Kent, Conn.

A successful manufacturing mail order firm will give a third interest to active man with $10,000 capital; salesmanship or correspondence; ability essential. R 66 Times.

Would like to correspond with manufacturer desiring to make New York connections; have fully equipped office and can give undivided time. R 17 Times.

To close estate, will sacrifice established high class laundry, thoroughly equipped with modern machinery. R 63 Times.

Cafe and restaurant on Broadway for sale; doing large business; $10,000 required. R 58 Times.

Partner wanted with $5,000 in cafe and restaurant business. R 59 Times.

High-Class Employers

Employment agencies find The New York Times a material aid in building profitable clienteles. The following is from an agency that supplies high-class help to high-class employers:

The New York Times:

The advertisement of the Office Service Company has appeared in The New York Times Employment Bureau Column since Oct. 12th, 1910. It has brought us inquiries from a good class of employers and has been a material aid in establishing our business.

OFFICE SERVICE COMPANY
H. C. HORTON, Prop.,
149 Broadway, N. Y.

The type used for "Wants" is called **agate.** *By counting seven words to the line in small type, or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost you by consulting the following table of*

Advertising Rates.

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Agents Wanted	$0.20
Boarders and Board Wanted	.15
Business Notices	.30
Business Opportunities	.30
Country Board	.20
Dogs, Birds, Poultry	.25
Employment Bureaus	.20
For Sale	.30
Help Wanted	.15
Horses and Carriages	.25
Lost, Found, Rewards	.30
Pianos and Organs	.25
Purchase and Exchange	.30
Rooms To Let or Wanted	.15
Situations Wanted	.15
Yachts, Vessels	.25

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

11TH ST., 29 EAST.—Desirable rooms; running water; excellent table; references; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Rooms, large, small, suite, private baths; excellent table; reference.

54TH ST., 13-15 EAST.—Boarding for fastidious people; unexcelled residentially; centrally located; Summer rates; cuisine, service the best; references. 7257 Plaza.

63D ST., 28 EAST, corner Madison Av.—Second-floor suite, other rooms; fine table.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine suites or separate rooms; elevator; excellent table; prices reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Rooms with private bath; small rooms with board. Tel. 1978 Gramercy.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished front parlor; other rooms; table first-class; refined surroundings.

16TH ST., 20, 22, AND 88 WEST.—Large and small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

34TH ST., 253 WEST.—Exceptional table; clean, comfortable rooms; moderate rates. The Willena.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with good board, in quiet house; reasonable.

48TH, 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms, private baths. House, table strictly first class, references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.

Large and small rooms; first class; moderate.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; private bath; good board; Subway; telephone.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—Nicely furnished large and small rooms, near elevated, Subway; table boarders.

69TH, 103 WEST.—Large and small comfortable, airy rooms; private bath; board optional.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, small rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests.

269 WEST 70TH ST.

Attractive rooms; 'phone; Subway; board optional.

130 WEST 71ST ST.
DESIRABLE ROOMS; EXCELLENT TABLE.

72D ST., 305 WEST.—Homelike surroundings; large room, private bath, for two or more people; also single room; excellent home cooking.

72D ST., 181 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medinm, single rooms; private baths; references.

73D ST., 171 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large, single rooms; excellent French cuisine; table board.

73D, 102 WEST, The Spratley.—Newly decorated large and small rooms; fine meals; table guests.

175 WEST 78D ST.

Pleasnt rooms; telephone; Subway, "L"; excellent board.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Aattractive rooms; excellent table; Summer rates; table guests; telephone 1366—Columbus.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; Summer rates; rooms, baths; table; references.

76TH ST., 238 WEST.—Desirable single rooms; good table; steam heat; unlimited hot water; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Desirable rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining; superior cooking; table guests; reasonable.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large room; private bath; southern exposure; also medium rooms; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For gentlemen, medium, also small room; baths adjoining; in refined family.

79TH ST., 133 AND 135 WEST.—Desirable rooms, double or single, with or without bath; excellent board; references exchanged.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high grade.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine rooms; electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

80TH ST., 140 WEST.—Private residence; suite 3 rooms; single rooms; conveniences; cuisine excellent; references.

80TH, 143 WEST.—Parlor floor, with private entrance and bath; large front room; references.

82D, 117 WEST.—Large, sunny front rooms; moderate terms; southern exposure; table guests; telephone.

50-52 WEST 82D.
BEAUTIFUL HOUSES. SCHUYLER 8397.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Cool large, small rooms overlooking Park; Summer rates. Telephone 5326 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, small rooms; excellent table; table boarders accommodated. Telephone 5499 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 53 WEST.—High-class Jewish home; private baths; excellent table; reference exchanged.

85TH, 122 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; also medium rooms; homelike; German cooking; gentlemen preferred.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate one or two gentlemen in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access Subway, elevated, surface lines; reference.

89TH ST., 276 WEST.—Light rooms; electricity; steam heat; table guests; Southern cooking; near Drive.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Refined Jewish home; large, small rooms; excellent table; references. Riverside 8569.

91ST, 48 WEST.—Elegant large, small rooms; private baths; parlor dining; refined home; moderate.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; southern exposure; telephone; superior board.

93D, 117 WEST.—Large, medium, small, desirable rooms; southern exposure; telephone; excellent table; reference.

93D ST., 132 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; excellent cusine; table guests; all conveniences; reference.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable large room; conveniences; also single room; good board; references.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms near Park, "L"; French cuisine; table board.

94TH ST., 36 WEST.—Desirable rooms for adults appreciating home comforts; excellent board; Jewish family.

94TH ST., 14 WEST.—Double rooms, all conveniences; parlor dining; references. Telephone 8371 Riverside.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Large and small rooms. Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, near Central Park.—Airy, large and small rooms; superior cooking; reasonable.

96TH, 64 WEST.—Handsome floor, 8 rooms, bath; excellent board; near Central Park, Subway.

96TH, 58 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with board; table guests; telephone.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; reasonable rates.

102D ST., 243 WEST, Near Riverside.—Elegant, large rooms; baths; liberal table; parlor dining room; Subway 103d; reasonable; refined parties; telephone; references.

103D, 252 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms; couple, gentlemen; select house, neighborhood; excellent table; Subway.

104TH, 61 WEST.—Established 17 years; private-bath suites; others; superior table; transients; references.

104TH, 138 WEST.—Large front room; private family; convenient location; excellent board; references. Sandbach.

112TH ST., 315 WEST.—Private house; large airy rooms; bath; excellent table; refined surroundings; gentlemen or married couples; Jewish family; references exchanged.

625 WEST 113TH ST.

Adjoining Riverside Drive; large, front rooms; southern exposure; lavatory; unusual table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms, single, double; Morningside Heights, overlooking park; city's greatest view; exceptional restaurant; every convenience; moderate; references.

121ST ST., 509 WEST, Bancroft Apartments, Opposite Columbia University.—Light, airy, newly furnished rooms; shower baths adjoining; with choice board in beautiful restaurant; elegant, modern, fireproof building; elevators, reception room, roof garden. See Mr. Yetman.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Newly decorated, well-furnished rooms; excellent table; reference; table guests; telephone.

131ST, 264 WEST.—Large, small rooms; fine closets; excellent table; American family; gentlemen; telephone.

137TH ST., 243-245 WEST.—Newly, elegantly furnished rooms; modern; excellent board. Call at 243.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Delightful Summer location; roof garden; large rooms; electricity; homelike; table guests.

145TH, 613 WEST.—Large, airy room, overlooking Hudson; running water; good board; reference; telephone.

A.—A.— THE EVELYN LODGE.

Ocean traffic passing windows; exclusive residence; charming rooms; every luxurious convenience; superb dining room; excellent chef and service; 20 minutes Broadway or seashore; near ferry; rates moderate. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I. 'Phone 879 Tompkins.

A.—A.—WHEELOCH MANSION,

158th St. and Hudson River; Subway two blocks; very large room, four windows; hot, cold water, showers; smaller room; vegetables, hennery; seven acres shady grounds. Telephone 943 Audubon.

MANHATTAN AV., 181, (165th.)—Excellent home board; well-kept private house; large, small rooms. Telephone.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, Woodbury.—Overlooking Hudson; shady grounds; two blocks north 157th Subway. 4412 Audubon.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5, (Heights.)—River view; Subway; five minutes Wall St., fifteen Herald Square; corner trolley Broadway; high-class board; apartments, furnished, unfurnished; upper rooms; moderate. 905 Main.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Large rooms; private bath; excellent table. Phone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

MAN and wife desire nicely furnished room, with running water, in private family, or where there are no other boarders; good neighborhood; references given and required. Terms and full particulars to Whitfield, 360 Times.

GENTLEMAN desires large, light room in first-class west side boarding house; state rates by day and week. X 253 Times Downtown.

Country Board

Long Island.

Few boarders for September; nice country; good table; $6. Box 85, East Williston, L. I.

New York State.

ELLISWOOD, Highland.—Board, fruit farm. Arrange White, 309 West 46th, New York. Telephone 34 Bryant.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 25 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !

$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS, AT THE ELMWOOD, 48 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J.

Special rates for families.

Southern exposure; billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give a fairyland effect; four minutes from station; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people?

Take the wonderful McAdoo Tube, either from your office door, at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre, shopping district, at Broadway and 33d St.; no crowded Subway and warm cars; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

New England.

Boxwood Manor, Lynn, Conn.—Beautiful old Colonial mansion; wide verandas; large rooms; modern improvements; extensive grounds; fresh vegetables, milk, and eggs; reduced rates. Booklet.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

27TH ST., 122 EAST.—Large room; adjoining smaller; parlor floor; suitable dentist, doctor; other rooms.

17TH, 323 EAST, (opposite Stuyvesant Park — Newly furnished and decorated, handsome rooms; quiet neighborhood.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Pleasant, well-furnished rooms, large and small; quiet house; reasonable.

30TH ST., 39 EAST.—All newly furnished; porcelain bath; hot water; 'phone.

34TH ST., 56 EAST.—Large and small comfortably furnished, clean rooms; bath; reasonable; also studio.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, square room, bath adjoining; single room; breakfast optional; references.

44TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large room, private bath; furnished or unfurnished.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Attractive rooms, double, single; baths, running water; gentlemen; references.

58TH ST., 58 EAST.—Room, connecting bath; in private house; for gentlemen; references.

60TH ST., 143 EAST.—Furnished or unfurnished large room, with closet and running water, in well kept private house; reference.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Attractively furnished room; every convenience; private house; select neighborhood; telephone; reference.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal Summer location; board optional; Summer rates; telephone.

MADISON AV., 67, (29th.)—Very desirable parlor floor; bachelor, doctor; all conveniences; reasonable; other rooms.

West Side.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private house; charming suite and single for bachelors; electricity; telephone; references.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Very large, beautifully furnished rooms; private baths; telephone; smaller rooms.

9TH ST., 31 WEST.

Large, well-furnished rooms for refined persons.

16TH ST., 18 WEST.—Large, comfortable rooms; private baths; also smaller rooms; moderate terms.

20TH ST., 428 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; steam heat, hot water; telephone; opposite seminary campus.

21ST ST., 354 WEST.—Private house, newly renovated and furnished; homelike rooms for men.

22D ST., 426 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room and dressing room; running water; telephone; private; reasonable.

31ST ST., 336 WEST.—Newly furnished connecting, airy rooms, bath; running water; $4.50. Pennsylvania Terminal.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large and small; breakfast if desired. Telephone 3558 Bryant.

52D ST., 294 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; all conveniences; also basement business purposes. Phone Col. 6504.

52D ST., 200 WEST.—Well furnished front room; running water, hot, cold; references; $5 Hoyt.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Large and small rooms; every convenience.

55TH ST., 334 WEST.—Private house, central location; desirable rooms, $2.50, $4.50; telephone; inspection invited.

59TH ST., 208 WEST, facing Central Park.—Furnished rooms, all conveniences; electric light, telephone; $4 up; room suitable for studio; also clubroom to let; Summer rates.

66TH ST., 126 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single, double, $4 upward; gentlemen; private family; conveniences; running water, bath. Telephone 2689 Columbus.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 145, near Broadway.—Attractive rooms in first class apartment. Tel. 6314 Col. Manning.

69TH, 129 WEST.—Modern house; parlor floor, suitable doctor; other rooms; phone; references.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Two desirable rooms; hot and cold water; adjoining bath; references exchanged.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath, steam heat; private house; gentleman only.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Desirable attractive rooms; absolutely clean; running water; electricity; telephone; board optional.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Attractive furnished rooms; running water; phone; private house; near Subway.

71ST ST., 222 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor, or separate; modern private house; electricity; gentlemen.

71ST, 351 WEST.—Homelike bachelor apartments; private bath, shower; single rooms, $5 up; telephone.

71ST, 222 WEST.—Parlor floor for physician in modern private house; extension; electricity.

129 WEST 71ST ST.

Two rooms, parlor floor; doctor or gentlemen.

73D ST., 142 WEST.—ATTRACTIVE HOME; HANDSOME SUITE, AND OTHER LARGE ROOMS; BOARD OPTIONAL.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; private bath; breakfast; telephone; moderate; references.

75TH ST., 58 WEST.—Boston lady's private residence; large room; private bath; reasonable; reference; telephone.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 104 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large and small; also back parlor; all conveniences; private home.

76TH ST., 119 WEST.—Handsome rooms for gentlemen, en suite or single; also back parlor.

76TH ST., 148 WEST.—Large, desirable, well-furnished rooms, near bath; electric light; telephone.

76TH ST., 57 WEST.—Large, desirable room; all modern conveniences. Phone 8124 Schuyler.

77TH ST., 301 WEST, (corner West End Av.)—Large and small rooms can be had by those desiring refined home surroundings; modern house, electric lights, bath, and telephone; preferably gentlemen; references.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Elegant room and bath; two gentlemen or couple; also smaller room; first-class private house; accessible; telephone; moderate.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms; single, connecting; modern every respect; telephone Dutton.

77TH ST., 160 WEST.—Desirable single room; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 182 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor; single, en suite; private bath; twin beds.

78TH ST., 166 WEST.—Large front parlor, exceptionally well furnished; piano, electricity, telephone; breakfast optional.

78TH, 114 WEST.—Very attractive, newly decorated, southern exposed rooms; gentlemen preferred, reasonable; references.

78TH ST., 136 WEST.—Nice, newly furnished rooms, large, small; rates moderate; convenient all cars.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Large, airy room, adjoining bath; private house; references.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors' choice rooms; select private house; quiet surroundings; modern conveniences; references.

80TH ST., 110 WEST.—Large and small rooms, adjoining bath; private house; moderate rates; telephone.

80TH, 136 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable for doctor's office; private residence; convenience; "L," Subway.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Attractive newly furnished room; hot and cold running water; private residence.

81ST ST., 169 WEST, (Ingleside.)—Newly decorated rooms; beautifully furnished; different from others; $3 and up; large room, $5; kitchenette. Phone Fuller.

81ST ST., 135 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure, adjoining bath; private house; convenience; "L," Subway.

81ST ST., 133 WEST.—Floor through, adjoining bath; suite or single; gentlemen; phone; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; single or en suite; references; gentlemen; permanent.

82D ST., 114 WEST.—Doctor's office; large, nicely furnished; use of reception room; private house; very select; modern conveniences; good service; references.

115 WEST 82D ST.
PARLOR FLOOR; DOCTOR, DENTIST.

Other rooms, newly furnished and decorated; telephone

82D ST., 8 WEST.—Select bachelor apartment, single or ensuite; exquisitely kept; private home; table optional; near Central Park.

82D, 110 WEST.—Beautiful parlor floor; also large and small rooms; private bath; select; good service; telephone; meals optional.

82D ST., 43 WEST.—Rooms, connecting baths, for permanent guests seeking homelike surroundings; references; 'phone.

82D, 146 WEST.—Large single, clean, desirable room; running water; private family; Schuyler 8706. Haskins.

82D ST., 56 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; electric light; all conveniences.

82D, 120 WEST.—Desirable, large, medium rooms, dressing room, for one or two; references.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—In clean, quiet house, large second-floor room; also small room.

82D, 128 WEST.—Airy room, bath; steam heat, parquet floors, electric light, hot water.

83D ST., 106 WEST.—Pleasant, homelike room; conveniences; breakfast optional; gentleman; private family; $3. Hoffmann.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive front room, single room; running water, bath; moderate. Anderson.

85TH, 112 WEST.—Couple occupying handsome residence will rent one large room; bath; gentlemen.

86TH ST., (537 West End Av.)—Newly appointed; private bath; single or en suite.

92D ST., 77 WEST.—Front room with alcove suitable for two gentlemen, also single bedroom; piano, telephone; breakfast optional; all conveniences. Lorenz.

93D ST., 309 WEST, (Apartment 12.)—Cozy inside room; telephone; elevator; electricity; homelike; references.

93D, 27 WEST.—Attractively furnished, large light room; running water; closet; telephone; convenient L.

93D ST., 46 WEST.—Attractive parlor suite; bath; all conveniences; telephone; "L." Sutton.

93D, 10 WEST.—Ideal rooms, newly decorated; single or en suite; near L. Brien.

94TH ST., 76 WEST.—Comfortable outside rooms; homelike; wardrobes, tiled bath; modern apartment; suitable one, two; convenient "L." Subway. 1259 Riverside. Harris.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private family; large, handsomely furnished front room, bath; convenient Subway express.

97TH, 256 WEST.—Private Jewish family; room suitable two; elevator apartment. Grossman.

143 WEST 97TH ST.

Good rooms; all comforts of home; golf.

98TH ST., 248 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; running water; exceptionally fine bed; plenty closets. Apartment 8B.

101ST ST., 16 WEST.—Comfortable room; modern conveniences; near elevated; private family; $4; references. Sanders.

102D, 303 WEST, (West End Av.)—Large, comfortable rooms; gentlemen or married couples; references.

104TH ST., 247 WEST.—Unusually large living room; southern exposure; 2, 4 sleeping rooms. Marter.

107TH ST., 260 WEST.—Beautiful, large rooms; running water, bath, phone; near Subway, elevated; private house; first-class table board if desired.

230 WEST 107TH ST., GUERNEE.
HIGH-CLASS BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

108TH ST., 204 WEST.—Large, sunny room; private family; elevator apartment; every convenience. Apartment 64.

112TH ST., 523 WEST.—A married couple having beautifully appointed home of seven rooms will rent two large front rooms with lavatory, adjoining bath, exclusive elevator apartment, with board for two, $30 per week. Apartment 52.

112TH ST., 505 WEST.—Parlor suite; desirable location; private entrance; bath, telephone; very reasonable. Wilford.

113TH ST., 523 WEST.—Exceptionally nice furnished rooms, large, small; private house; baths, electricity; reasonable.

118TH ST., 541 W., (Apartment 5.)—Attractive rooms, private family; private entrance; gentlemen; sunny.

118TH ST., 503 WEST.—Clean outside room, elevator; private family; references; $4.00. Apartment 63.

118TH, 604 WEST, (Seventh Floor, East.)—Newly decorated, outside, sunny suite, single; private; Americans.

118TH ST., 130 WEST.—Comfortable room, bath, near Subway; steam heated; private family. Donner.

419 WEST 118TH ST.
ATTRACTIVE ROOMS. APARTMENT 33.

418 WEST 118TH ST.

Nice front rooms; elevator; moderate. Apt. 64.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

121ST, 170 WEST.—Cool corner; four windows; all conveniences; telephone; $2-$4. Hungerford.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Broadway.)—Attractive, cool rooms; elevator; home atmosphere; kitchen; corner apartment, (2l.)

122D, 511 WEST.—Modern front rooms; steam, electricity, telephone, elevator; reasonable; board optional. Miller.

122D ST., 416 WEST.—Elegant room overlooking Park; reasonable; private family. Apartment 31.

123D ST., 547 WEST, (Broadway.)—Double, single rooms; $3 up; dining room; elevator. Rose.

130TH ST., 250 WEST.—Large parlor, medium-sized room, also hall room, with board; references.

140TH ST., 600 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; running water; Hudson view; Subway. Apartment 62.

BEAUTIFUL SOUTHERN OUTLOOK.

Exceptionally desirable and scrupulously clean room, for discriminating gentlemen. Garnan, 2,043 Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 420, (near 103d St.)—Nicely furnished parlor or bedroom; all conveniences; reasonable; lady or married couple. 'Phone 3794 Riverside.

CONVENT AV., 425, (148th.) Washington Heights.—Large, small room, private residence; gentlemen; owner.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE, fully equipped, together with two living rooms and bath; furnished or unfurnished; private house, near Broadway. 227 West 71st St.

LELAND'S BOARD AND ROOM DIRECTORY, 4 West 38d St., (25th year,) offers superior accommodations in exclusive house; moderate rates; information free.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736, (151st St.)—Beautiful large front room, exquisitely kept, elegantly furnished; strictly private family; telephone, steam, electricity. Apartment Al.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 600, (corner 137th.)—Ideal accommodations; overlooking Hudson? two-room suite; private bath; single rooms; running water; hotel service. Pierson.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 103.—Elegantly furnished room, with bath; $9 per week.

Furnished Rooms
Wanted

WANTED—By young man, clean, small room, use of bath; between 35th and 45th, west of 6th Av.; state particulars. Address R 68 Times.

Unfurnished Rooms

72D, 253 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light rooms, with private bath; excellent board near by.

253 West 72d.—Second floor; large, light rooms; spacious closets; rent $1,200 per year.

44TH ST., 25 EAST.—Two large rooms, bath, kitchenette, in private house.

Unfurnished Rooms
Wanted

Gentleman and wife want two rooms, private bath, apartment or private house; very moderate; exceptional references; permanent. W. E. E., 211 Columbus Av.

Apartments to Let
Unfurnished

West Side.

The Earl's Court and The Norfolk, 306-308 West 94th St., near Riverside and Subway Express Station.—Six and eight extra sized, light rooms, 2 baths, and 2 toilets; modern elevator apartments; day and night hall service; every modern comfort; elegant location; moderate rates.

AN OPPORTUNITY.
9 rooms, 3 baths; $2,300.
THE CORONET,
57 West 58th St. Apply on premises, or Harris & Vaughan, Agents, 569 5th Av. Telephone 31 Bryant.

On Washington Heights, best residential street, a select apartment for select people; exclusive, rare; particularly desirable; ideally arranged; must be seen; airy, light, healthful. 503 West 149th St.

44 West 93d St.—Scrupulously clean, well-managed single apartment house; beautiful 8-room suite, with private hall; tiled bathroom; perfect light;

DIX OPENS A FAIR FOR CITY FARMERS

The Real Thing in a County Show, with a Midway, on the Dongan Hills of Richmond.

PRIZE PIGS AND CHICKENS

Gov. Wilson and Col. Roosevelt Asked to Attend—Racing, Athletics, and Side Shows Galore.

Cries of hawkers with programmes, peanuts, old-fashioned "pink" lemonade, and "hot, buttered popcorn" announced to the good people of Dongan Hills early yesterday morning that the eighth annual "County Fair" of Staten Island had officially begun. From the Midway on the fair grounds came the shouts of itinerant showmen ballyhooing in raucous chorus. Barkers described to the awe-stricken visitors the wonders of the three-legged calf, the hairless horse, and similar phenomena, while from large canvas exhibition tents came the cackling of white Cochins, Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, blue Andalusians, and other species of high-bred poultry. Other tents and exhibition sheds sheltered blooded cattle and bleating calves. From the grand stand on the edge of the trotting track scores of flags and pennants fluttered in the breeze. New York's one and only fair was in full swing.

It remained for Gov. John A. Dix to pronounce the fair officially opened, and this was done shortly before noon. The Governor came from Albany Tuesday night for the purpose of greeting the farmers of the second largest metropolis in the world, accompanied by his Secretary, Eckford C. DeKay.

Early yesterday morning the Governor and his secretary witnessed the boarding service of incoming steamships which had come up the bay during the night and made a tour of inspection of the station and hospital at Quarantine. At 10 o'clock a committee composed of President Minnahan, John Milnes, Edward F. Doyle, and William Reid, representing the officials of the fair, waited upon the Governor in automobiles and whirled him away to the grounds at Dongan Hills.

The Governor was introduced to an audience of 15,000 persons by President Minnahan, and he opened his speech by congratulating the committee in charge and the members of the Richmond County Agricultural Association upon the quality of the exhibits.

"Nowadays," said the Governor, "we are wont to hear a great deal about the high cost of living, and as a result a movement has gained headway to encourage young men to leave the city for the farm. You have done better than that. You have brought the farm to the city." He said the skeptics who were inclined to scoff at the activities of so-called "city farmers" should visit the fair.

"I have been agreeably surprised," said he, "by your agricultural exhibit. From the excellence of the vegetables, fruits, and flowers which I have seen to-day I would say that the judges in this department would have no easy task in awarding prizes." The Governor also praised the cattle, poultry, horse and dog shows on the fair grounds.

"Your fair is a refutation of the genial slander upon big cities pronounced by 'Joe Gargery' in Dickens's novel, 'Great Expectations,'" said he. "When Joe visited London for the first time he was not enthusiastic. He declared that he would not raise a pig within a good radius of the city 'pervidin' I wanted him to fatten prime and eat meller." The hogs that I have seen to-day are all 'fattened prime,' and I trust that in the natural destiny of things they will be found to 'eat meller.'"

The Governor remained on the grounds until shortly after 2 o'clock, when he left to catch a train for Middletown, N. Y.

Yesterday was children's day at the fair, and 15,000 school children who had passes were there in the afternoon.

An exhibit which attracted special mention was in the women's department, which is under the direction of Mrs. S. D. Stephens, assisted by a committee representing every section of the island. Fancy work, delicate embroideries, patchwork, pies, cakes, and preserves, amateur photographs and paintings were entered in competitions. There was also a contest for the best trimmed hat and the best dressed doll.

Picked men from the Mounted Traffic Squad of the New York Police Department to the number of 250 will attend the fair and give an exhibition of drills and manoeuvres to-day. Friday will be Club Day, and the grounds will be turned over to the prominent women's clubs in the city. Organizations for woman suffrage will hold a convention in the grounds and listen to addresses by the leaders in the movement. Saturday has been named New Jersey Day in honor of Gov. Woodrow Wilson, who has promised to attend and deliver an address. On Monday, Labor Day, the fair will close. For this day exceptional trotting races, athletic events, and open-air vaudeville have been arranged. Col. Roosevelt has been invited to visit the fair on the last day and speak to the thousands of visitors who are expected to attend.

The Du Pont Powder Company will give demonstrations daily of "ditching by dynamite," the latest and most economical way of irrigating and excavating. This company has charge of the trap-shooting contests which will be held every afternoon.

The managers of the various departments of the fair are as follows: Educational, Dr. W. L. Ettinger; Agriculture, Fred Kelber; Women's Department, Mrs. S. D. Stephens; Horticulture, Chris Boehe; Racing, W. J. O'Connell; Floriculture, August Spies; Poultry, J. M. Vanderbilt; Photographic, Miss Gertrude Leng; Horse Show, P. A Hart; Dog Show, Edward Sidney Rawson; Official Veterinary, Dr. P. H. Nichols. The Directors are John E. Minnahan, President; John Milnes, Vice President; Edward Doyle, Secretary; William Reid, Treasurer; James A. Wisely, W. L. Flake, William Wheeler, George W. Batz, Samuel Eckstein, William J. Crosson, Louis J. Altman, and Henry Brendgan.

COOPER HELD IN $10,000 BAIL.

Ex-President of Realty Company Arraigned with Treasurer.

William H. Cooper, ex-President of the New York Central Realty Company, and Ernest Sharp, an officer of the realty company, who were indicted by the Federal Grand Jury on the charge of being concerned in a conspiracy to use the mails to defraud, surrendered themselves yesterday to Post Office Inspector Hugh McQuillan.

When arraigned before Judge Hough, Cooper and Sharp entered tentative pleas of not guilty, which will stand until Sept. 7. They were then released on bail. Cooper's bond was fixed at $10,000, and Sharp furnished surety to the amount of $5,000.

Claude J. Van Slyke, President, and James A. Robinson, Treasurer, who were put under bail last week on the same charge, were also arraigned before Judge Hough and entered pleas of not guilty. They were continued on bonds given by surety companies.

The indictments charge that the mails were used in connection with the sale of 6 per cent. gold bonds of the New York Central Realty Company, and that the frauds aggregated $500,000. When the corporation was put into bankruptcy A. Gordon Murray, the receiver, discovered that its assets totaled about $35,000, and that the capital of the realty company consisted of mortgages, some of which were for Hackensack meadow land. After purchasing tax titles on meadow property for $1,500 the company made a mortgage for $350,000.

COLLIDES AND SINKS IN FOG.

Fishing Boat Goes Down When Struck by Schooner—Crew Escapes.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 28.—The sinking of the fishing schooner Shenandoah of Gloucester, after collision with the six-masted schooner Addie M. Lawrence, became known when Capt. Gannon and the crew of sixteen men of the Shenandoah arrived here to-day on the Lawrence. The collision occurred early yesterday in a dense fog about five miles east northeast of the Great Round Shoal lighted buoy near Nantucket.

The Lawrence, which was bound from Portland for a coal port, struck the fisherman amidships on the starboard side. The crew barely had time to leave the Shenandoah in their seine boat and reach the Lawrence before their vessel sank.

The Lawrence lost her jibboom and headsails.

MAKES AEROPLANES STABLE.

Great Things Claimed for the Invention of a Belgian Engineer.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 28.—A mechanical appliance which will render aeroplanes so stable that they cannot upset, turn turtle, or plunge to the ground while flying has, it is said, been invented by a Belgian engineer.

It consists of rotary wings which, when put in motion, permit the flying machine to rise directly from the ground, turn in all directions, and plane with perfect security at any height in the air.

Both progression and ascension, the inventor asserts, can be effected by the apparatus without any backward or forward motion of the wings. He promises fuller details in the near future.

ENGLISH AIRMAN'S FEAT.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—H. J. D. Astley, the well-known British aviator, flew from Hendon, near London, to Hardelot, near Boulogne, in three hours and five minutes to-day.

He carried as a passenger in his biplane, Miss Mary Davis.

SAYS ANVIL QUEEN BEAT HIM

Mrs. Andrew's Farm Head Sues for $5,000—He Has a Boil, She Avers.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 28.—Suit to recover $5,000 damages was instituted in the New Jersey Supreme Court here to-day by William L. Wyckoff, a farmer, of Ewing Township, against Mrs. Silvan Alfredo Andrew, the widow of Clark Fisher and now wife of a naval officer in the Argentine Republic. The man also appeared before a Justice of the Peace and made complaint against her alleging atrocious assault and battery.

Wyckoff, who works Mrs. Andrew's farm on shares, charges that she attacked him with a cane during an argument over the conduct of the place, and injured his hand severely. Mrs. Andrew denies this, saying that he is suffering from a boil.

Mrs. Andrew is the woman of whom Dr. Wu Ting Fang once said: "Surely this is the most remarkable woman in America."

This comment was made after he had asked why she was the only woman at a Waldorf dinner attended by 500 men. Some one explained that it was the dinner of the National Manufacturers' Association, and that she was its only woman member. She is the only representative of her sex in the Trenton Chamber of Commerce. They have called her "the Iron Woman." Mrs. Andrew, when her first husband, Clark Fisher, was taken ill, took on her own inexperienced shoulders the burden of managing the huge anvil works that had been in the Fisher family for many years. She became expert in every step of the industry, and after his death ruled the business with her own hand. Two years ago, in quest of a complete rest, she made an automobile tour of the world. Mrs. Andrew has always been a successful hostess both in America and in her villa on Lake Como.

ARCHBISHOP NUTTALL HERE.

Head of Episcopal Church in West Indies to Take a Cure.

The Most Rev. Enos Nuttall D. D., Archbishop of the West Indies, and Bishop of Jamaica, arrived yesterday on the Royal Mail Steam Packet Thames to take a cure at the Clifton Springs, N. Y. He was attired in the garb usually worn by the dignitaries of the English Episcopal Church, including knee breeches, long black gaiters and a broad brim hat which attracted the attention of the people on the pier.

The Archbishop said that he hoped to return to Kingston in time to celebrate his 50th anniversary in his diocese in the West Indies. Jamaica was suffering from drought, he said, and the inhabitants had not quite decided whether the opening of the Panama Canal would improve the commerce of the port of Kingston, or deflect it to other points.

SUES HUSBAND FOR $3,950.

Mrs. Ditchett Follows Suit for Daughters with Money Claim.

Following on a writ of habeas corpus for the custody of her two daughters, Mrs. Anna A. Ditchett, wife of Samuel H. Ditchett of 233 West Thirty-ninth Street, began an action yesterday in the Supreme Court to recover $3,950, which she says is due her by an agreement entered upon in 1910. Mrs. Ditchett says that her husband and she agreed to separate in November of that year and that she was to receive $50 a week during her lifetime and the entire custody of her two daughters, age 14 and 17 years, until their majority.

She alleges that her payments suddenly ceased in March, 1911, and that her husband, at the same time, took charge of the two girls. The writ will be returned next week.

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